



## Dataset

CAVIAR (Content Aware Vision using Image-based Active Recognition)  
 INRIA (2013 - 14)

- Contains various scenarios such as people walking alone, meeting with others, window shopping, entering and exiting shops, fighting and passing out and leaving a package in a public place
- The videos were captured with wide angle lenses in two different locations



i-LIDS (Imagery Library for Intelligent Detection Systems)

The Home Office Scientific Development Branch, UK

- Contains videos in a train station with multiple events of abandoned luggage
- The videos were captured by a surveillance camera



The datasets are augmented:

- Greyscale / color images
- Flipped horizontally and vertically

Size:

- 9.3 GB, 65000 video frames
- 30,000 abandoned luggage
- 35,000 background

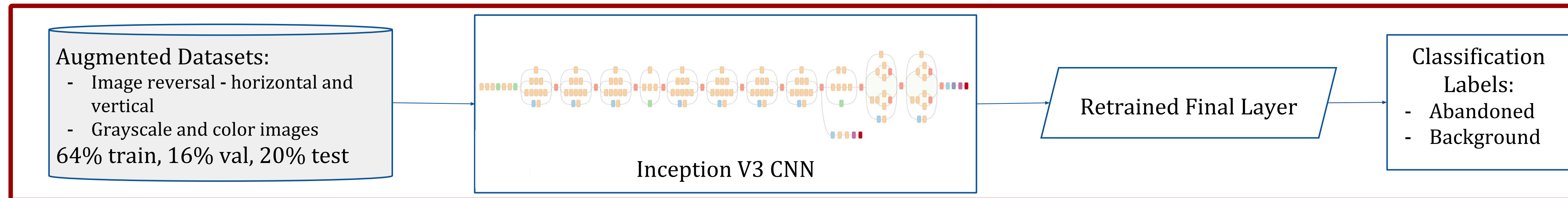
## Problem Statement

Using a mixed dataset with varying sources, camera angles, resolutions and backgrounds to identify abandoned baggage in surveillance videos.

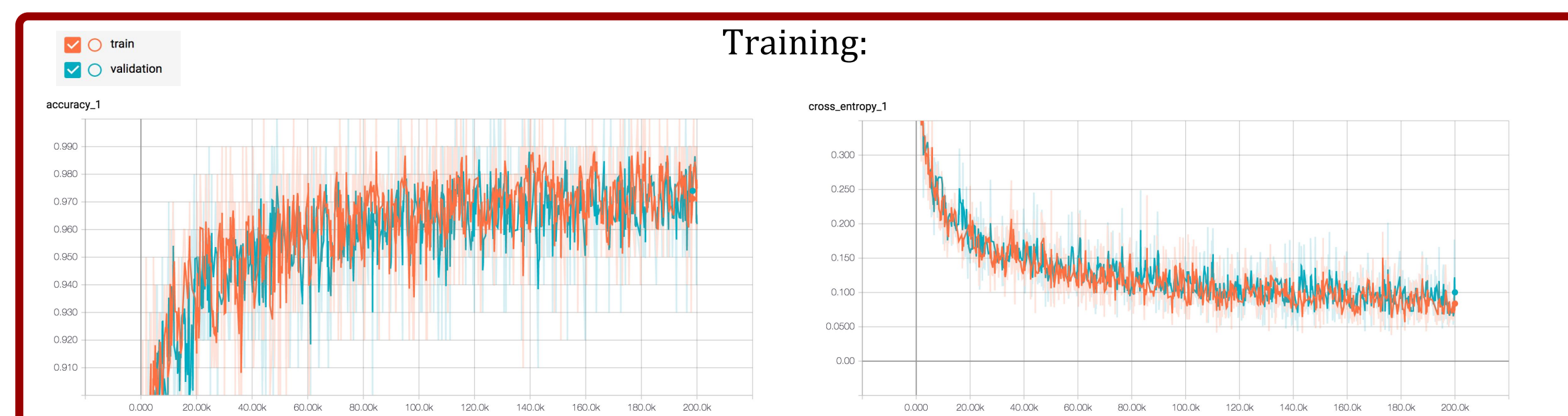
## Challenges

- Varying resolution quality
- Different camera angles
- Variation in the background and activities that are considered 'normal'
- Low false negative as well as low false positive rates desired

## Approach & Model

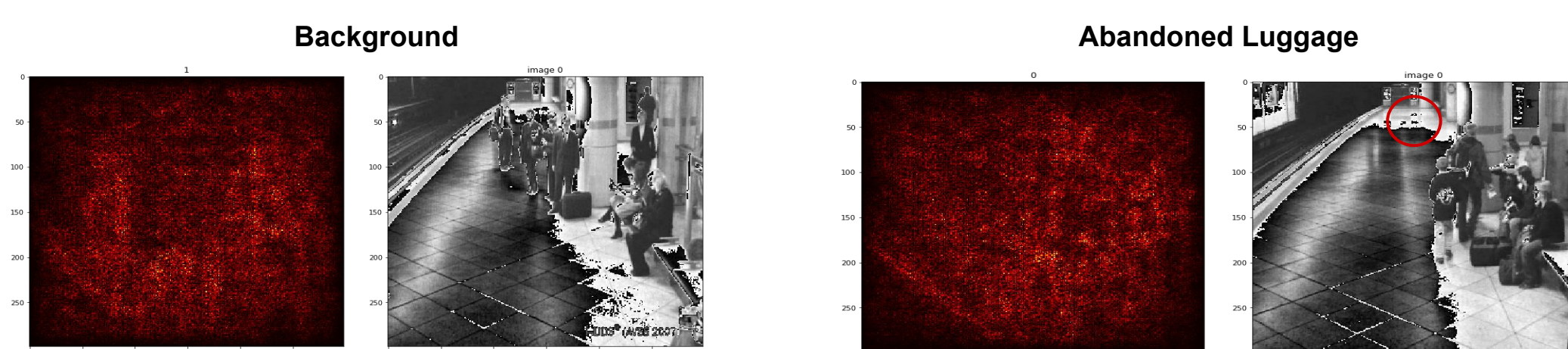


## Experiment Results

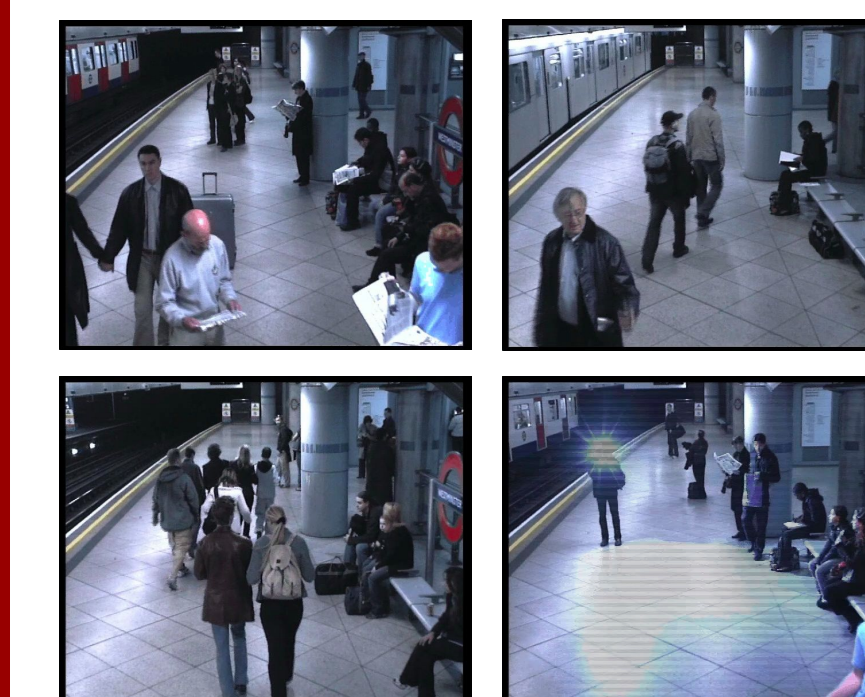


Step Count	200000
Learning Rate	0.01
Train accuracy	0.9587
Validation Accuracy	0.9459

Validation 2 Accuracy	0.967
Final Test Accuracy	0.98
False Positive Rate on Test	0.0065
False Negative Rate on Test	0.017



## Analysis



**Misclassified as 'Background':**  
 Bag partially/completely occluded  
 No temporal information

**Misclassified as 'Abandoned':**  
 Anomalous objects

- Model might have learnt the background!
- Generalizes well within the given type of data
- Might not work as well with a completely new setting

### Future Work:

- Add temporal information using an RNN
- Augment dataset with different surveillance footage

### REFERENCES:

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