

# Trainforest

## Predicting Amazon Deforestation with Satellite Images

### Background

- ❑ Forests on Earth rapidly shrinking due to human urbanization
- ❑ Deforestation in the Amazon Basin particularly noticeable, leading to reduced biodiversity, climate change, and habitat loss

### Problem

- ❑ Given satellite image, predict one of four atmospheric labels and zero or more of thirteen land cover/land use phenomena labels
- ❑ Multi-classification model evaluated by mean F2 score

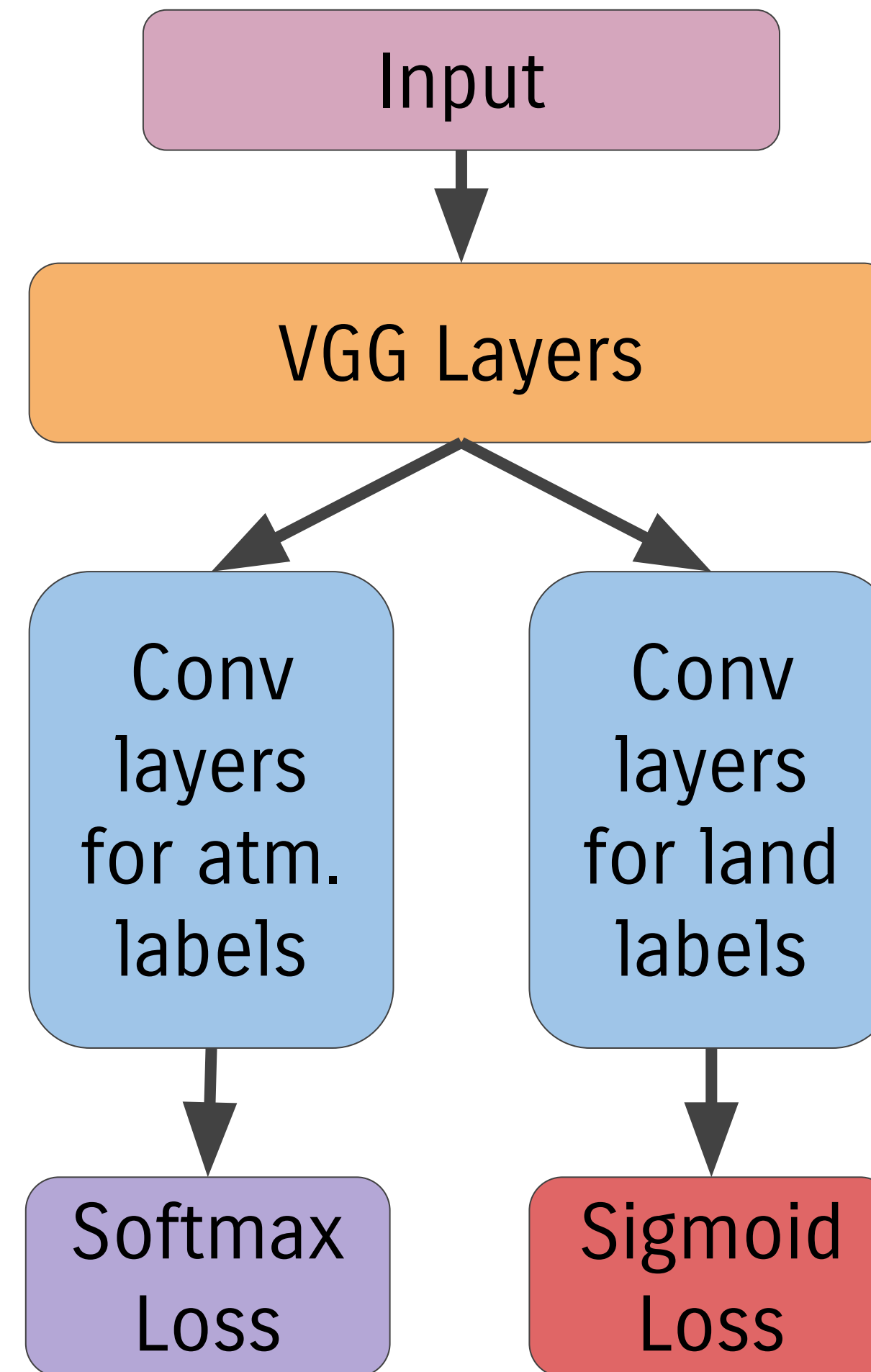
### Dataset

- ❑ 40479 labeled 256x256 JPEG images of the forest scenes from the Amazon basin from Planet
- ❑ 34000 images used for training, remaining for validation
- ❑ Predicted test set of over 60000 images and submitted to Kaggle

### Architectures and Results

- |                    |               |                |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|
| ❑ CNN baseline     | Dev F2: 0.878 | Test F2: 0.876 |
| ❑ VGG-16           | Dev F2: 0.904 | Test F2: 0.903 |
| ❑ Split Classifier | Dev F2: 0.885 | Test F2: 0.885 |
| ❑ SqueezeNet       | Dev F2: 0.891 | Test F2: 0.885 |

### Split Classifier



### Conclusion

- ❑ VGG produces the best results
- ❑ Making separate classifiers may be suboptimal because the labels may correlate with each other
- ❑ *Next steps:* Experiment with other loss functions and model hierarchies

### Saliency Maps

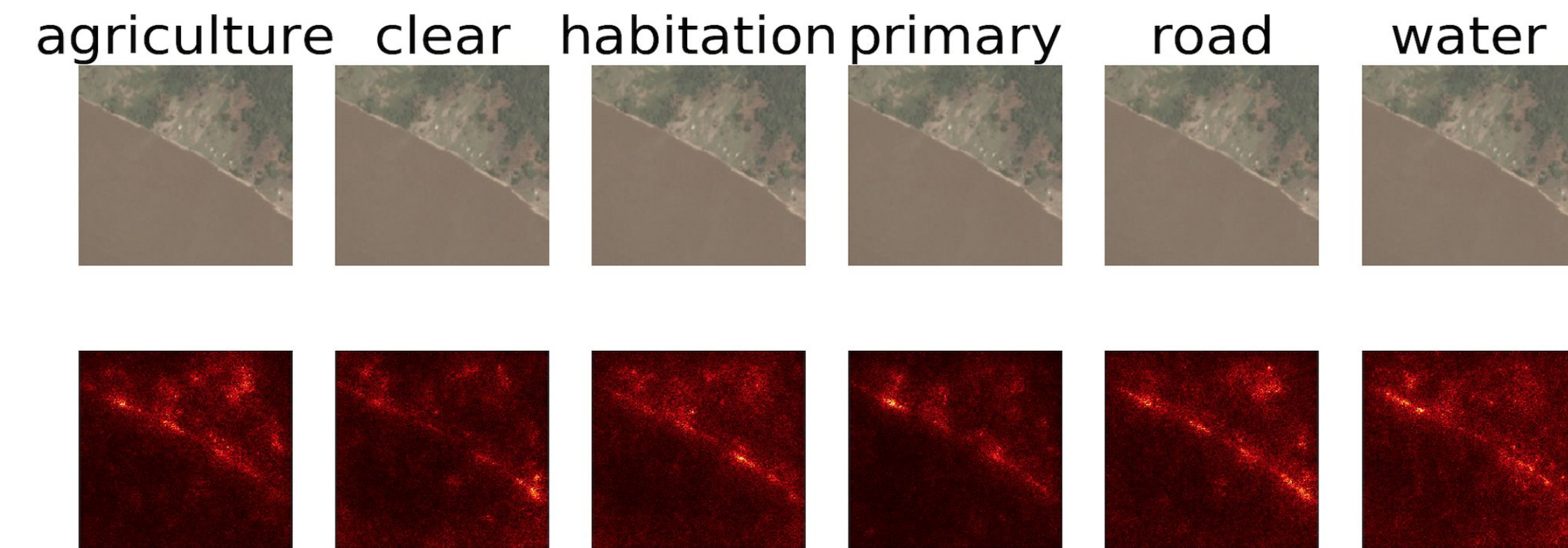


Figure 1. Saliency maps of each label for one image

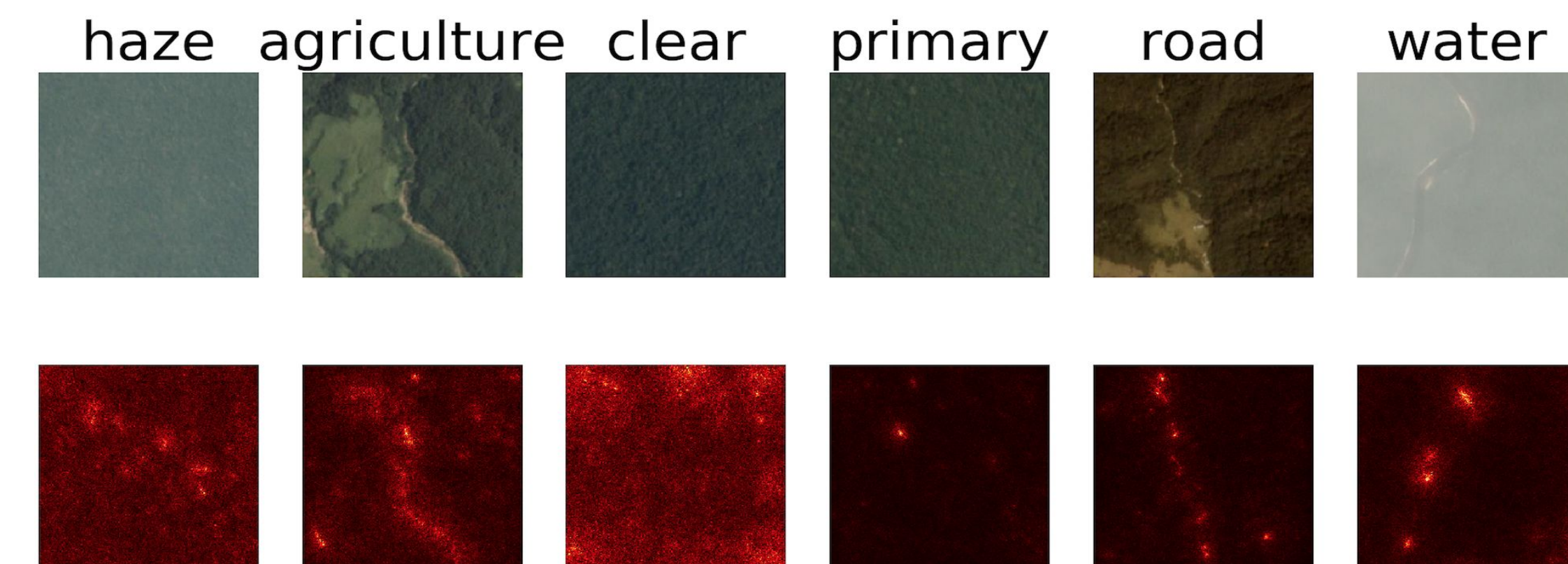


Figure 2. Saliency maps of different labels for assorted images

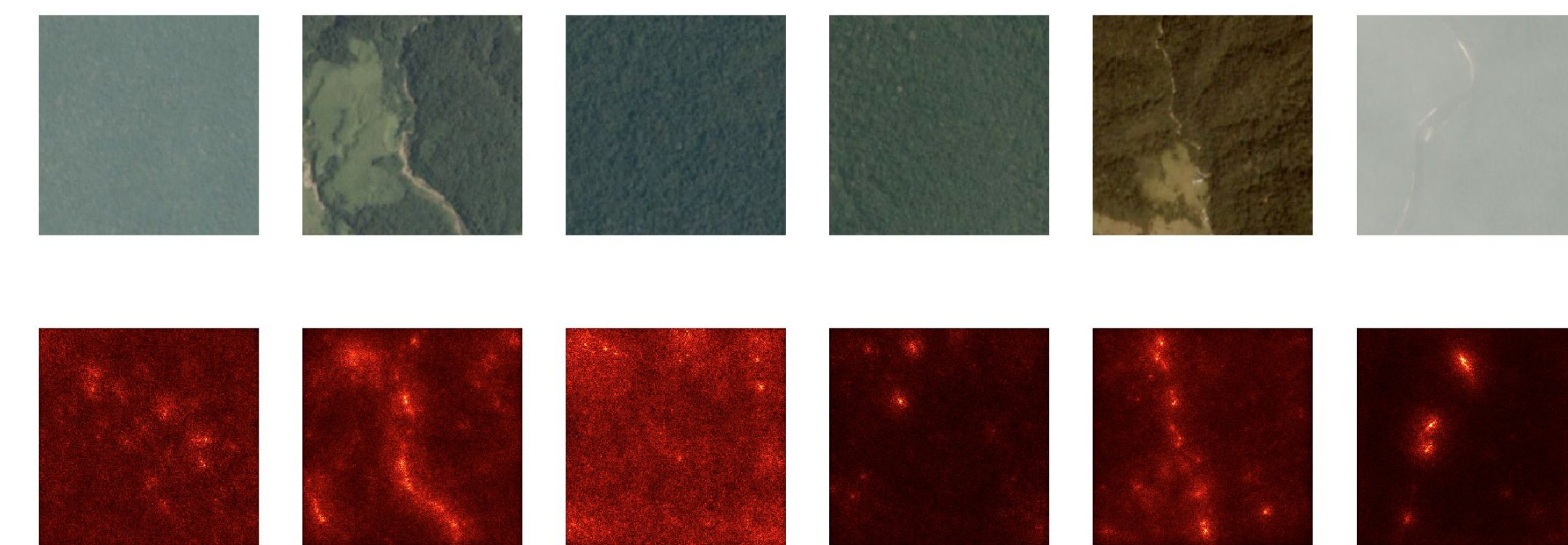


Figure 3. Sum of saliency maps of all correct labels for images