



CS231n: Deep Learning for Computer Vision

Lecture 1: Introduction

Welcome to CS231n



Welcome to CS231n

Course Instructors



Fei-Fei Li Andrej Karpathy

Teaching Assistants



Johnson Yuke Zhu Brett Kuprel Ben Poole

2015

Course Instructors



Fei-Fei Li Andrej Karpathy



Justin Johnson

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Kyle Genova

2016

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Fei-Fei Li



Justin Johnson



Serena Young

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Manik Dhar Jim (Linx) Fan Alexander (Kayi) Fu Pedro Pablo Gonzalez Michelle Guo Jingwei Huang



Nishith Khandwala Carolyn Kim Winnie Lin Bingbin Liu Xinyu Liu Ajay Mandekar



Amari Peddada Mike Roberts Praty Sharma Fei Xia Danfei Xu Ben Zhang

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Fei-Fei Li



Justin Johnson



Serena Young

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Agrim Gupta De-An Huang Russell Kaplan Leo Keselman Nishith Khandwala



Xingyu Liu Shayne Longpre Zelun (Alan) Luo Lane McIntosh Olivier Mondrot



Amari Peddada Boqi (Crima) Peng Ben Poole Luda Zhao

2017

Instructors



Fei-Fei Li



Justin Johnson



Serena Young

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Winnie Lin (Head TA) Saahil Agrawal Malavika Bindi Haoye Cai Kaidi Cao Apoorva Dornadula



Jim (Linx) Fan Pedro Pablo Gonzalez Ayush Gupta Andrew Han Tian-Ning Hsu Lars Jobe



Nishith Khandwala Simon Le Cleach Bingbin Liu David Morales Zaid Nabussi Boxiao Pan



Ashwini Pote Praty Sharma William Shen Owen Wang Danfei Xu

2019

Instructors



Fei-Fei Li



Ranjay Krishna



Danfei Xu



Anelle Byun

Teaching Assistants



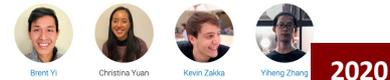
William Shen (Head TA) Jonathan Brasz Daniel Cai JunYoung Gwak De-An Huang



Andrew Kondrich Fang-Yu Lin Damian Mrowca Boxiao Pan Nishant Rai



Lyne P. Tchapira Chris Waltes Rui Wang Yi Wen Karen Yang



Brent Yi Christina Yuan Kevin Zakka Yifeng Zhang

2020

Instructors



Fei-Fei Li



Ranjay Krishna



Danfei Xu

Teaching Assistants



Kevin Zakka (Head TA) Haofeng Chen Rachel Gardner Samuel Kwong Yichen Li



Sean Lu Mandy Lu Nishant Rai Geet Sethi Lin Shao

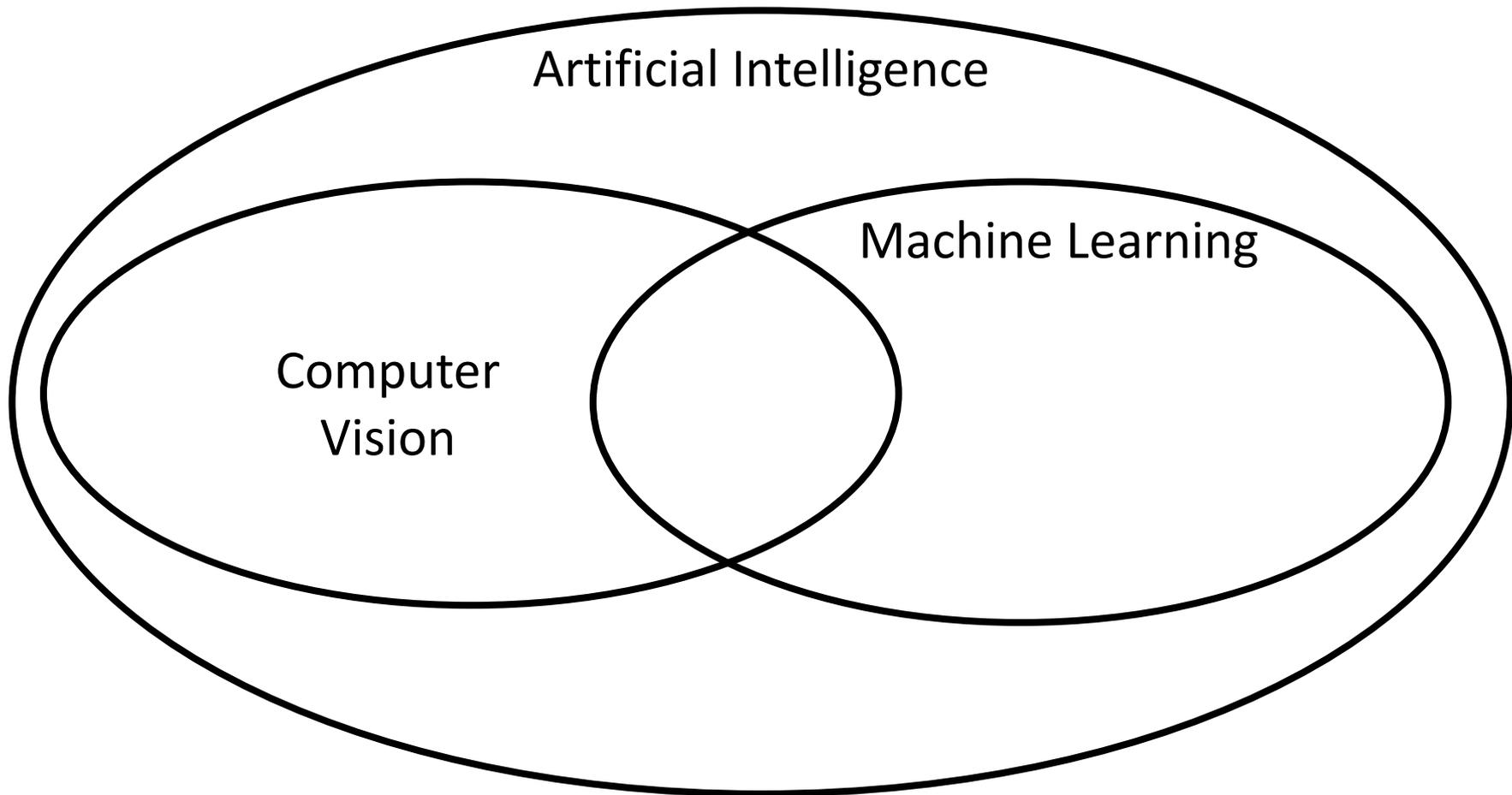


Guanzhi Wang Chris Waltes Jiequan Zhang Russel Xie

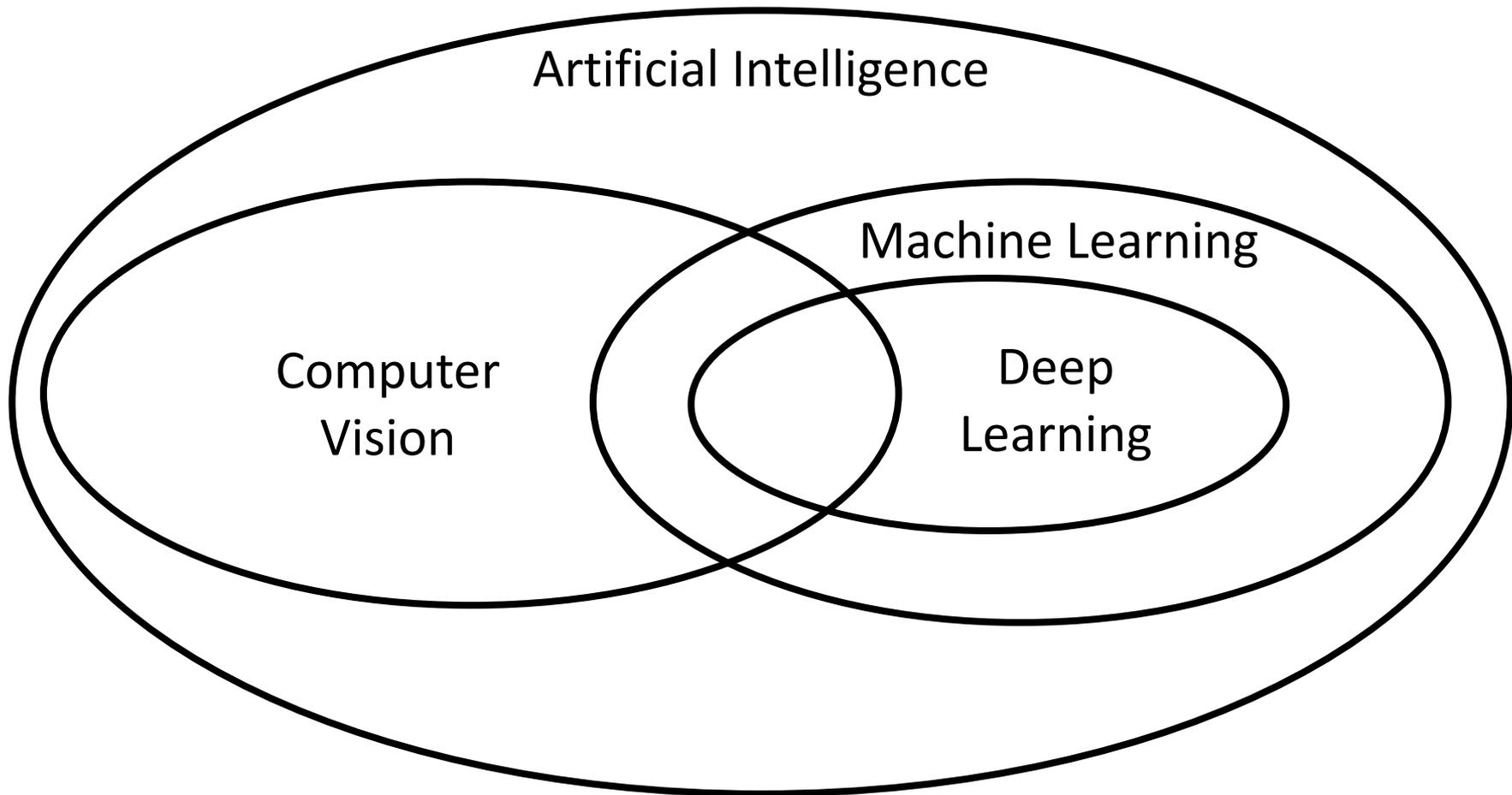
2021

Artificial Intelligence

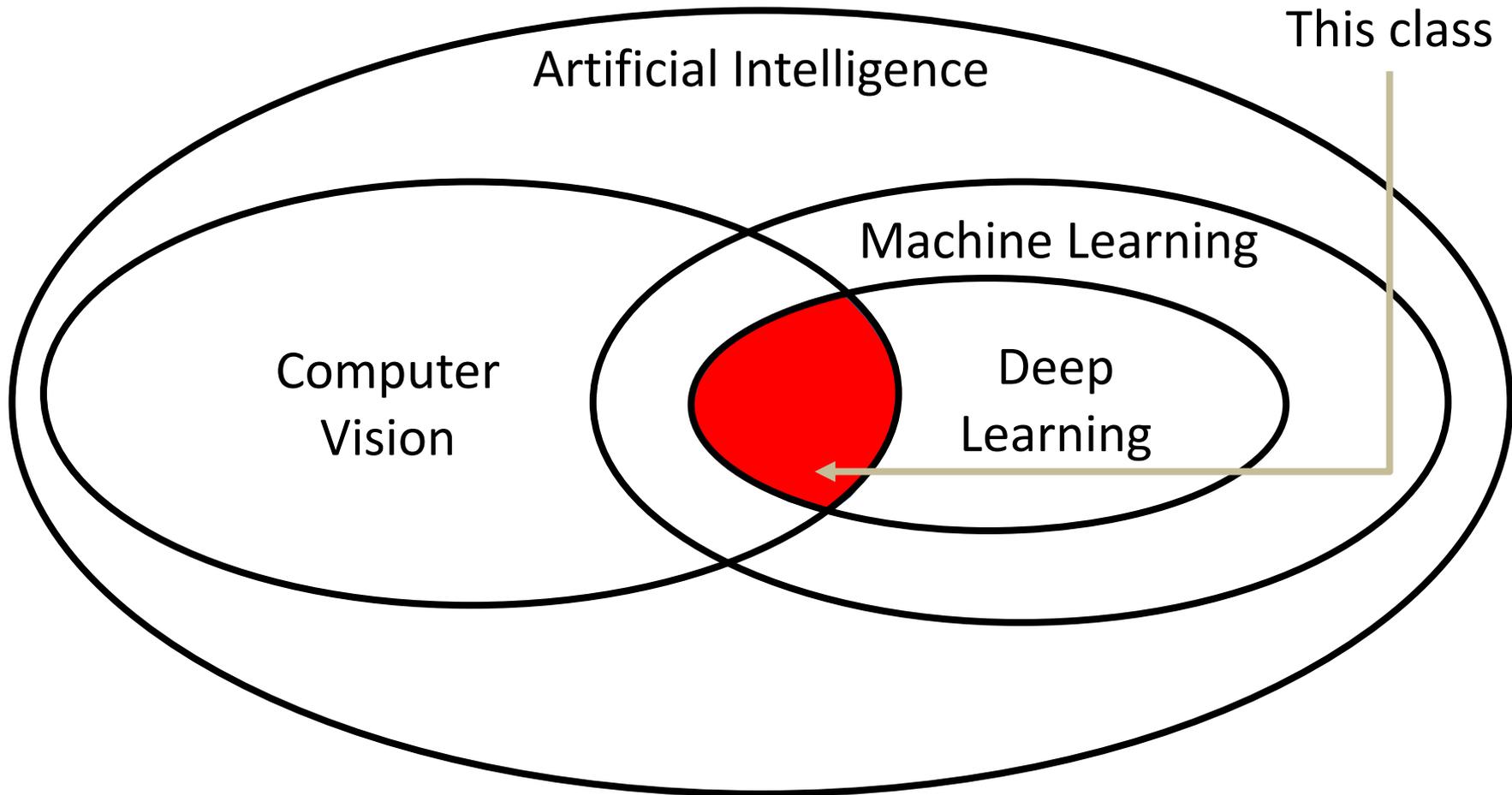
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



This class

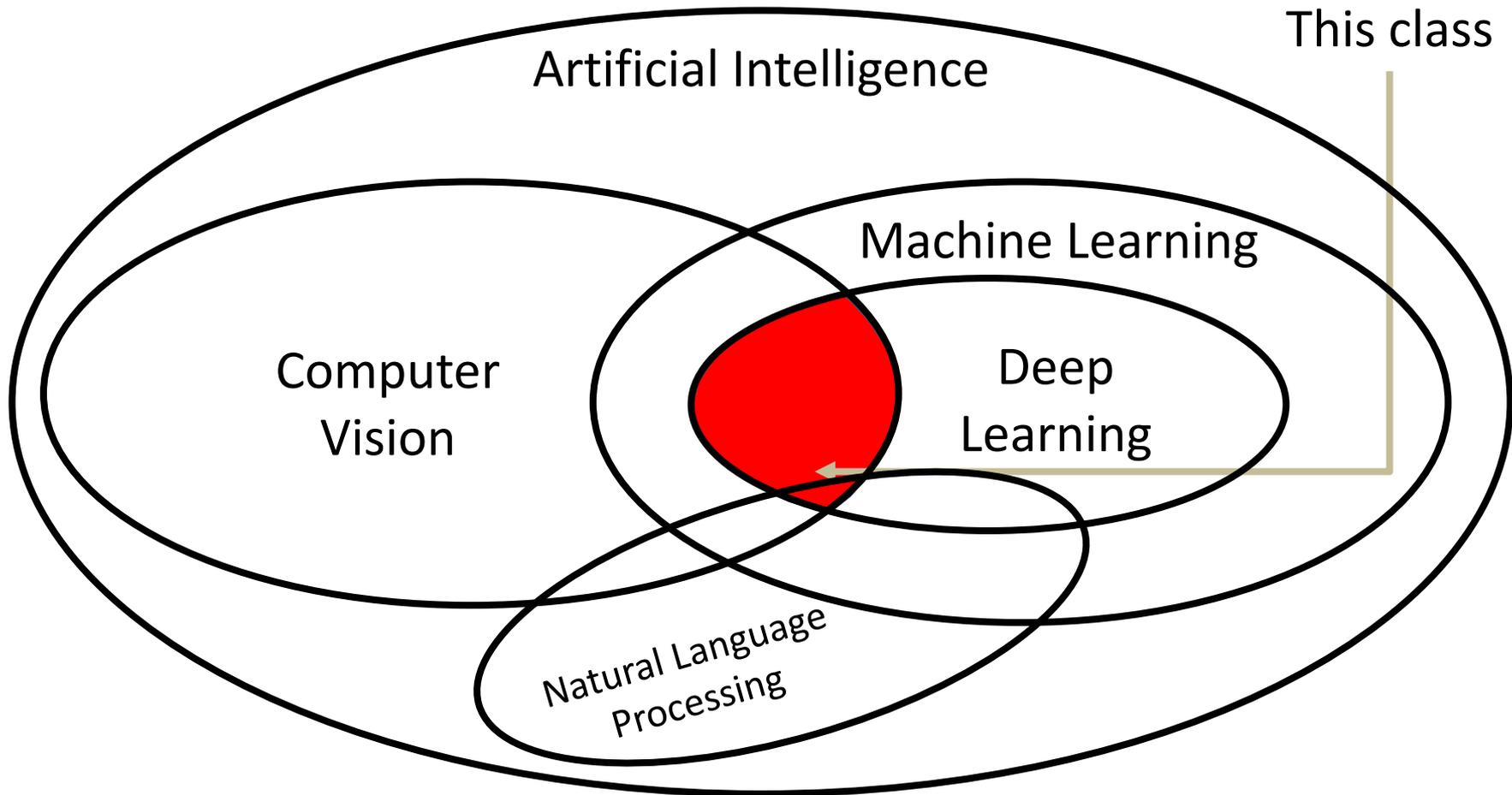
Artificial Intelligence

Machine Learning

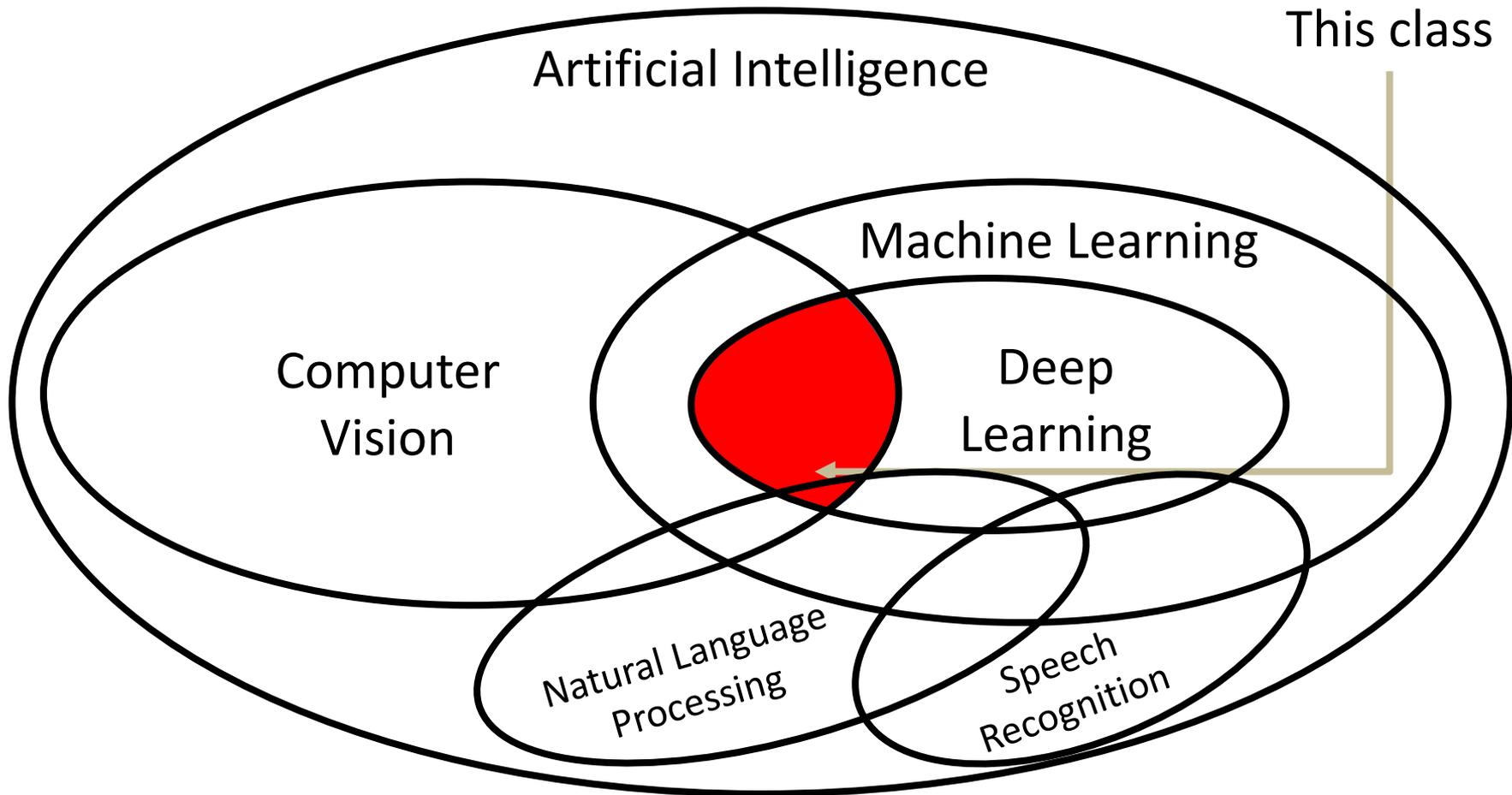
Computer
Vision

Deep
Learning

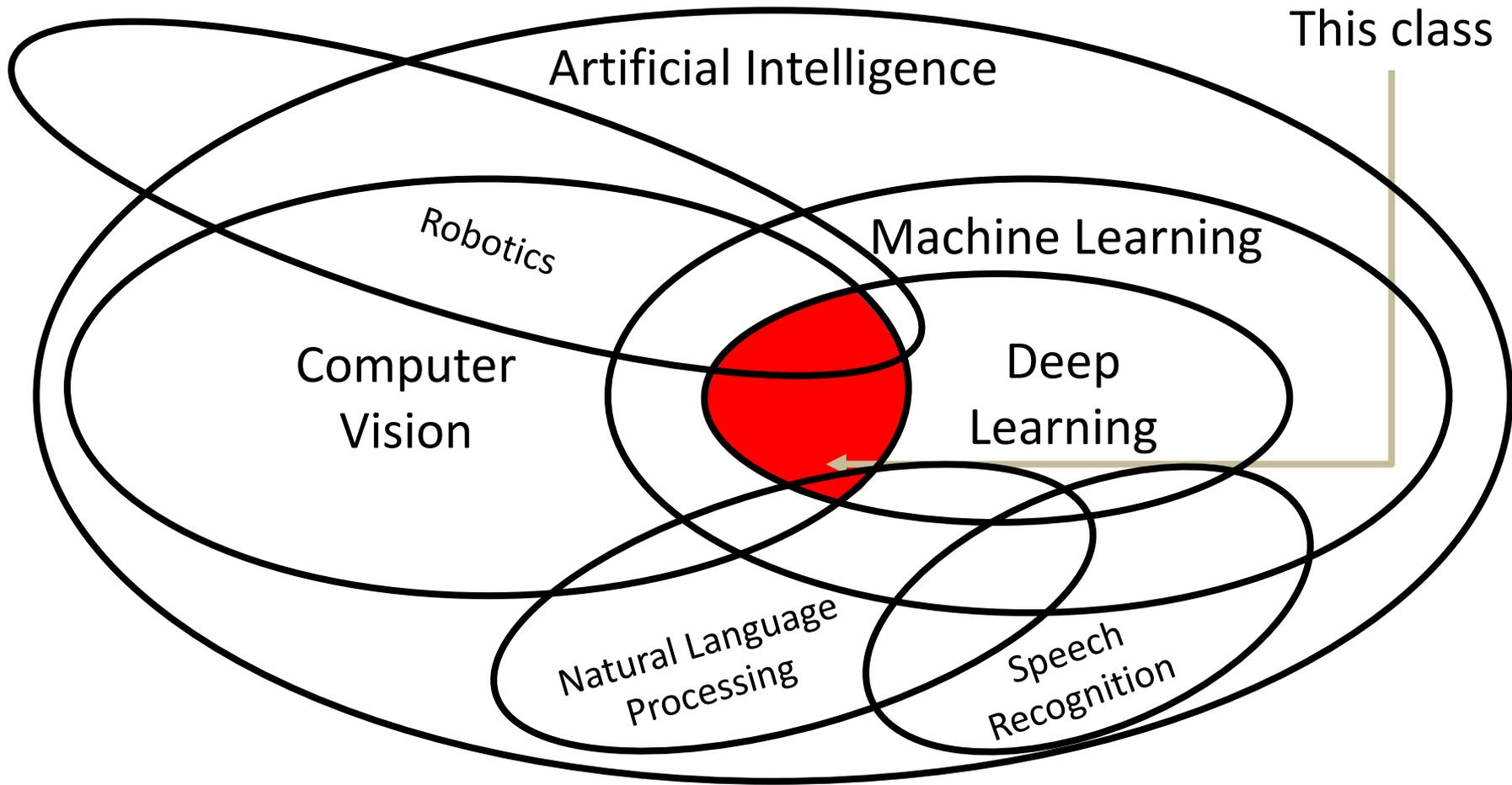
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



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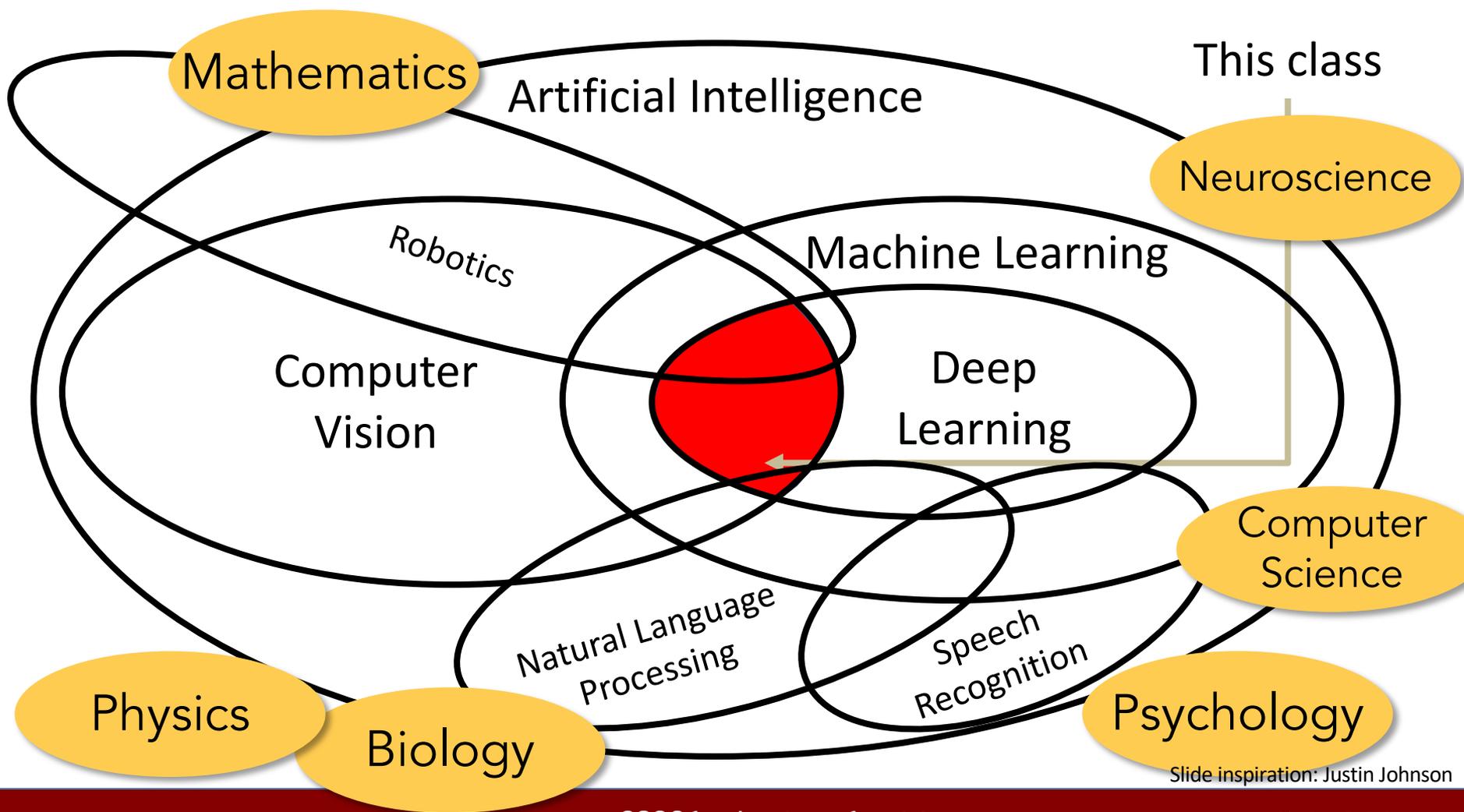


Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



This class

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Today's agenda

- A brief history of computer vision and deep learning
- CS231n overview

Evolution's Big Bang: Cambrian Explosion, 530-540million years, B.C.



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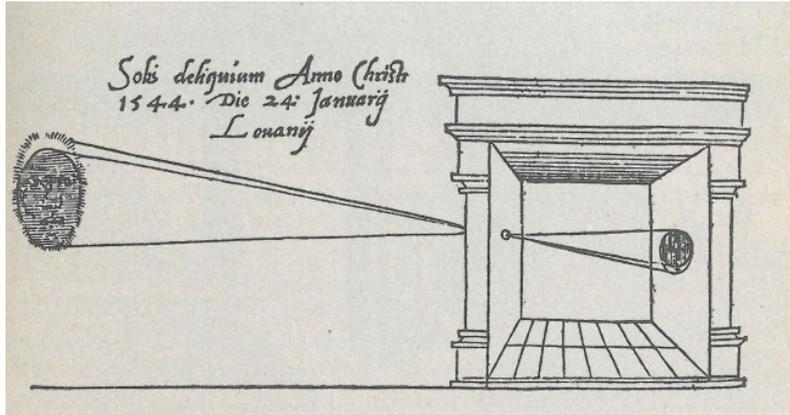


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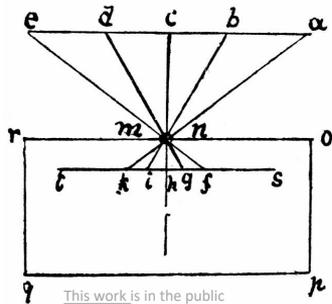


Camera Obscura

Gemma Frisius, 1545



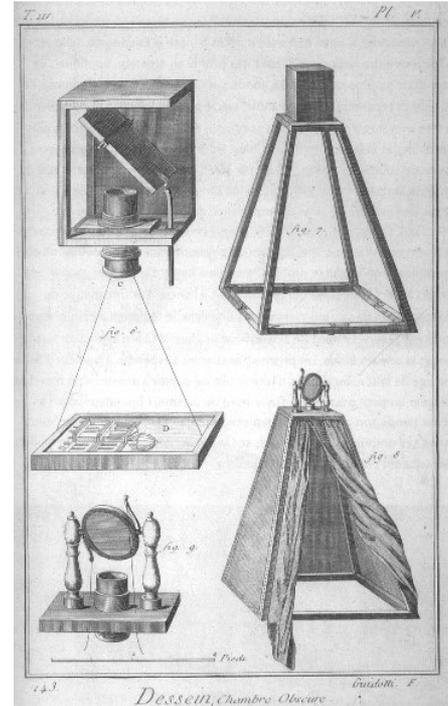
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Leonardo da Vinci,
16th Century AD

Encyclopedia, 18th Century



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Computer Vision is everywhere!



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Where did we come from?

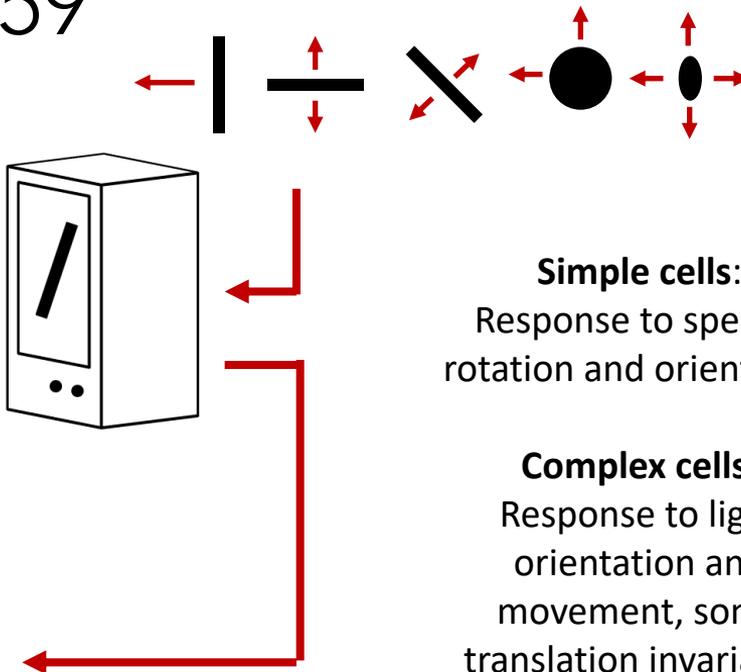
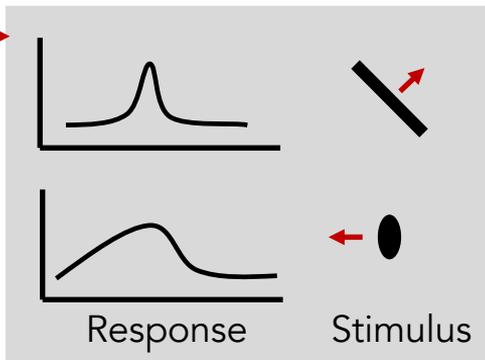
Hubel and Wiesel, 1959

Measure
brain activity



Cat image by CNX OpenStax is licensed under CC BY 4.0; changes made

1959
Hubel & Wiesel



Simple cells:

Response to specific rotation and orientation

Complex cells:

Response to light orientation and movement, some translation invariance



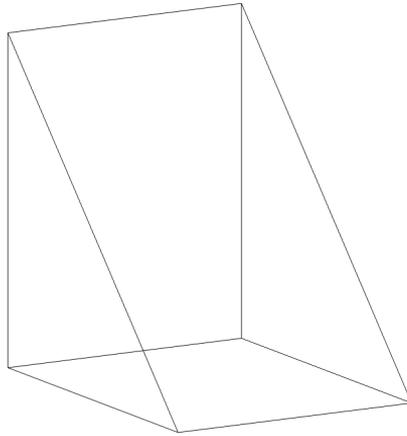
No
response

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

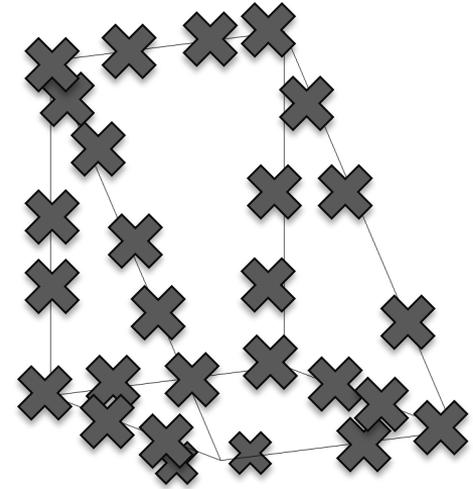
Larry Roberts, 1963



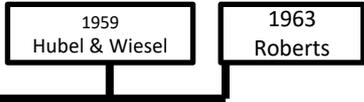
(a) Original picture



(b) Differentiated picture



(c) Feature points selected



MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Group
Vision Memo. No. 100.

July 7, 1966

THE SUMMER VISION PROJECT

Seymour Papert

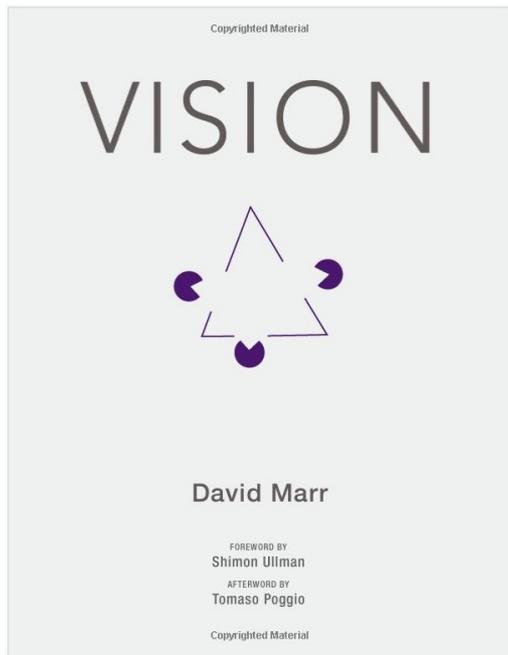
The summer vision project is an attempt to use our summer workers effectively in the construction of a significant part of a visual system. The particular task was chosen partly because it can be segmented into sub-problems which will allow individuals to work independently and yet participate in the construction of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

<https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/6125>

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

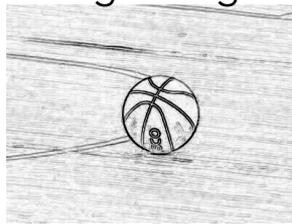


Input image

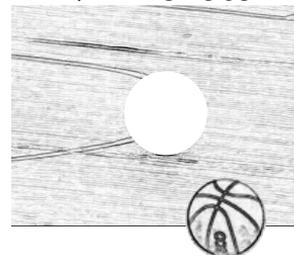


This image is [CC0 1.0](#) public domain

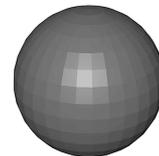
Edge image



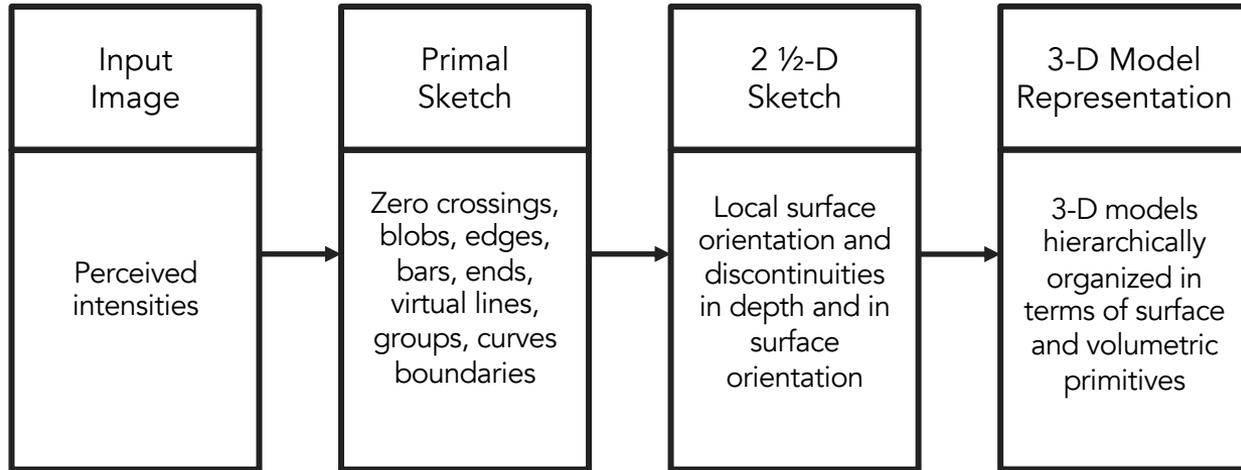
2 1/2-D sketch



3-D model

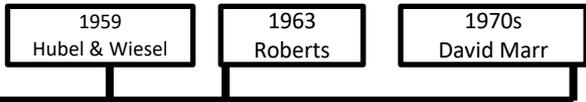


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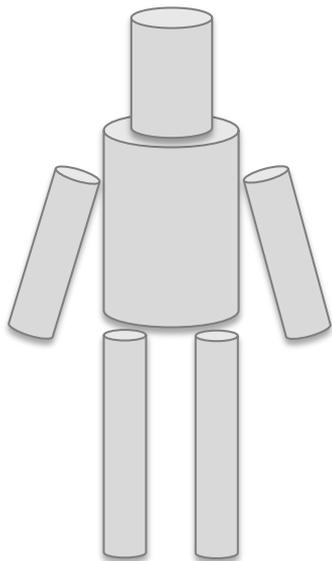


Stages of Visual Representation, David Marr, 1970s

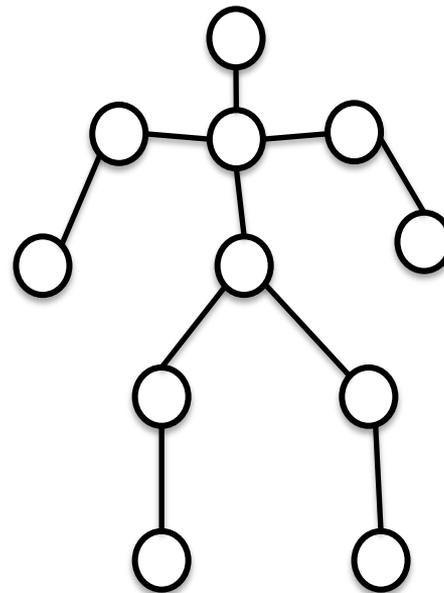
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Recognition via Parts (1970s)



Generalized Cylinders,
Brooks and Binford,
1979



Pictorial Structures,
Fischler and Elshlager, 1973



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Recognition via Edge Detection (1980s)



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

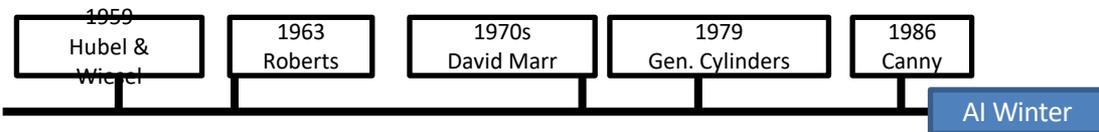
John Canny, 1986
David Lowe, 1987

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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Arriving at an “AI winter”

- Enthusiasm (and funding!) for AI research dwindled
- “Expert Systems” failed to deliver on their promises
- But subfields of AI continues to grow
 - Computer vision, NLP, robotics, compbio, etc.



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Middl Image is public domain

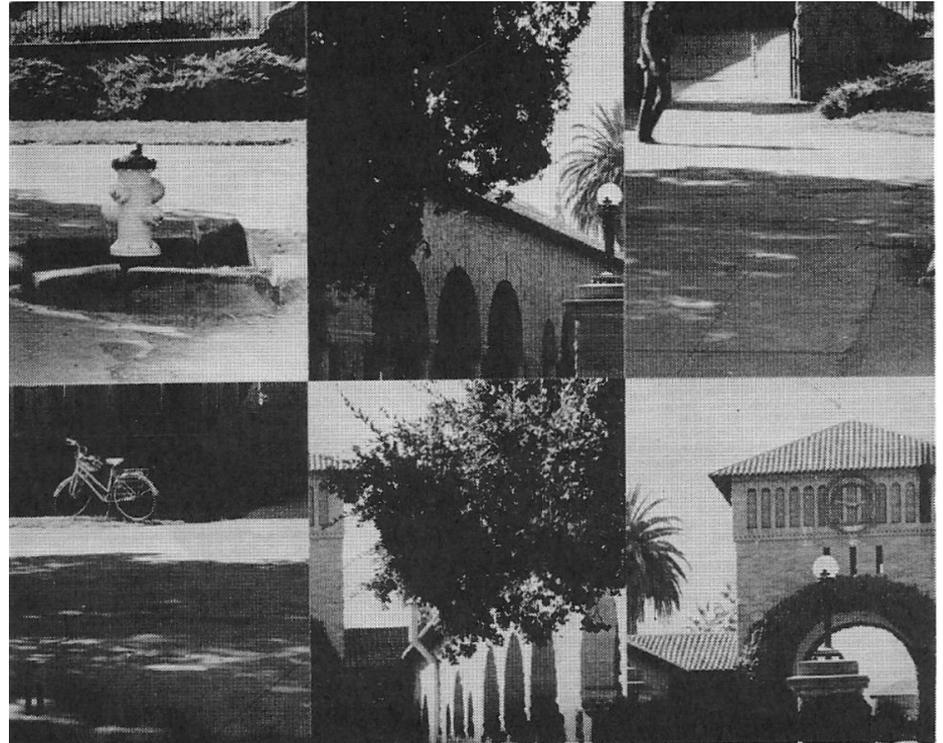
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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

In the meantime...seminal work in
cognitive and neuroscience

Perceiving Real-World Scenes

Irving Biederman



I. Biederman, *Science*, 1972

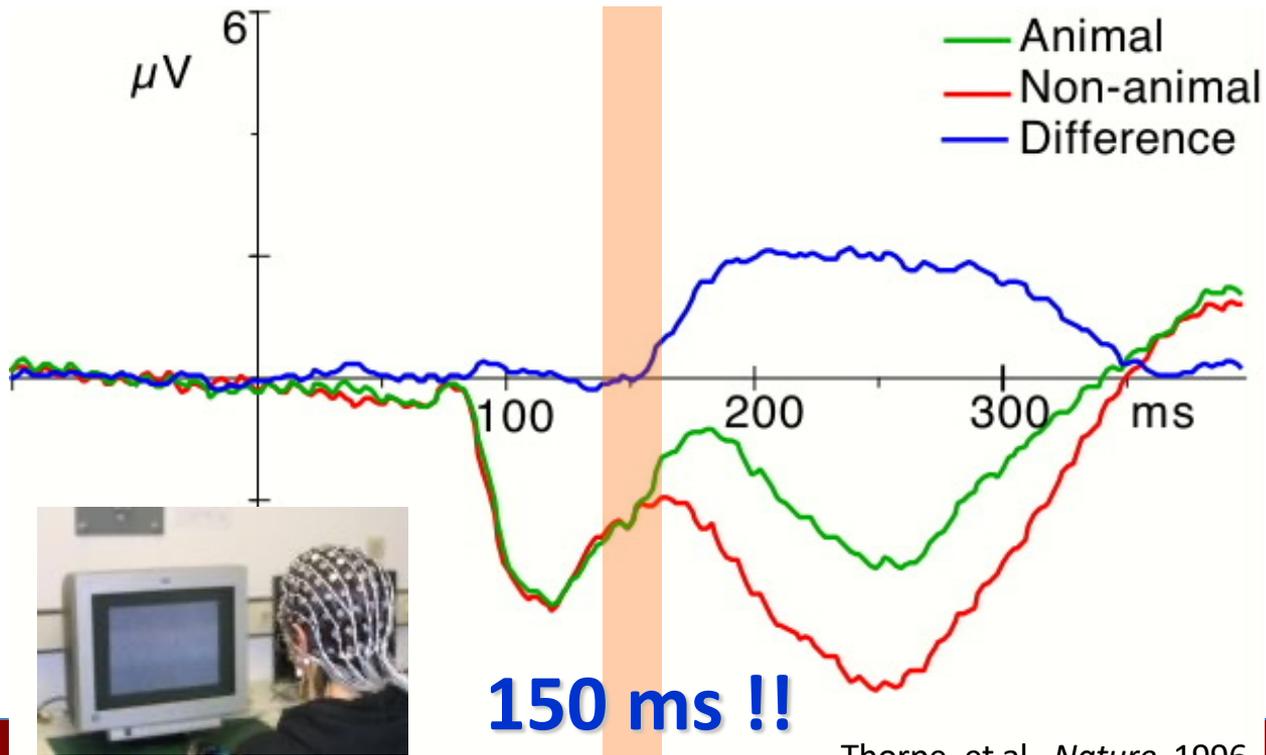
Rapid Serial Visual Perception (RSVP)



Potter, etc. 1970s

Speed of processing in the human visual system

Simon Thorpe, Denis Fize & Catherine Marlot

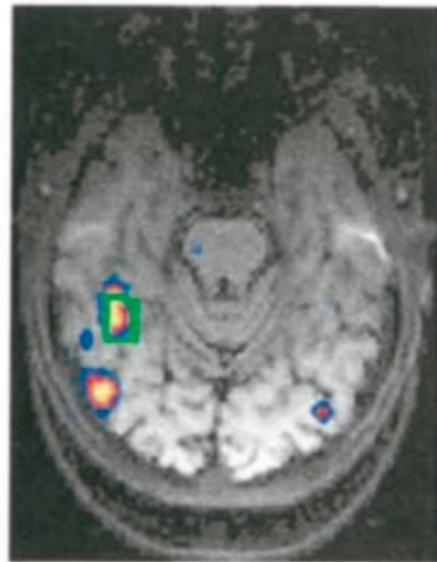


Thorpe, et al. *Nature*, 1996



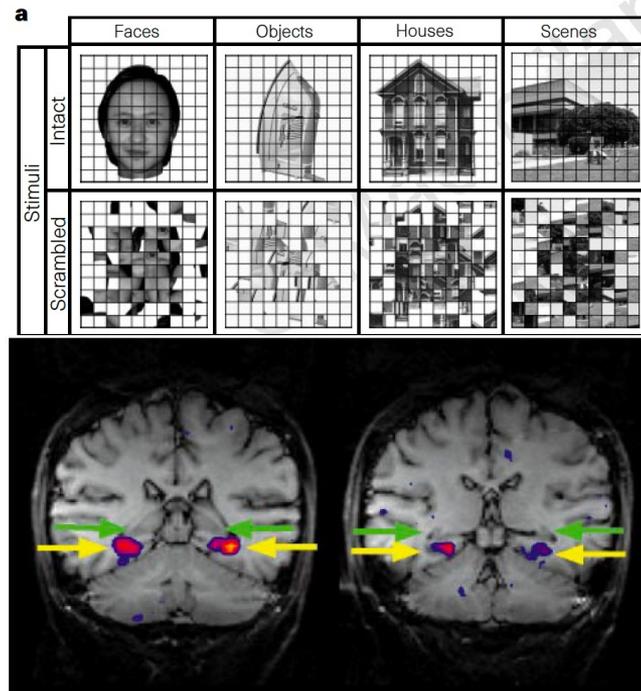
Neural correlates of object & scene recognition

Faces > Houses



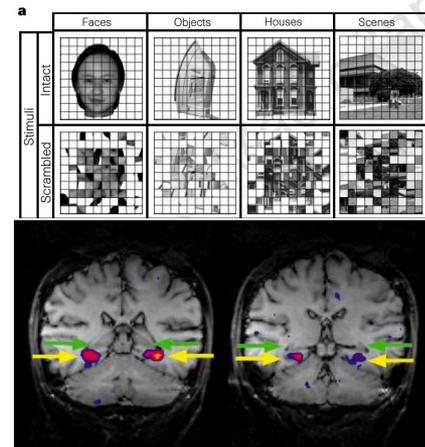
% signal change

Kanwisher et al. J. Neuro. 1997



Epstein & Kanwisher, Nature, 1998

Visual recognition is a fundamental task for visual intelligence



Recognition via Grouping (1990s)



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

1997
Norm. Cuts

AI Winter

Normalized Cuts, Shi and Malik, 1997

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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

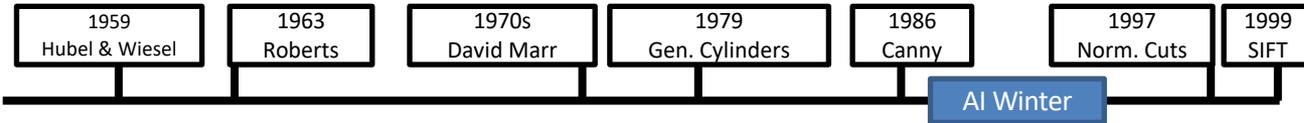
Recognition via Matching (2000s)



Image is public domain



Image is public domain



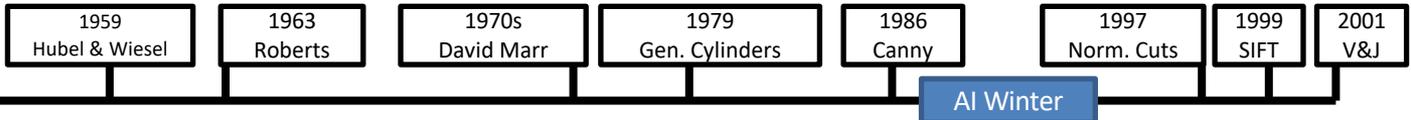
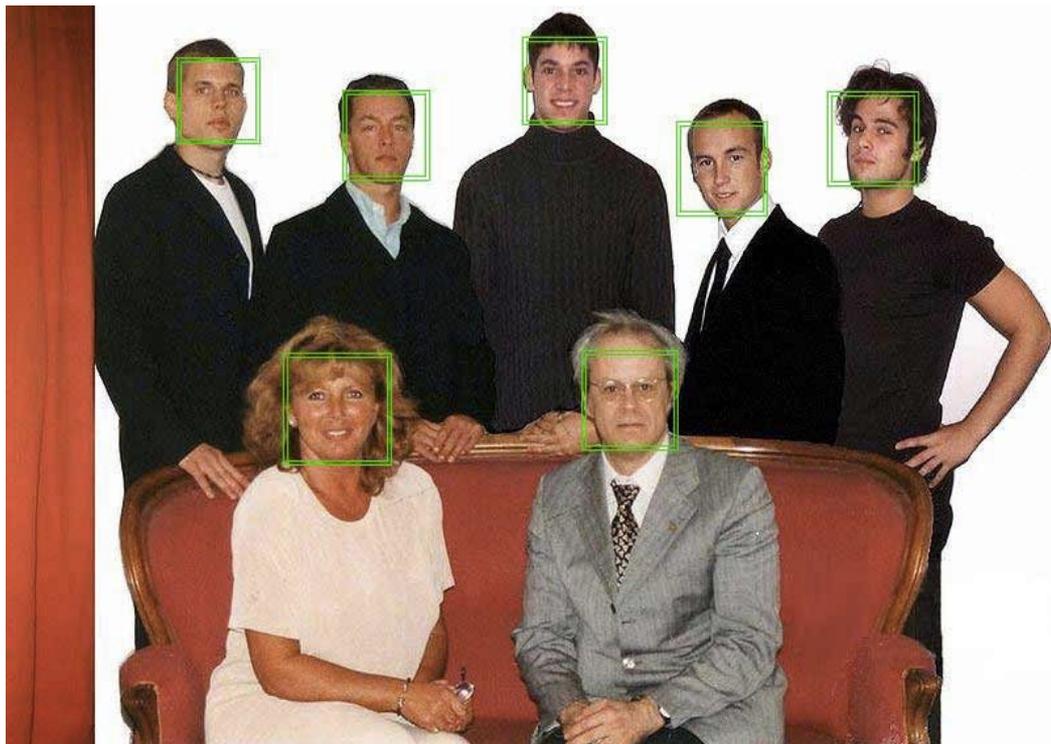
SIFT, David Lowe, 1999

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Face Detection

Viola and Jones, 2001

One of the first successful applications of machine learning to vision



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Caltech 101 images



PASCAL Visual Object Challenge

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Image is CC0 1.0 public domain

1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

AI Winter

1997
Norm. Cuts

1999
SIFT

2001
V&J

2004, 2007
Caltech101;
PASCAL

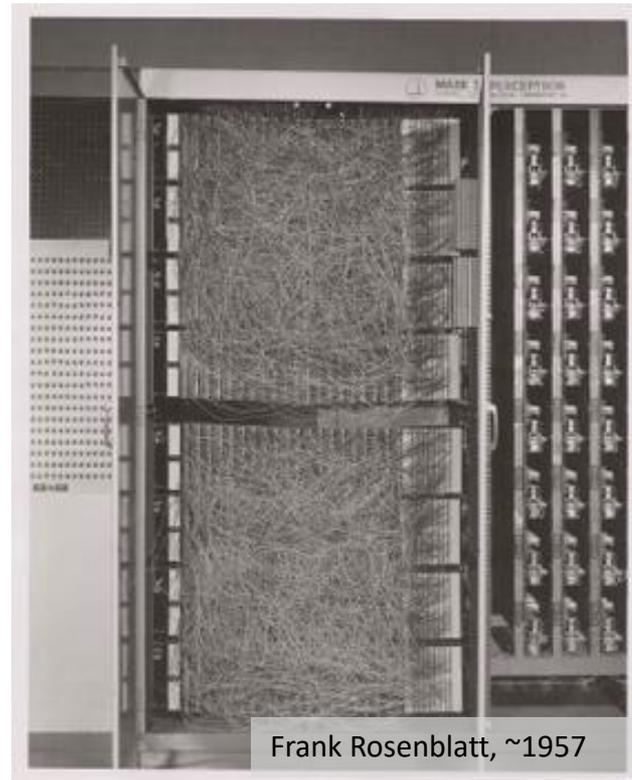
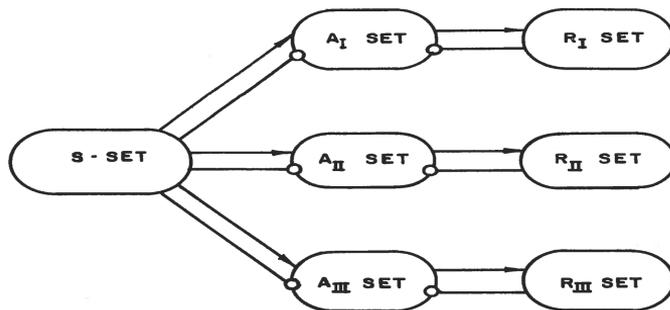
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Learning representations by back-propagating errors

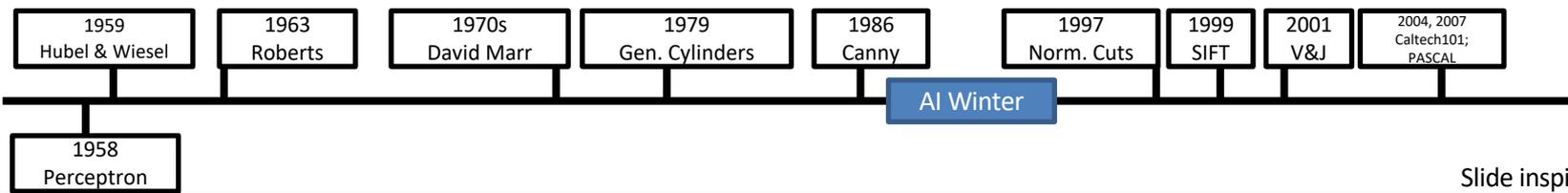
David E. Rumelhart*, Geoffrey E. Hinton†
& Ronald J. Williams*

* Institute for Cognitive Science, C-015, University of California,
San Diego, La Jolla, California 92093, USA

† Department of Computer Science, Carnegie-Mellon University,
Pittsburgh, Philadelphia 15213, USA



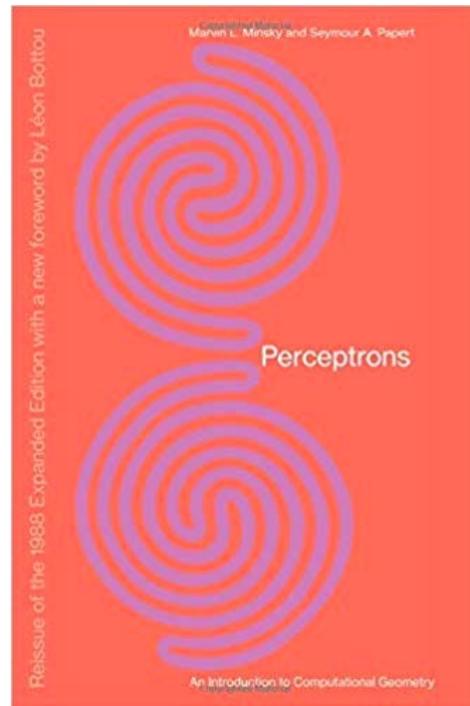
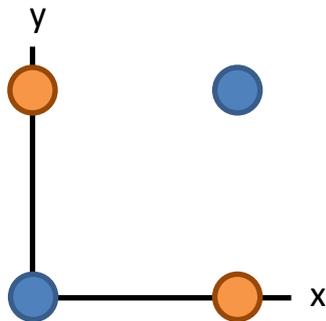
Frank Rosenblatt, ~1957



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

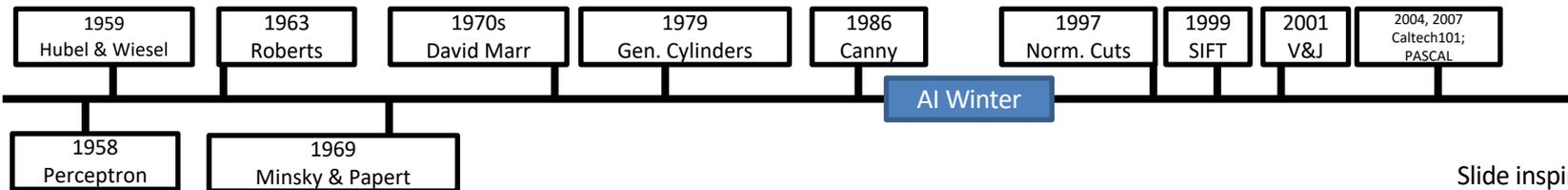
Minsky and Papert, 1969

X	Y	F(x,y)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



Showed that Perceptrons could not learn the XOR function

Caused a lot of disillusionment in the field



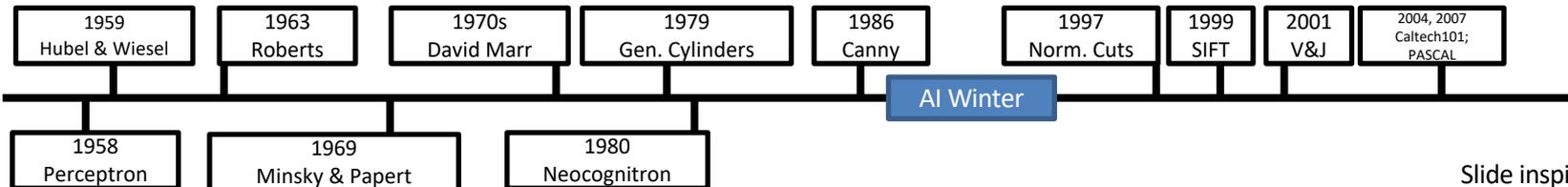
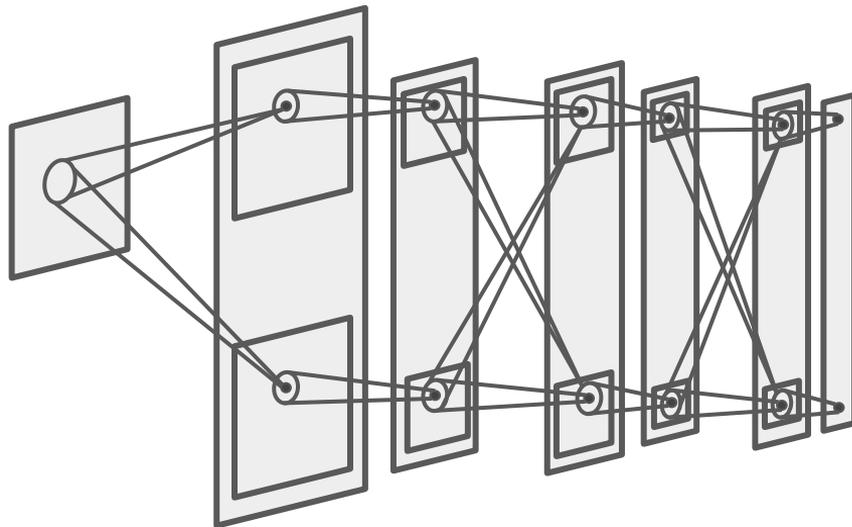
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Neocognitron: Fukushima, 1980

Computational model the visual system,
directly inspired by Hubel and Wiesel's
hierarchy of complex and simple cells

Interleaved simple cells (convolution)
and complex cells (pooling)

No practical training algorithm

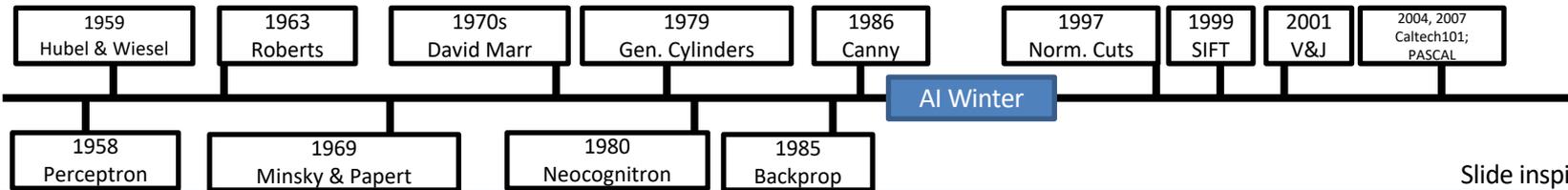
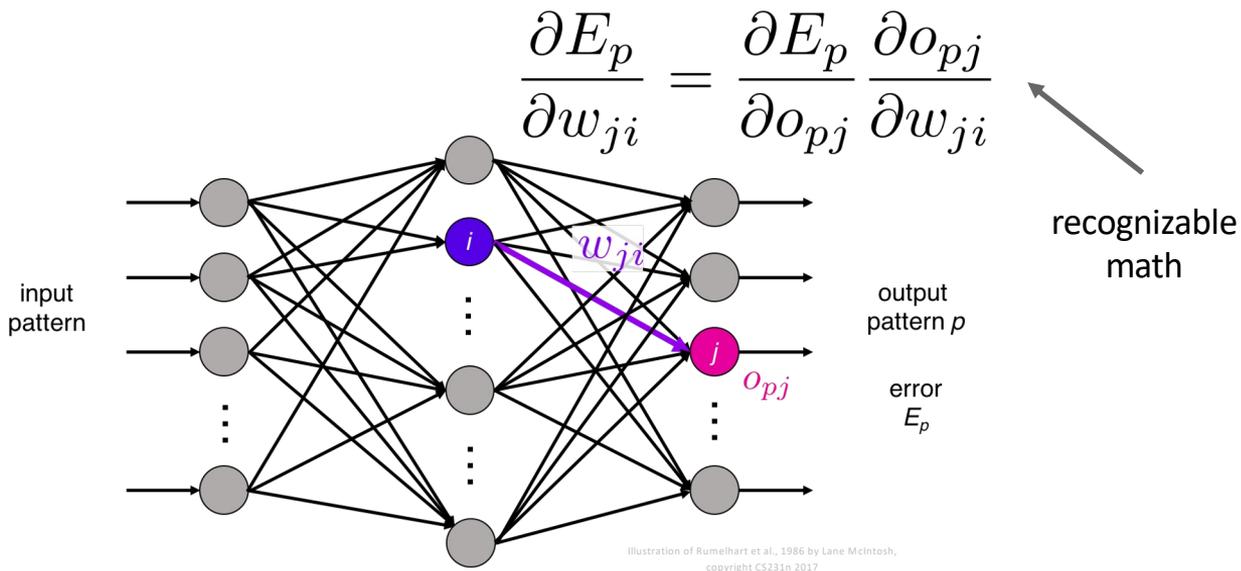


Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Backprop: Rumelhart, Hinton, and Williams, 1986

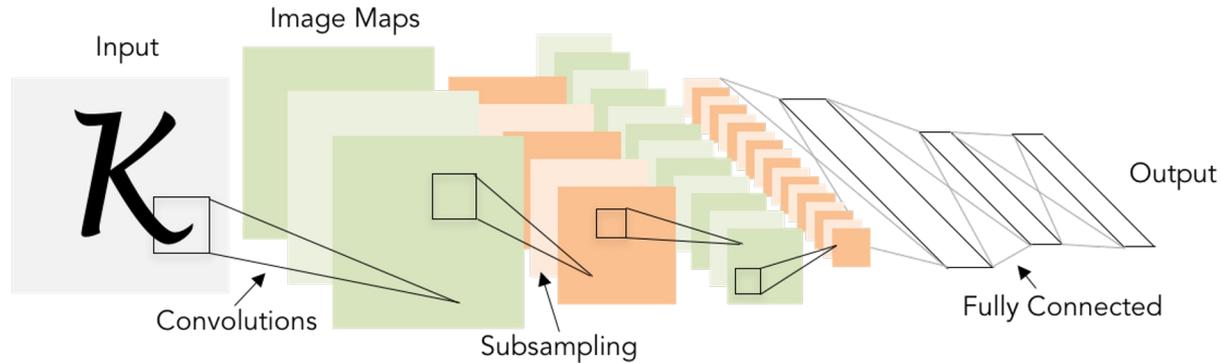
Introduced backpropagation for computing gradients in neural networks

Successfully trained perceptrons with multiple layers



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Convolutional Networks: LeCun et al, 1998

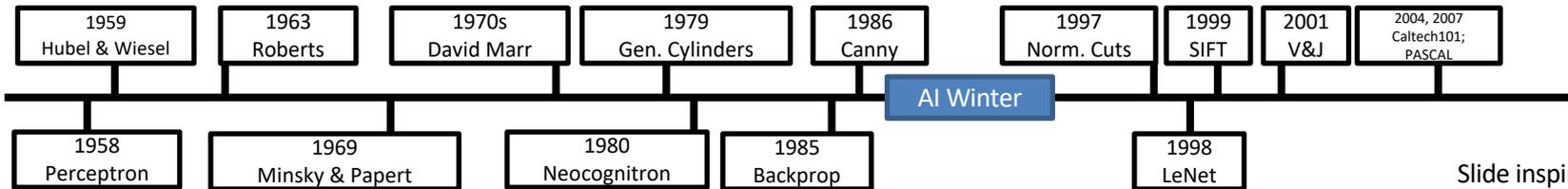


Applied backprop algorithm to a Neocognitron-like architecture

Learned to recognize handwritten digits

Was deployed in a commercial system by NEC, processed handwritten checks

Very similar to our modern convolutional networks!



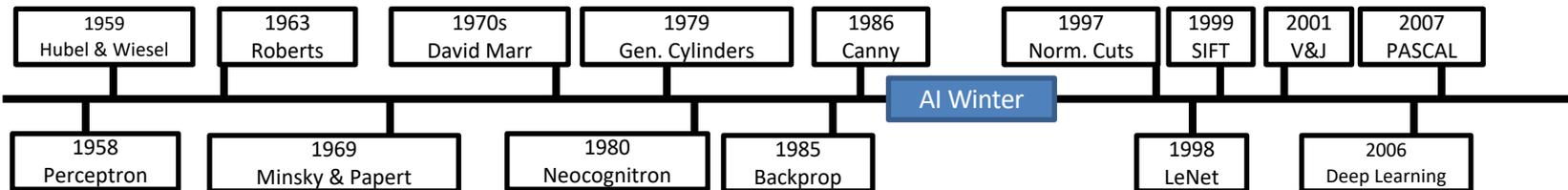
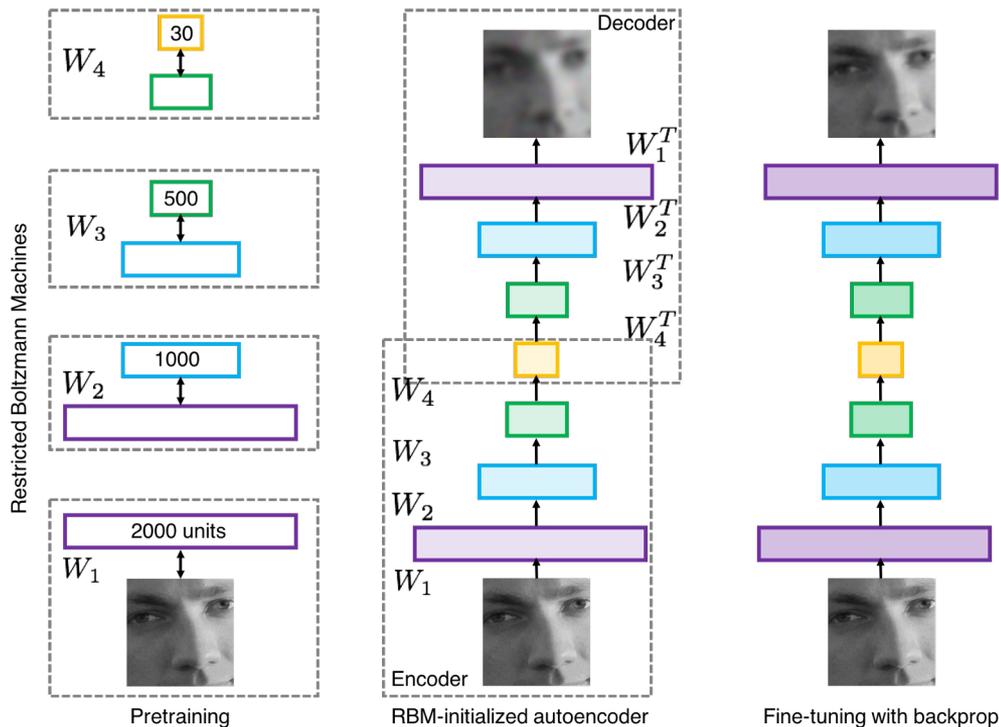
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2000s: “Deep Learning”

People tried to train neural networks that were deeper and deeper

Not a mainstream research topic at this time

- Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006
- Bengio et al, 2007
- Lee et al, 2009
- Glorot and Bengio, 2010



2000s: “Deep Learning”

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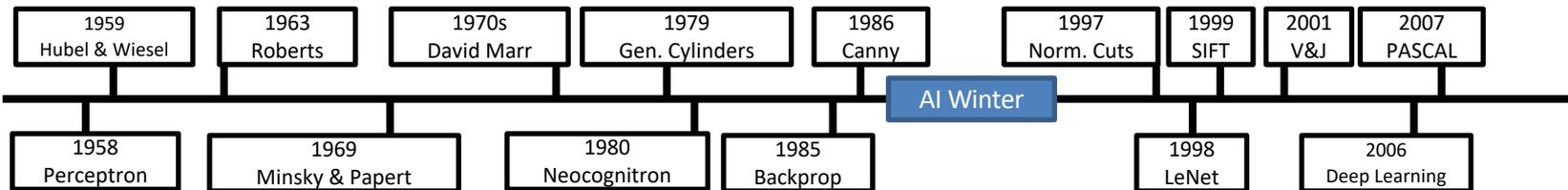
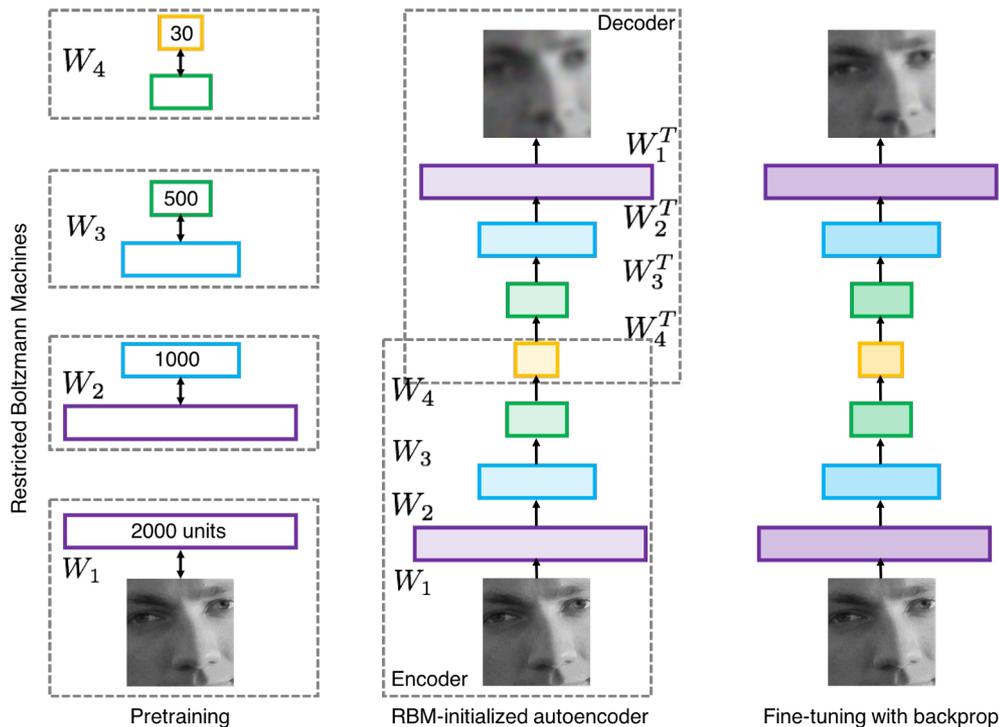
No good dataset to work on

Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006

Bengio et al, 2007

Lee et al, 2009

Glorot and Bengio, 2010



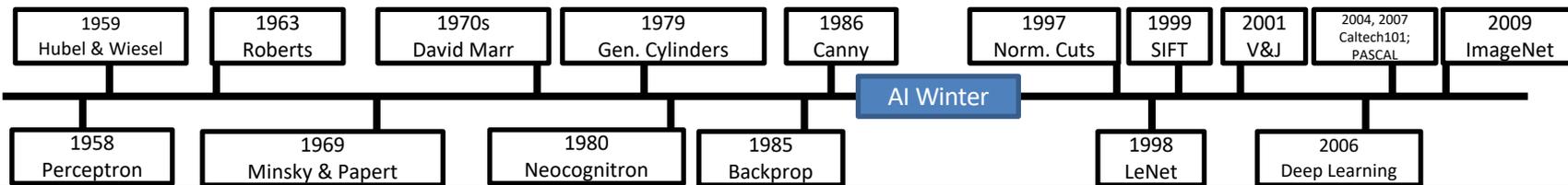
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge

The Image Classification Challenge:
1,000 object classes
1,431,167 images

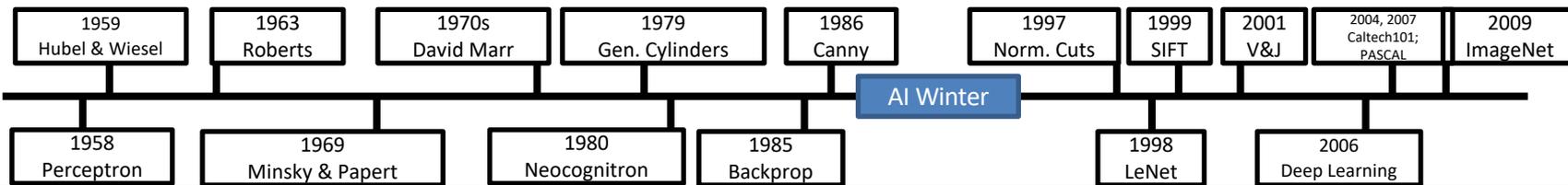
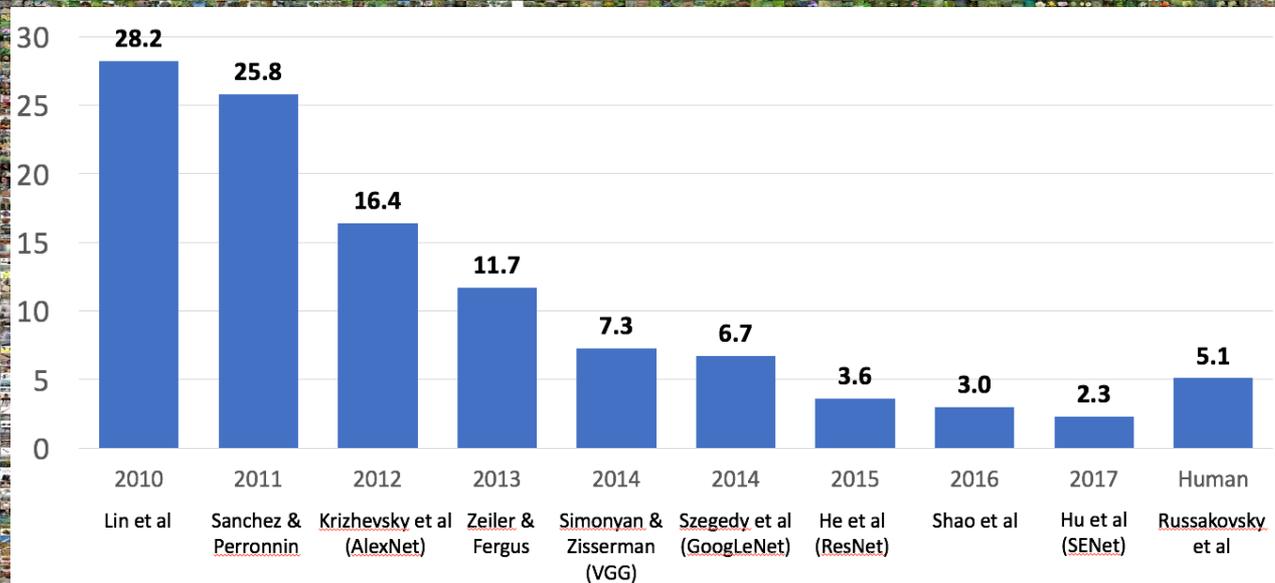


Output:
Scale
T-shirt
Steel drum
Drumstick
Mud turtle

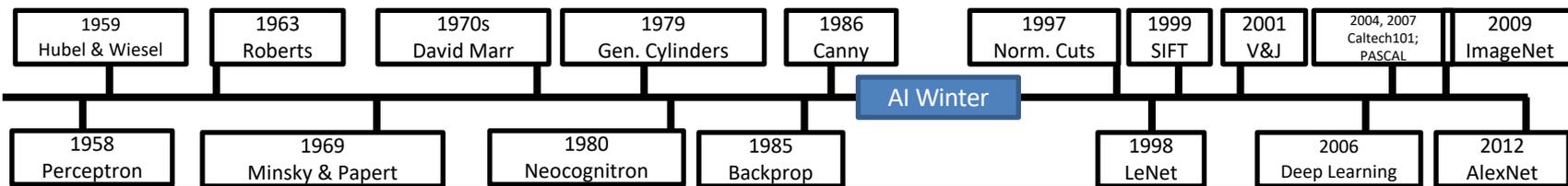
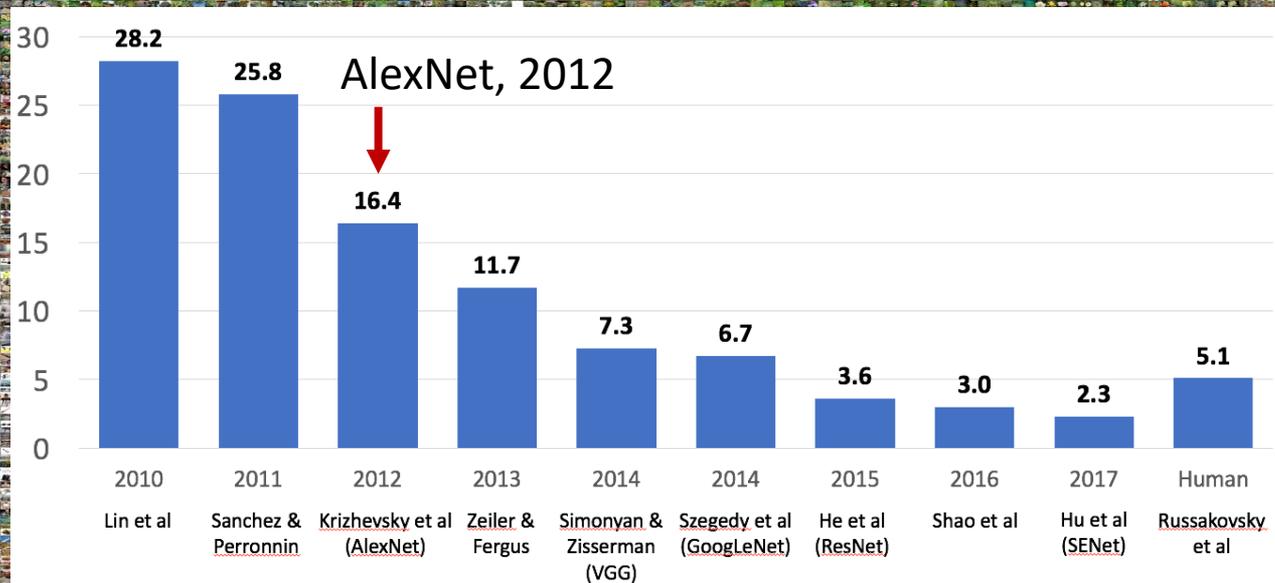
Deng et al, 2009
Russakovsky et al. IJCV 2015



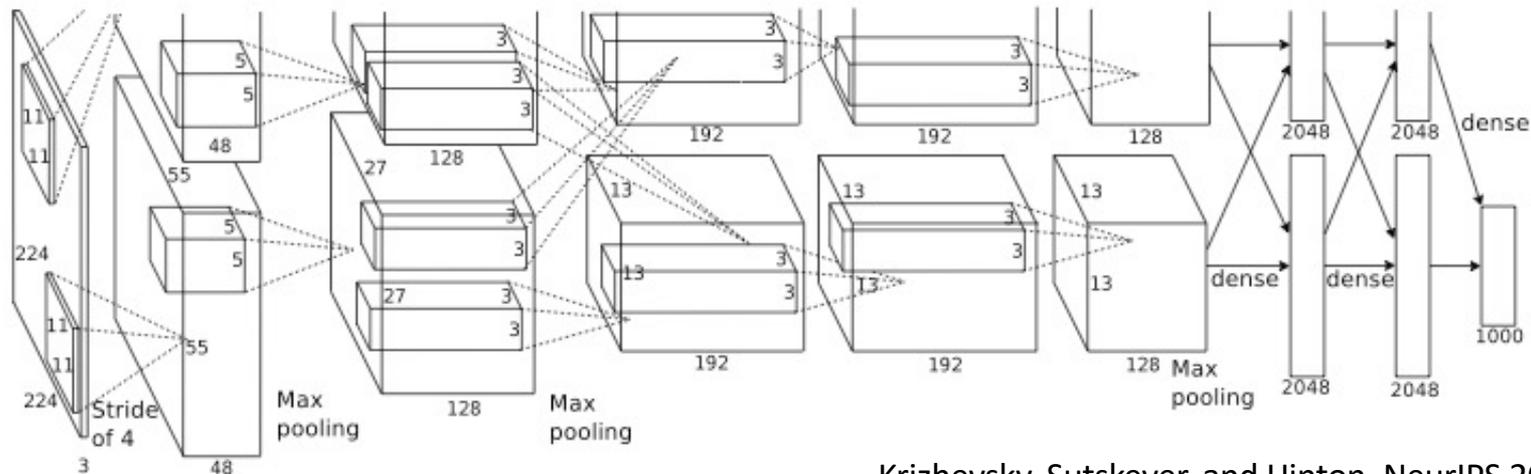
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



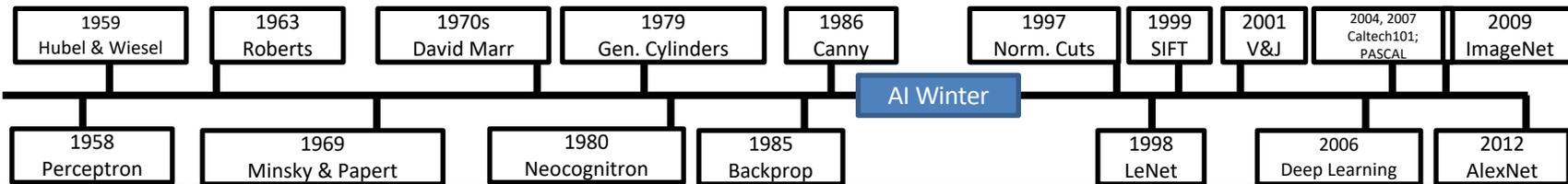
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



AlexNet: Deep Learning Goes Mainstream

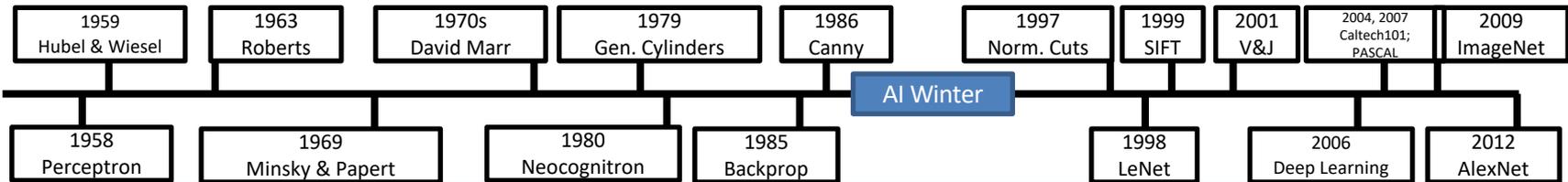
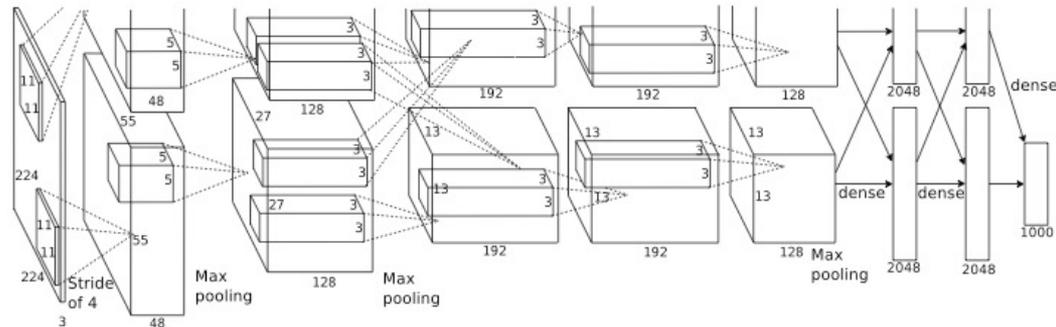
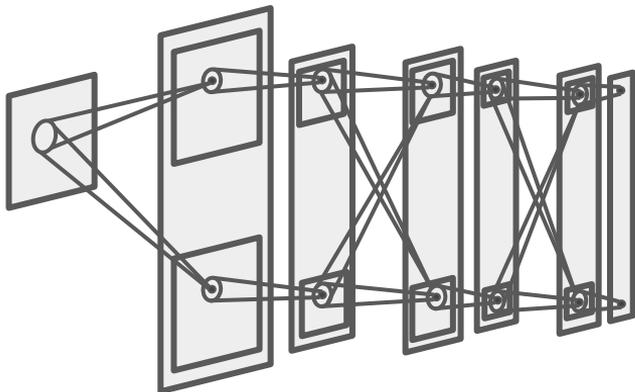


Krizhevsky, Sutskever, and Hinton, NeurIPS 2012



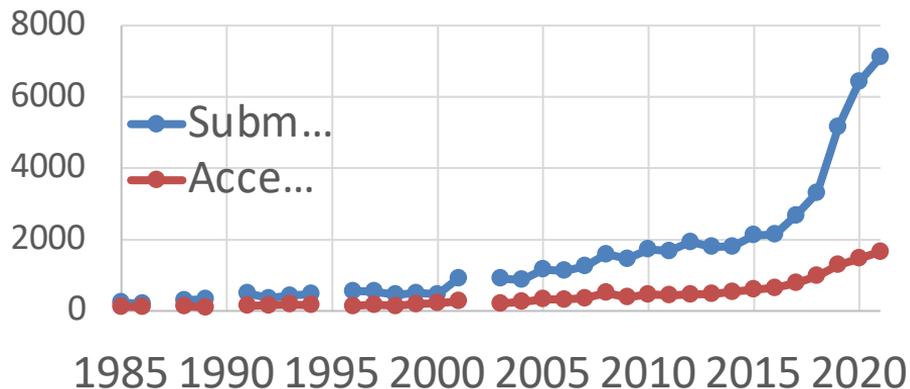
Side inspiration: Justin Johnson

AlexNet vs. Neocognitron: 32 years apart

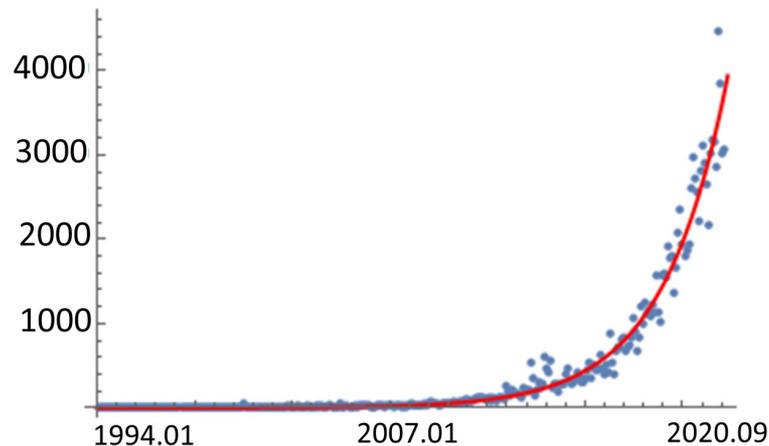


2012 to Present: Deep Learning Explosion

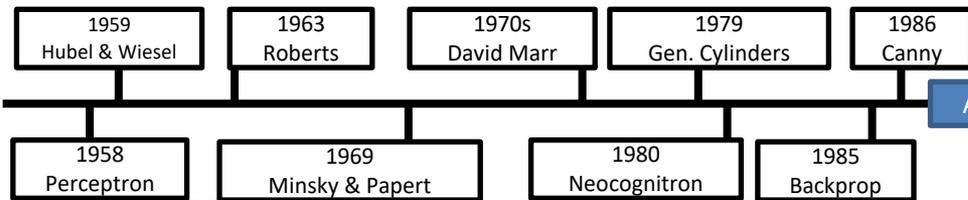
CVPR Papers



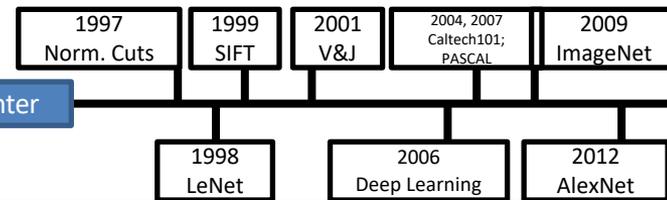
ML+AI arXiv papers per month



Publications at top Computer Vision conference



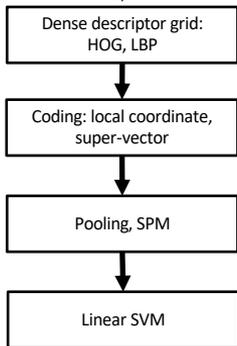
arXiv papers per month [\(source\)](#)



AI Winter

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

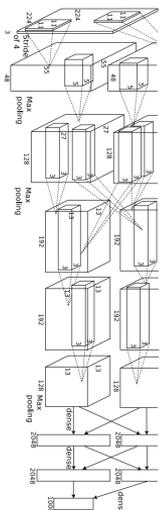
Year 2010
NEC-UIUC



[Lin CVPR 2011]

Lion image by Swissfrog is licensed under CC BY 3.0

Year 2012
SuperVision

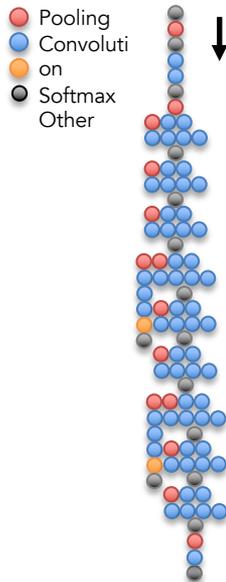


[Krizhevsky NIPS 2012]

Figure copyright Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, 2012. Reproduced with permission.

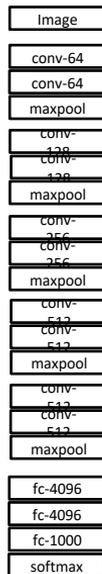
Year 2014

GoogLeNet



[Szegedy arxiv 2014]

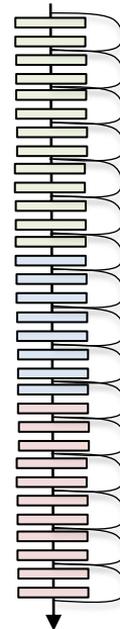
VGG



[Simonyan arxiv 2014]

Year 2015

MSRA



[He ICCV 2015]

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Image Classification

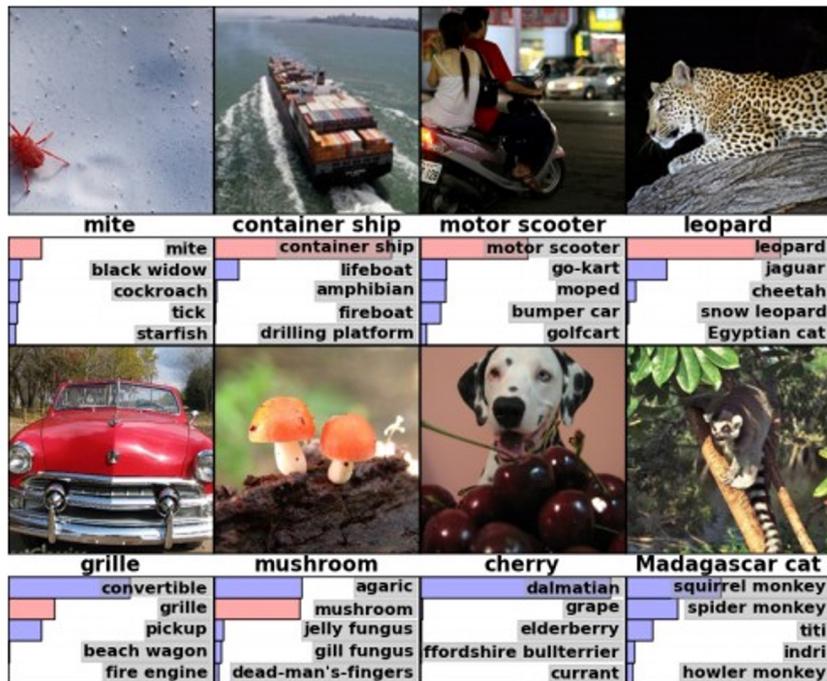
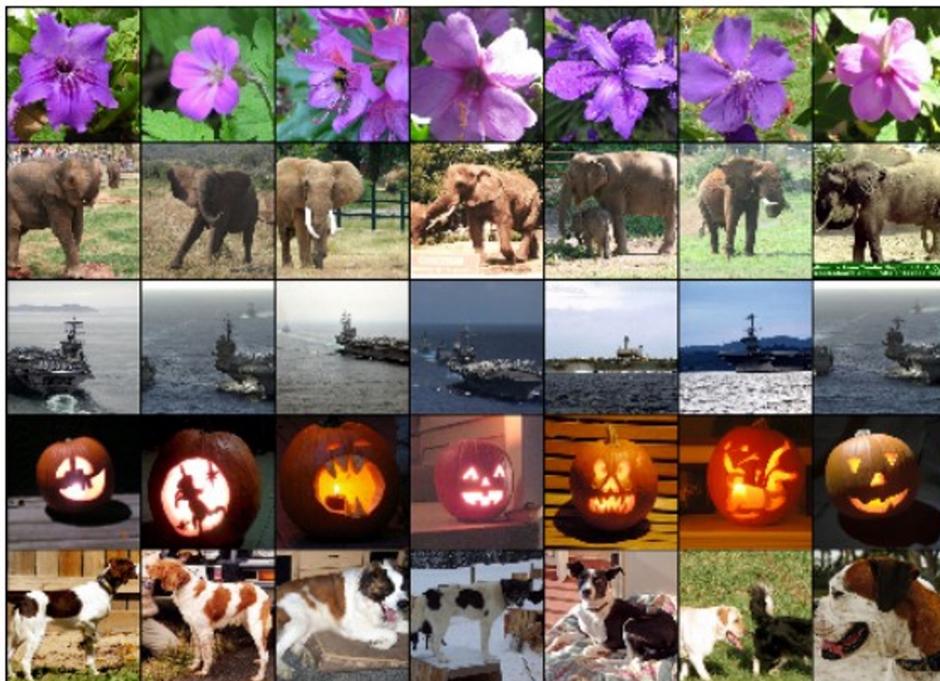


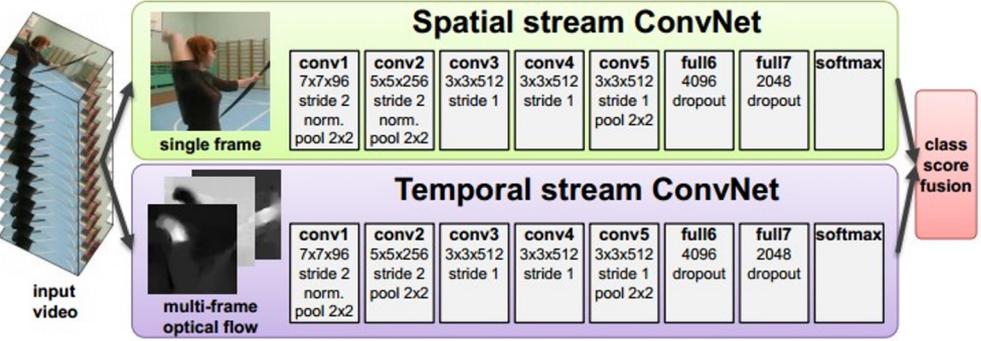
Image Retrieval



Figures copyright Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, 2012. Reproduced with permission.

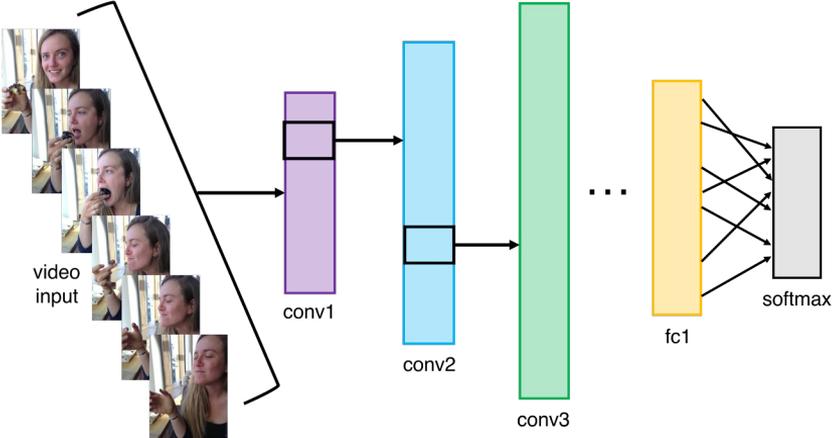
2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Video Classification



Simonyan et al, 2014

Activity Recognition



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Pose Recognition (Toshev and Szegedy, 2014)



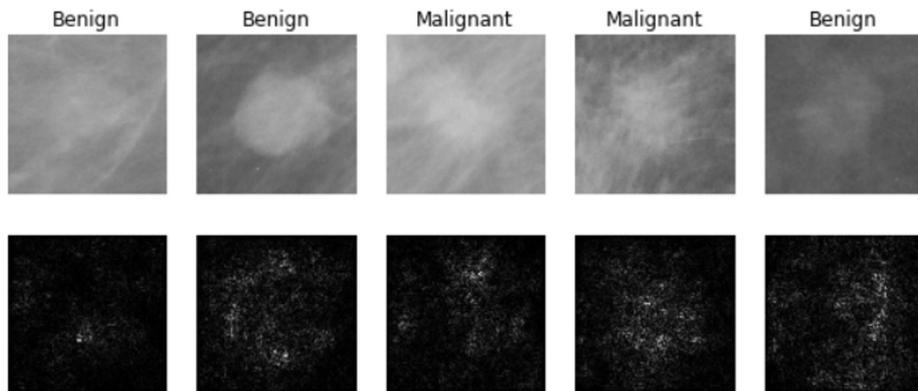
Playing Atari games (Guo et al, 2014)



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Medical Imaging



Levy et al, 2016 Figure reproduced with permission

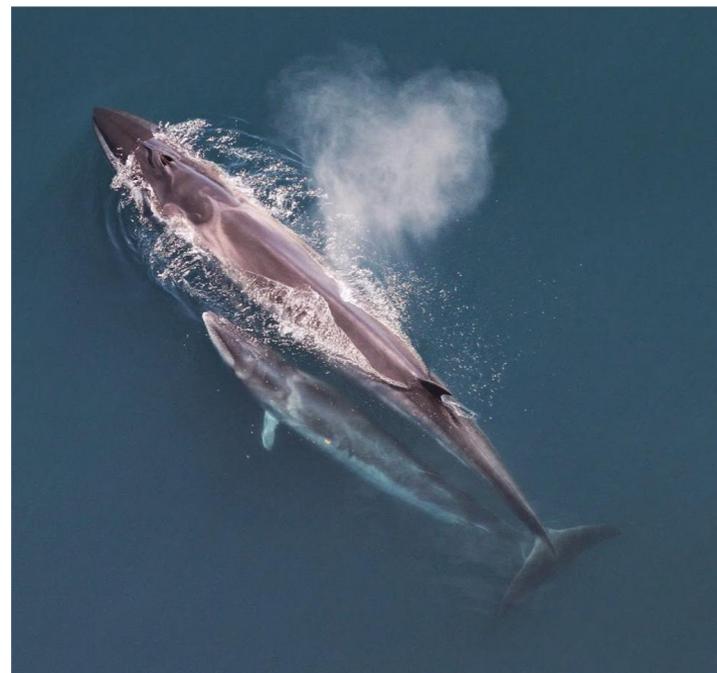
Galaxy Classification



Dieleman et al, 2014

From left to right: [public domain by NASA](#), usage [permitted](#) by ESA/Hubble, [public domain by NASA](#), and [public domain](#)

Whale recognition



Kaggle Challenge

[This image](#) by Christin Khan is in the public domain and originally came from the U.S. NOAA.

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



A white teddy bear sitting in the grass



A man in a baseball uniform throwing a ball



A woman is holding a cat in her hand

Image Captioning

Vinyals et al, 2015

Karpathy and Fei-Fei, 2015



A man riding a wave on top of a surfboard



A cat sitting on a suitcase on the floor



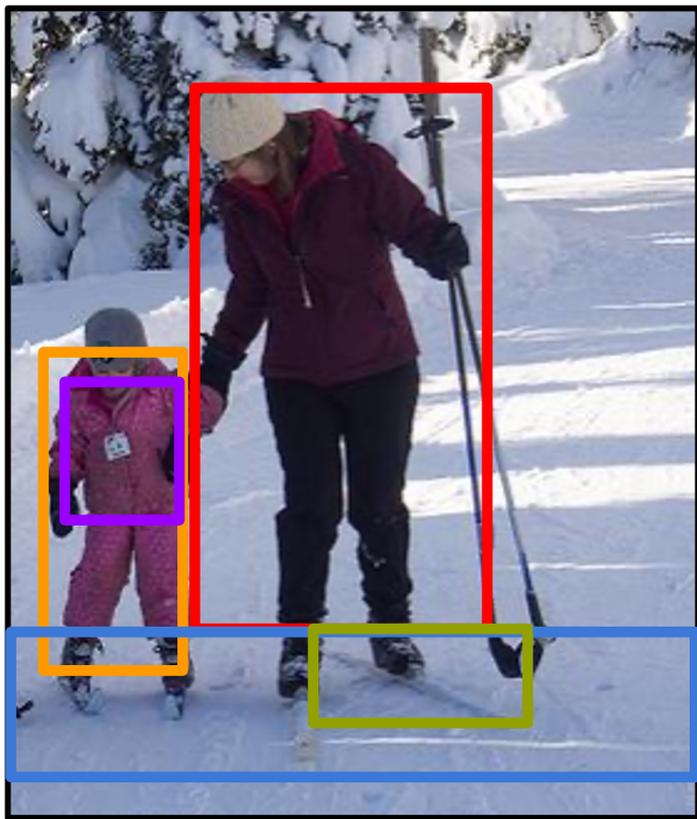
A woman standing on a beach holding a surfboard

All images are CC0 Public domain:

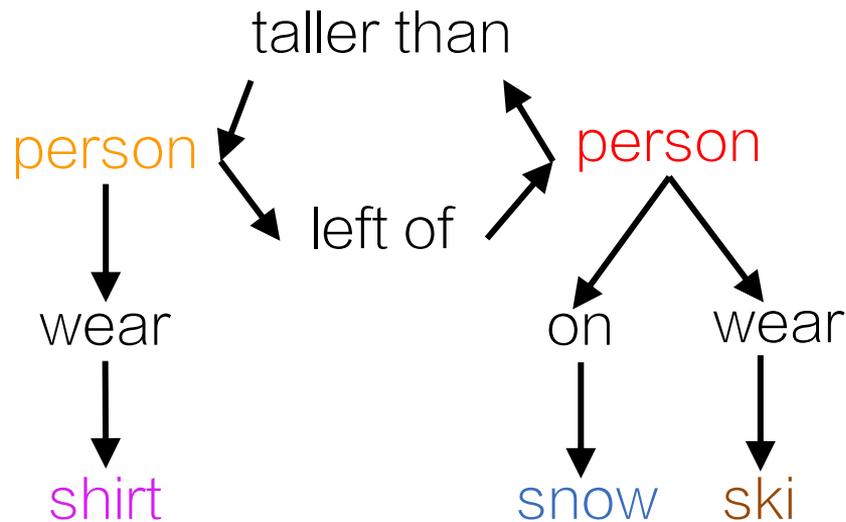
<https://pixabay.com/en/flourage-antique-cat-1693010/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/teddy-bear-white-teddy-bear-1623436/>
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<https://pixabay.com/en/baseball-player-shortstop-infield-1045263/>

Captions generated by Justin Johnson using [NeuralTalk2](#)

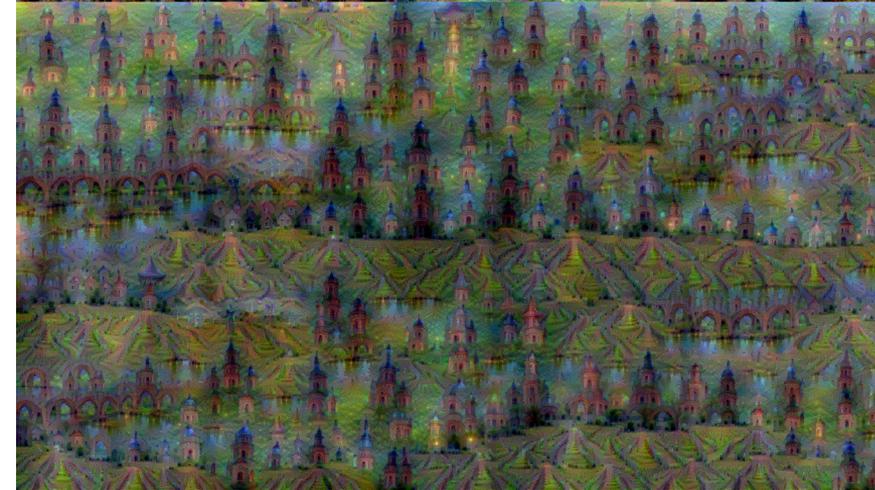
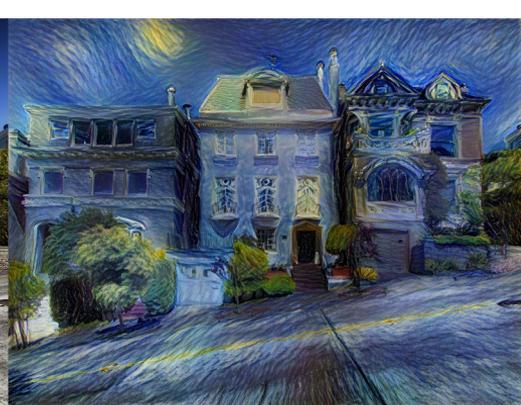
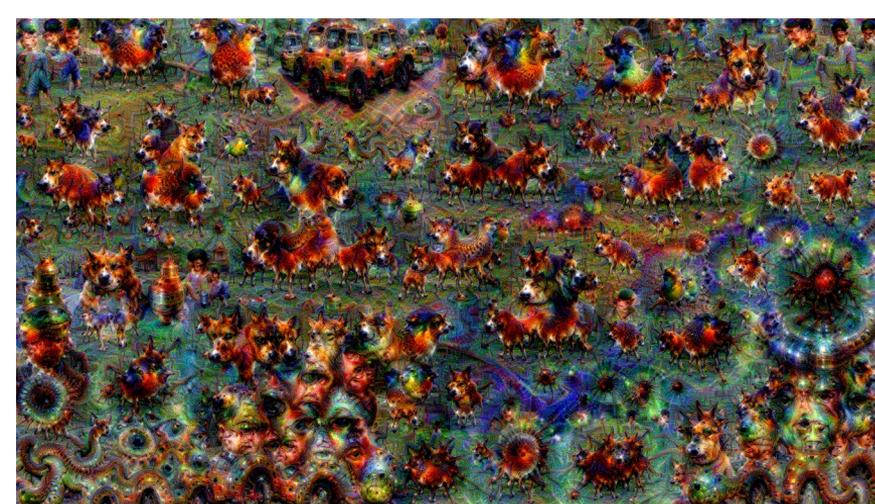
2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



Results:
spatial, comparative, asymmetrical,
verb, prepositional



Krishna*, Lu*, Bernstein, Fei-Fei, *ECCV* 2016



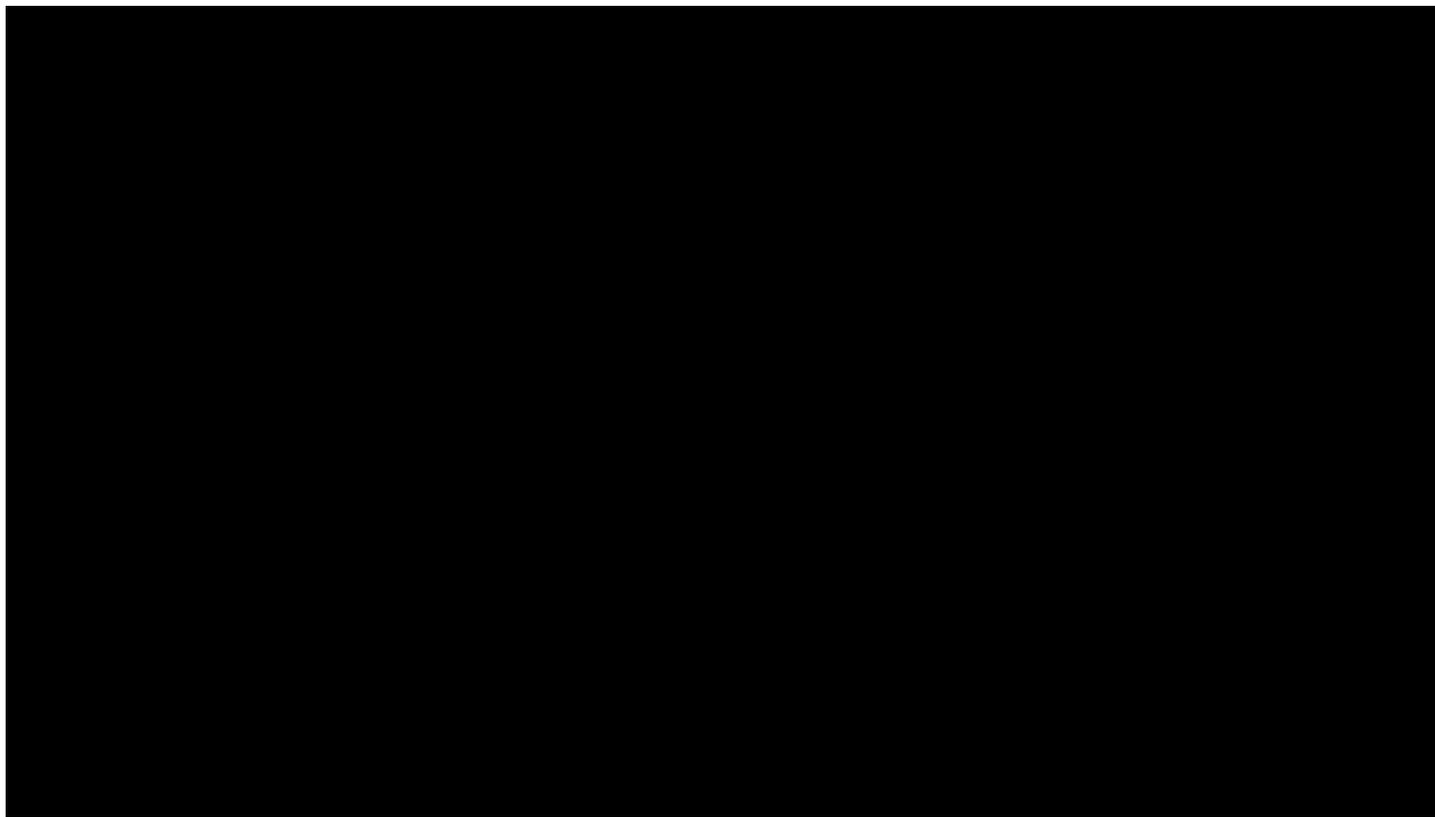
Original image is CC0 public domain
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 Boken image is in the public domain
 Stylized images copyright Justin Johnson, 2017;
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Figures copyright Justin Johnson, 2015. Reproduced with permission. Generated using the Inceptionism approach from a blog post by Google Research.

Mordvinsev et al, 2015
 Gatys et al, 2016

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



Karras et al, "Progressive Growing of GANs for Improved Quality, Stability, and Variation", ICLR 2018

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

TEXT PROMPT

an armchair in the shape of an avocado. an armchair imitating an avocado.

AI-GENERATED IMAGES



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

TEXT PROMPT

an armchair in the shape of a peach. an armchair imitating a peach.

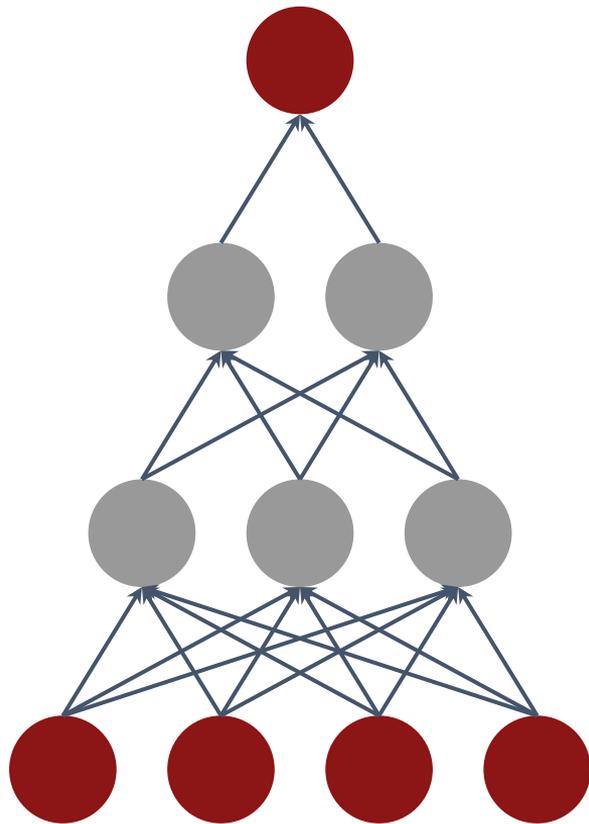
AI-GENERATED IMAGES



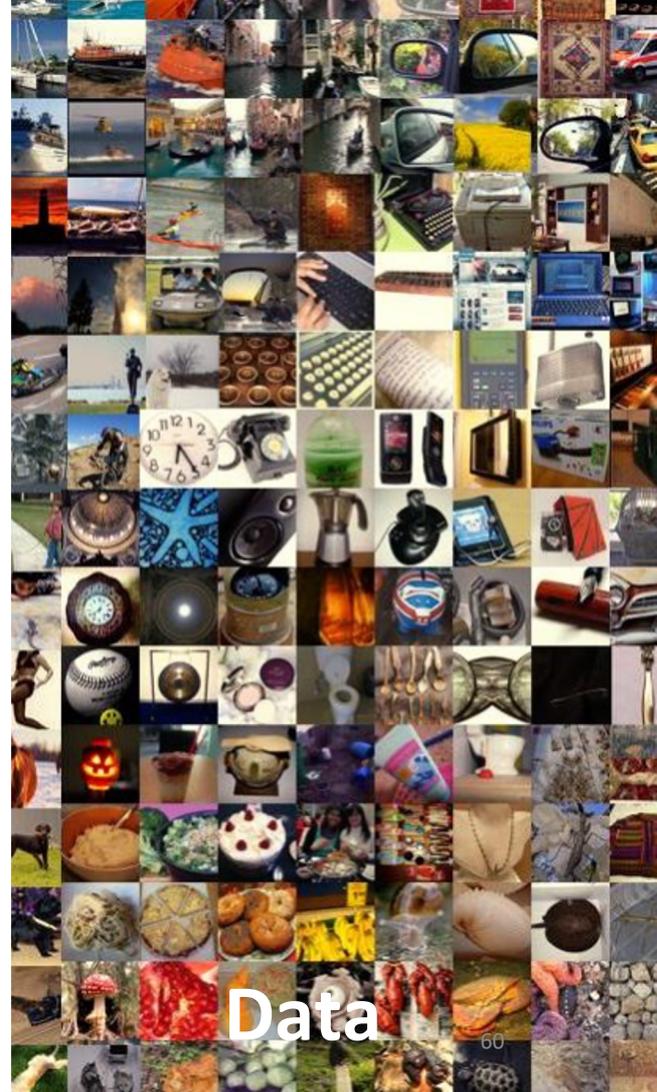


Computation

April 2, 2024



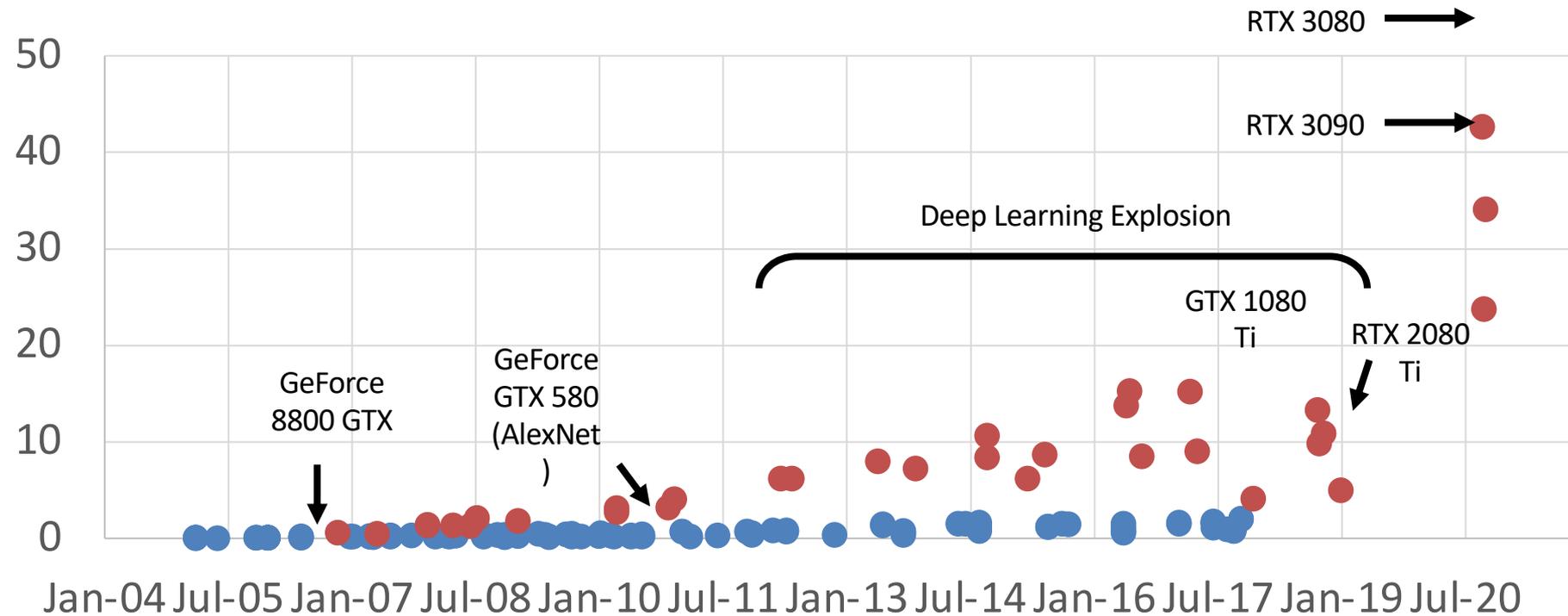
Algorithms



Data

GFLOP per Dollar

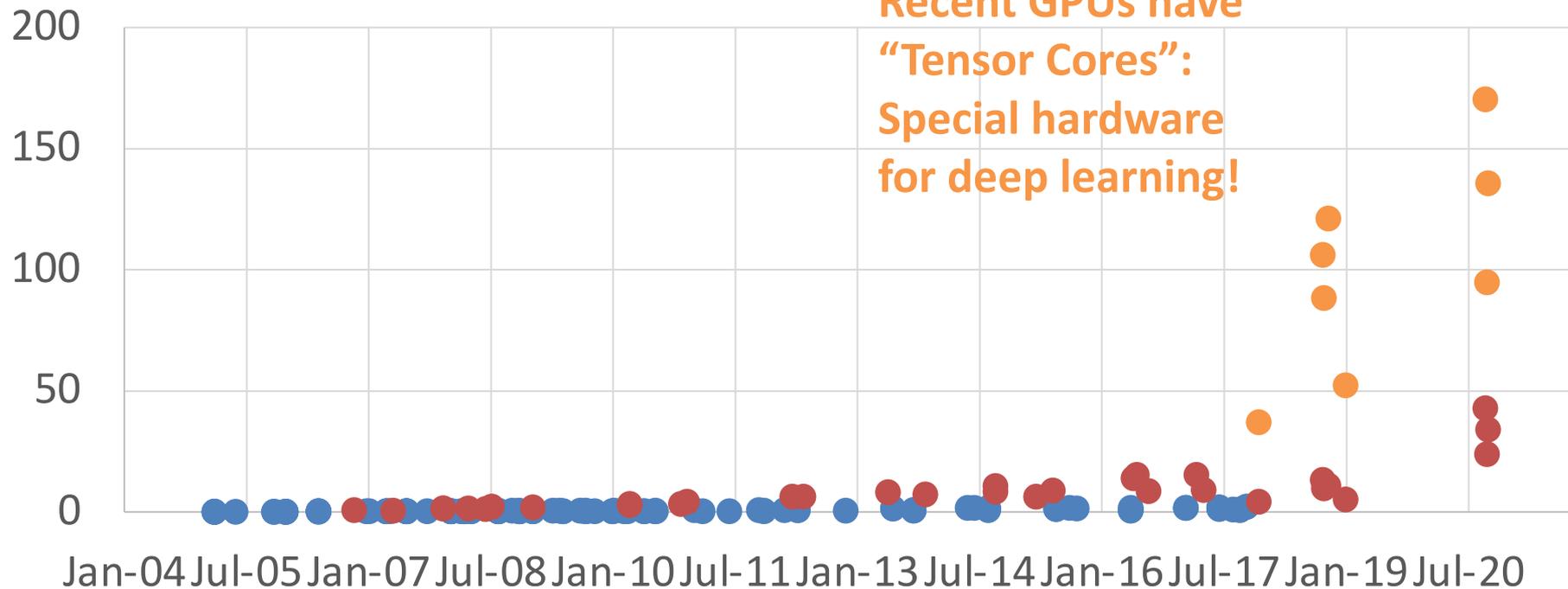
● CPU ● GPU (FP32)



GFLOP per Dollar

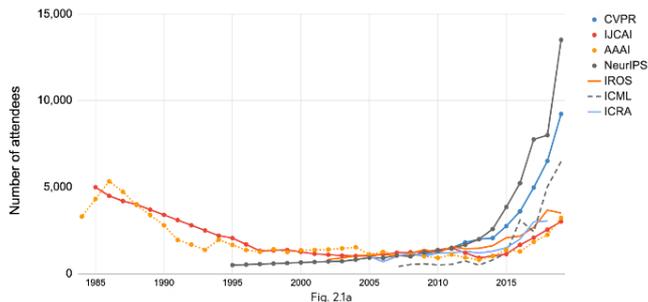
● CPU ● GPU (FP32) ● GPU (Tensor Core)

Recent GPUs have
“Tensor Cores”:
Special hardware
for deep learning!



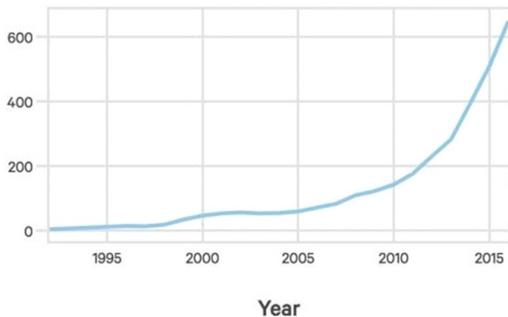
AI's Explosive Growth & Impact

Attendance at large conferences (1984-2019)
Source: Conference provided data.



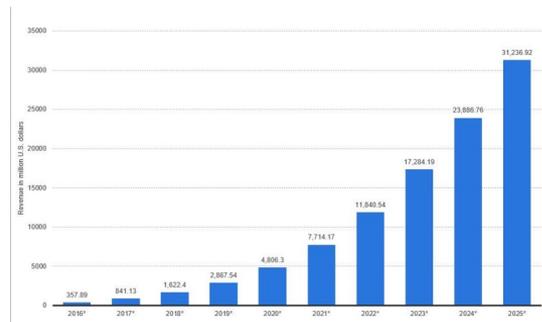
Number of attendance At AI conferences

Source: The Gradient



Startups Developing AI Systems

Source: Crunchbase, VentureSource, Sand Hill Econometrics



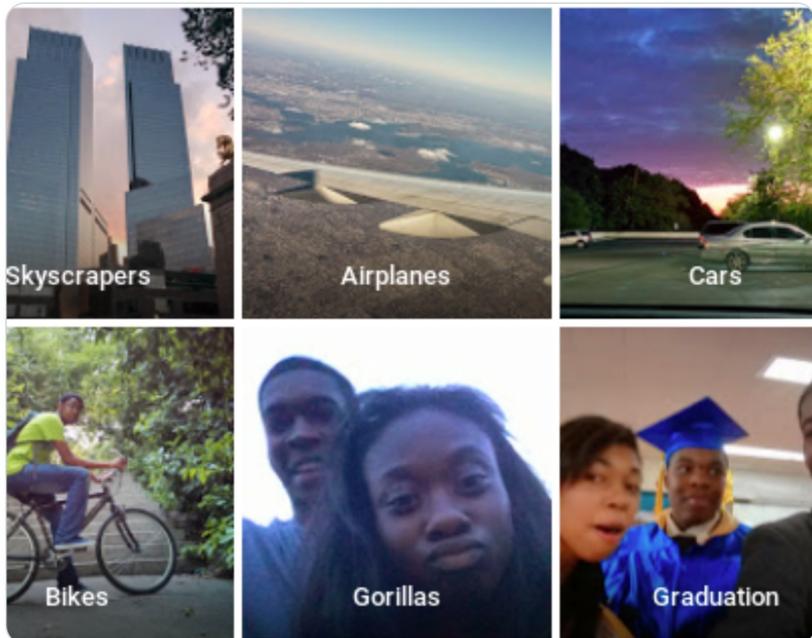
Enterprise Application AI Revenue

Source: Statista

Despite the successes, computer vision still has a long way to go

Computer Vision Can Cause Harm

Harmful Stereotypes

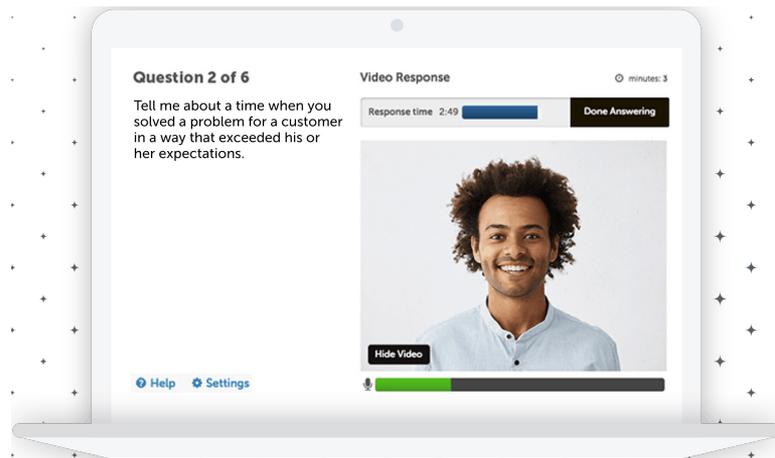


Affect people's lives

Technology

A face-scanning algorithm increasingly decides whether you deserve the job

HireVue claims it uses artificial intelligence to decide who's best for a job. Outside experts call it 'profoundly disturbing.'



Barocas et al, "The Problem With Bias: Allocative Versus Representational Harms in Machine Learning", SIGCIS 2017
Kate Crawford, "The Trouble with Bias", NeurIPS 2017 Keynote
Source: <https://twitter.com/jackyalcine/status/615329515909156865> (2015)

Source: <https://www.washingtonpost.com/technology/2019/10/22/ai-hiring-face-scanning-algorithm-increasingly-decides-whether-you-deserve-job/>
<https://www.hirevue.com/platform/online-video-interviewing-software>

Example Credit: Timnit Gebru

Computer Vision Can Save Lives

How to take care of seniors while keeping them safe?



Early Symptom Detection of COVID-19



Monitor Patients with Mild Symptoms



Manage Chronic Conditions



Versatile



Mobility



Infection



Sleep



Diet



Scalable



Low-cost



Burden-free



And there is a lot we don't know how to do



https://fedandfit.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/summer-activities-for-kids_optimized-scaled.jpeg



This image is
copyright-free [United States government work](#)

Slide inspiration: Andrej Karpathy

Today's agenda

- A brief history of computer vision & deep learning
- CS231n overview