



CS231n: Deep Learning for Computer Vision

Lecture 1: Introduction

Welcome to CS231n



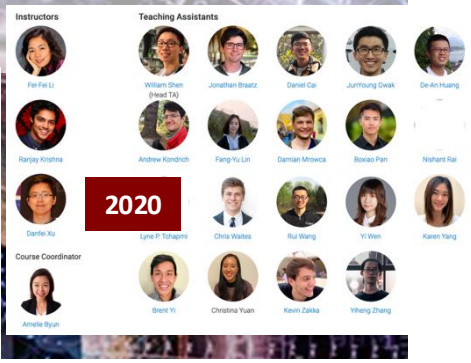
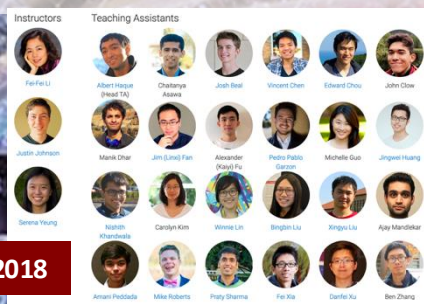
Welcome to CS231n

2015



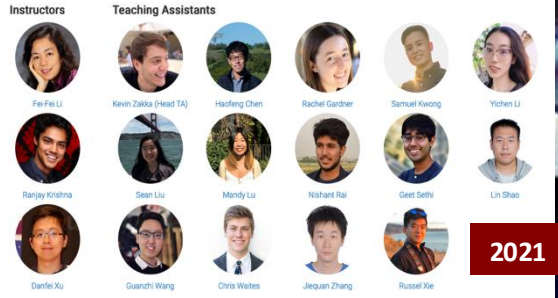
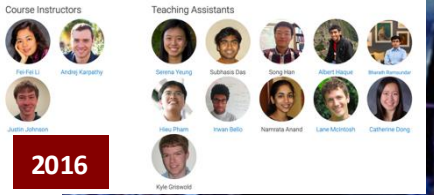
2017

2018



2020

2016



2021



2023



2025

CS231n 10th Anniversary

CS231n – 2026 Edition



Fei-Fei Li



Ehsan Adeli



Zane Durante

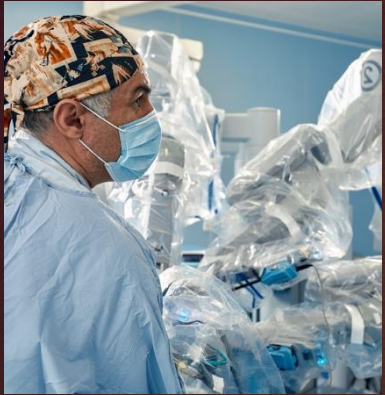


Justin Johnson



Tiange Xiang







**Neural
networks**

Modern AI Revolution

Big Data
IMAGENET

GPUs

Artificial Intelligence

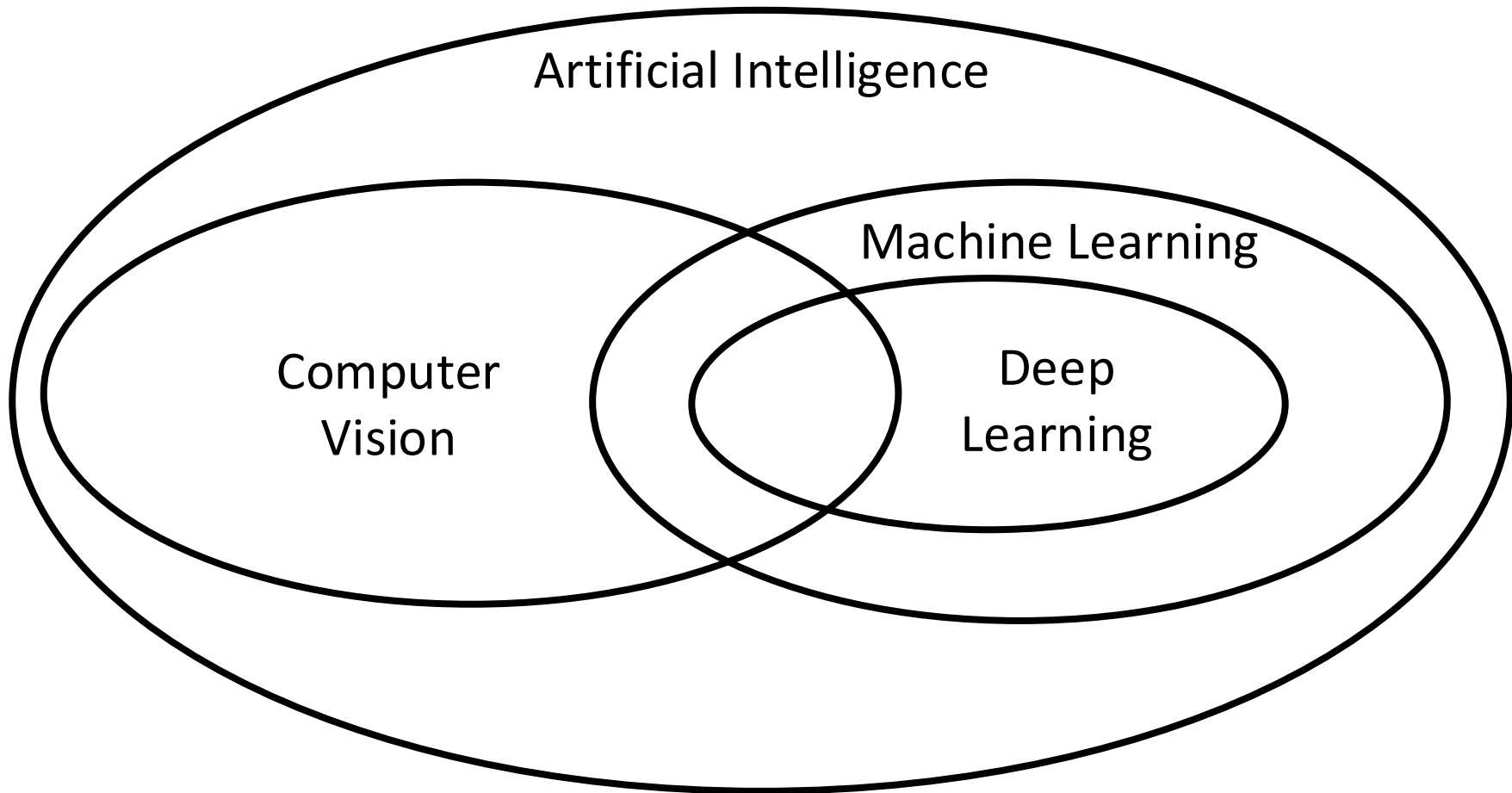
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Artificial Intelligence

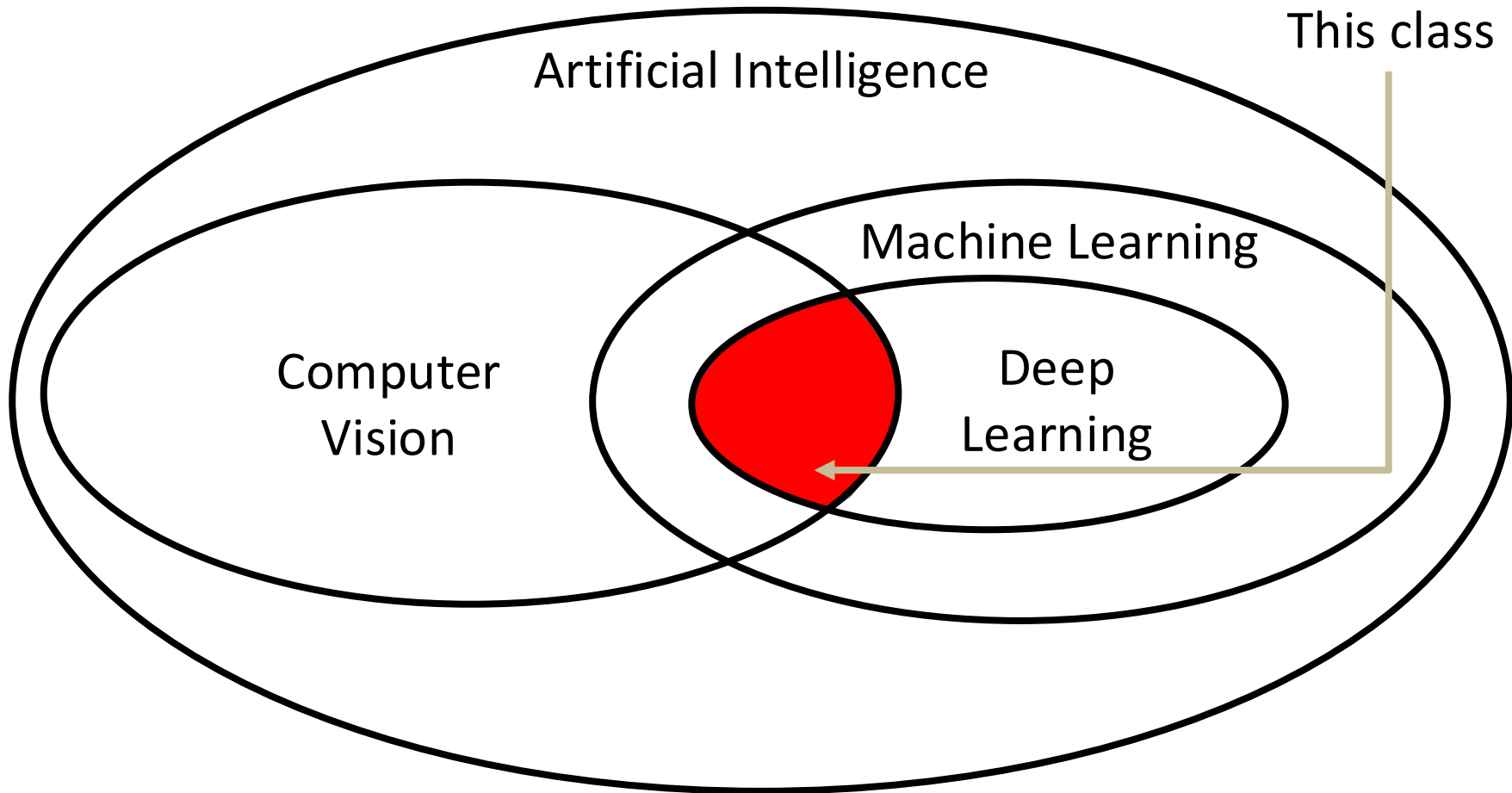
Machine Learning

Computer
Vision

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



This class

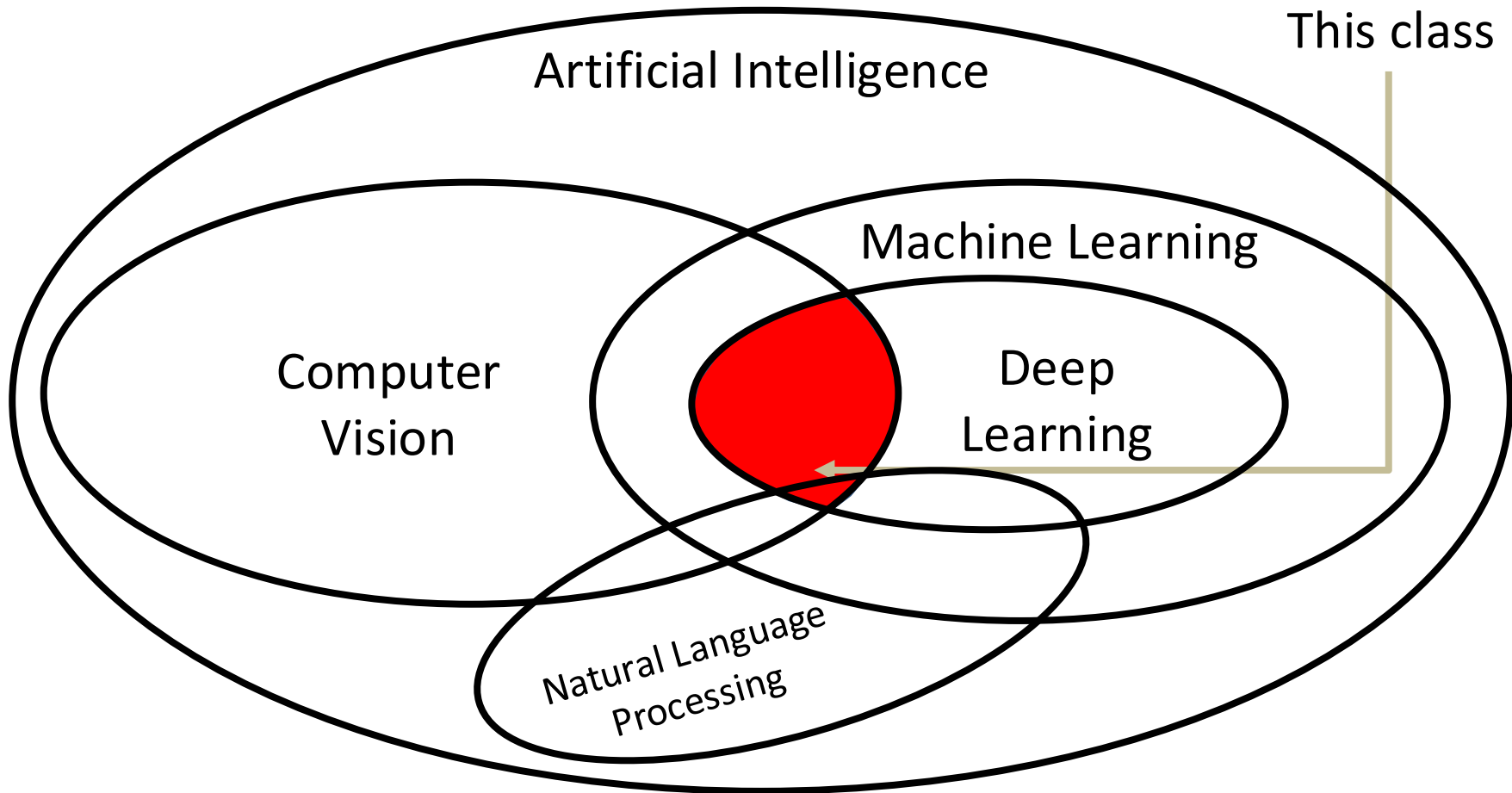
Artificial Intelligence

Machine Learning

Computer
Vision

Deep
Learning

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



This class

Artificial Intelligence

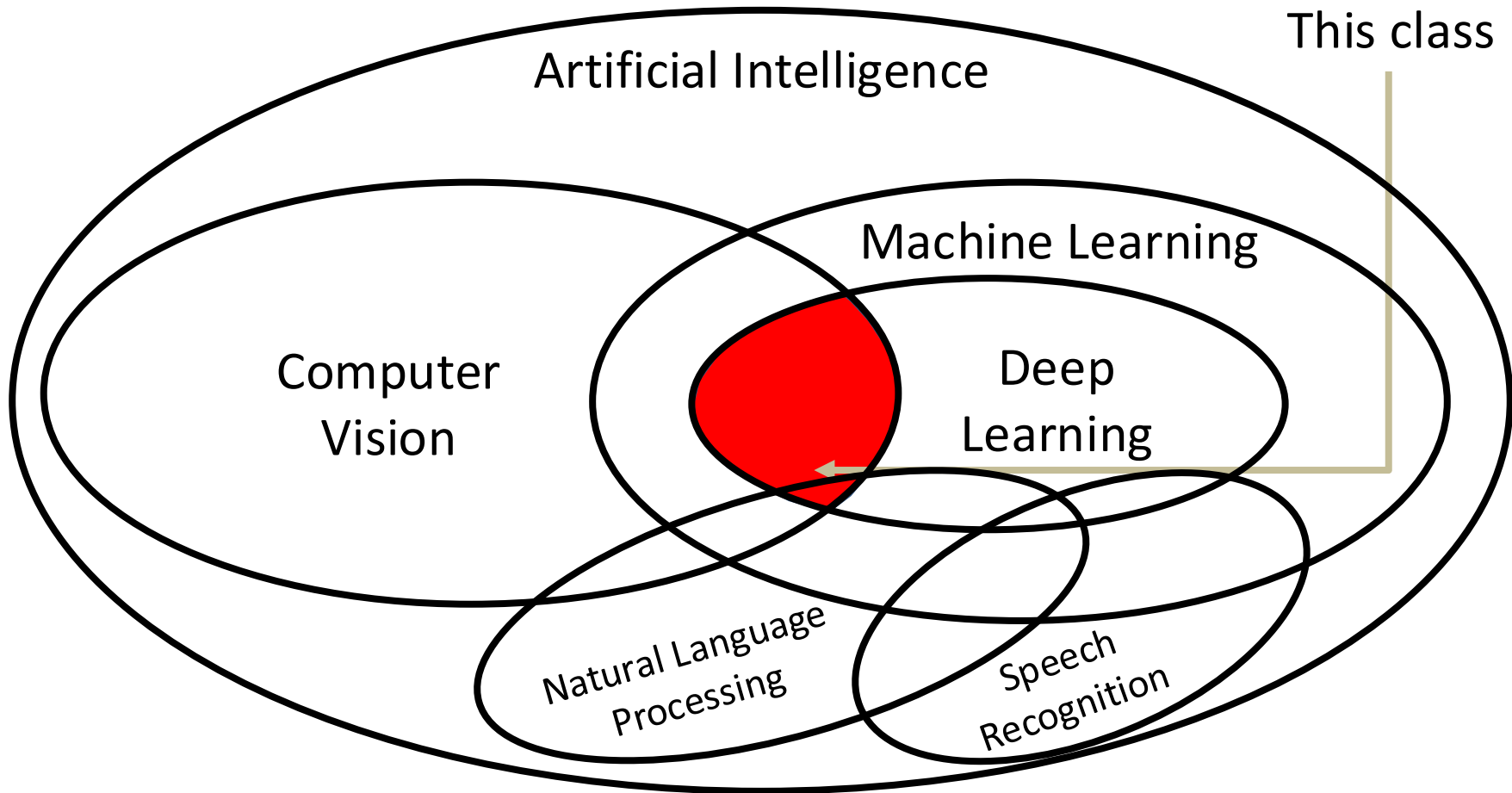
Machine Learning

Computer
Vision

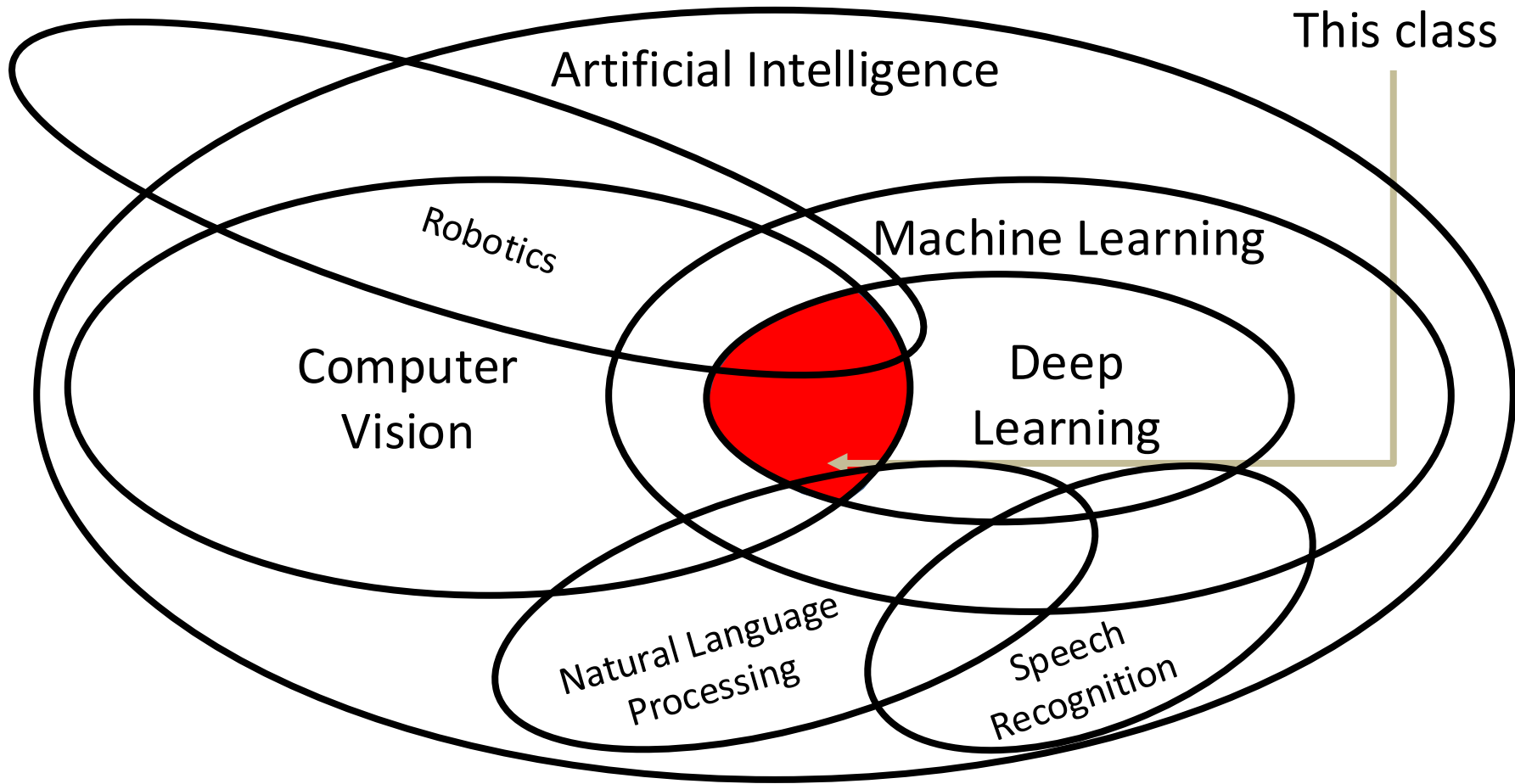
Deep
Learning

Natural Language
Processing

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



This class

Artificial Intelligence

Robotics

Machine Learning

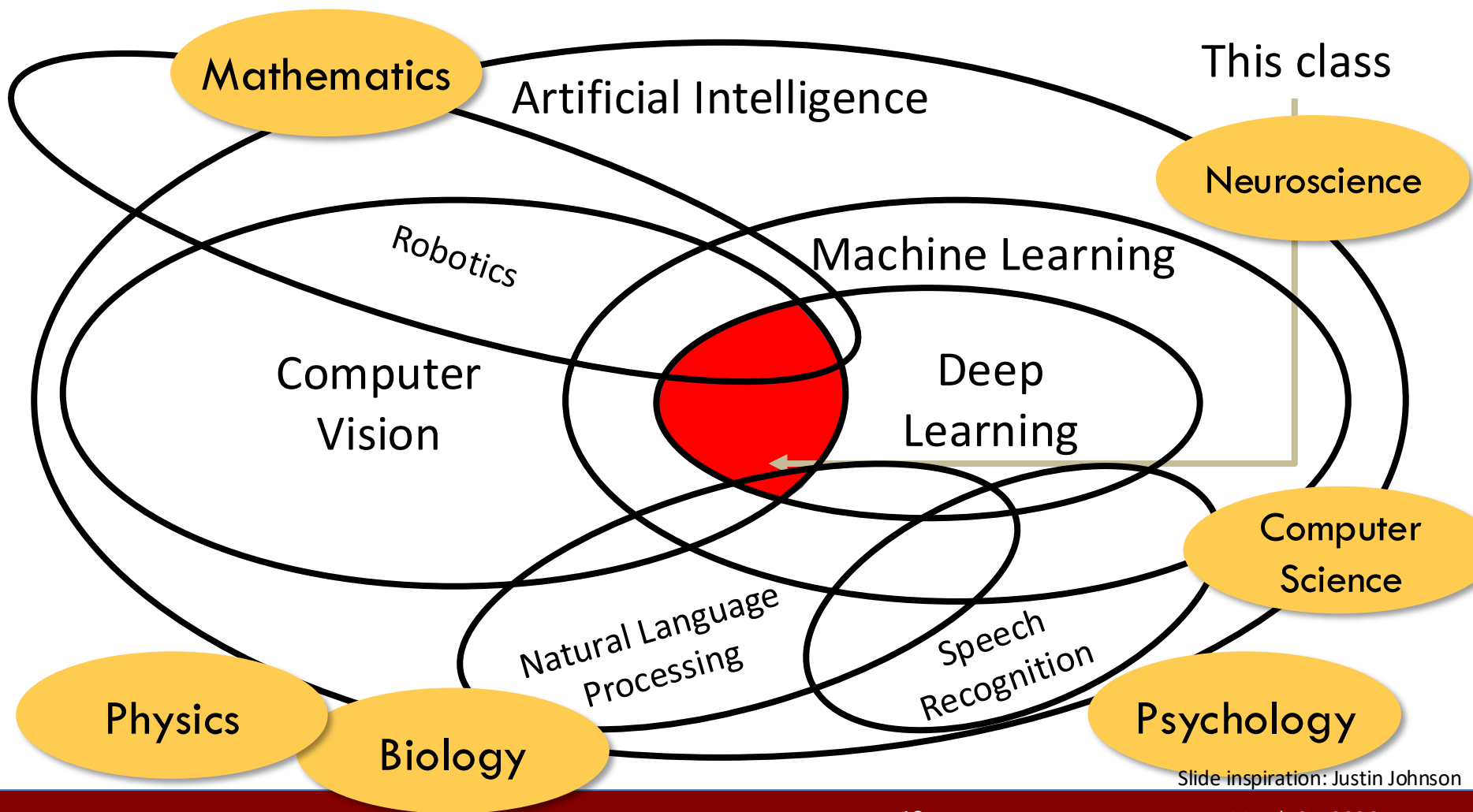
Computer
Vision

Deep
Learning

Natural Language
Processing

Speech
Recognition

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Today's agenda

- A brief history of computer vision and deep learning
- CS231n overview

Evolution's Big Bang: Cambrian Explosion, 530-540million years, B.C.



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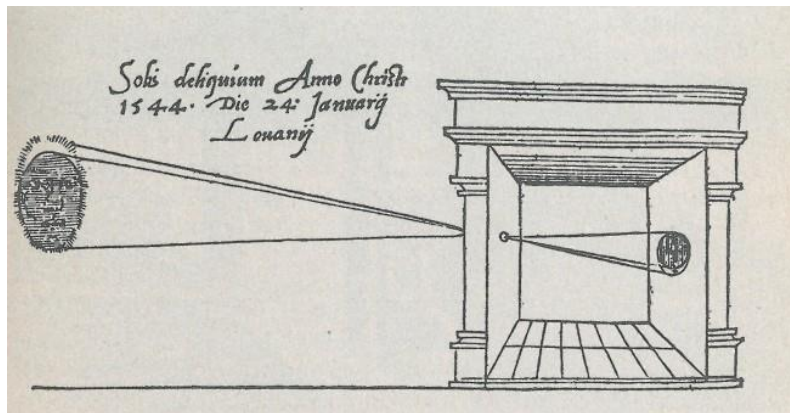


March 31, 2026

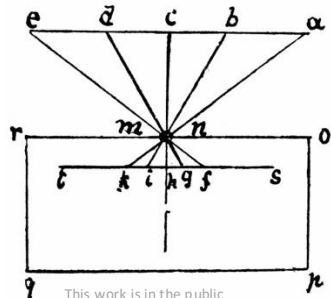


Camera Obscura

Gemma Frisius, 1545



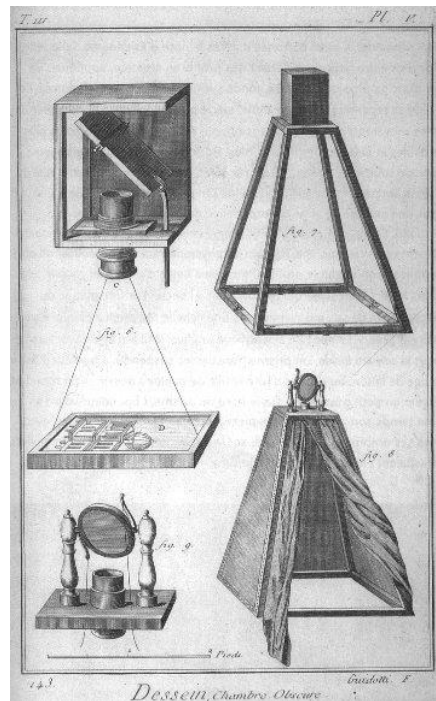
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Leonardo da Vinci,
16th Century AD

Encyclopedia, 18th Century



Dessein, Chambers Obscure
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Computer Vision is everywhere!



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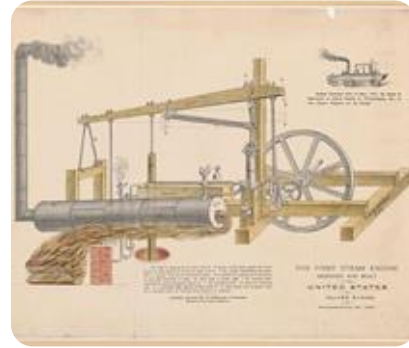
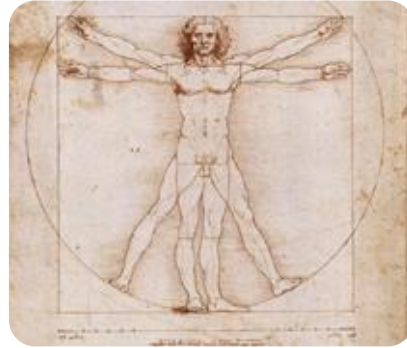


Bottom row, left to right
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Human development depends on visual intelligence



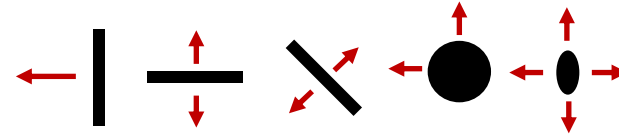
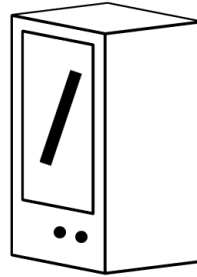
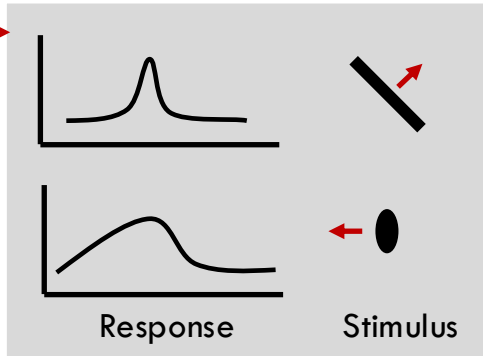
Humans build civilization using visual intelligence



Where did we come from?

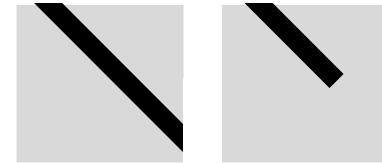
Hubel and Wiesel, 1959

Measure
brain activity



Simple cells:
Response to specific
rotation and orientation

Complex cells:
Response to light
orientation and
movement, some
translation invariance



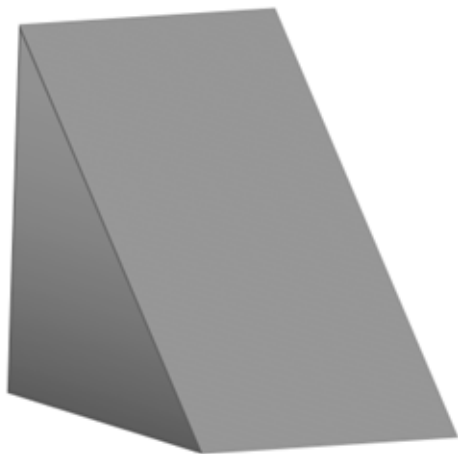
No response

Cat image by CNX OpenStax is licensed under CC BY 4.0; changes made

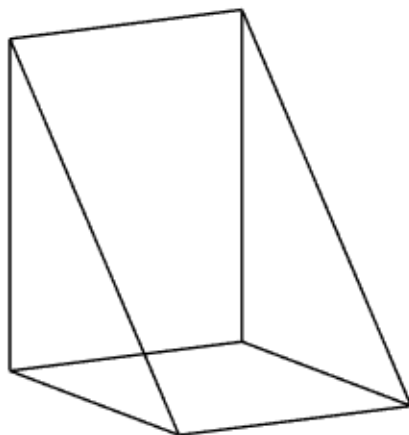
1959
Hubel & Wiesel

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

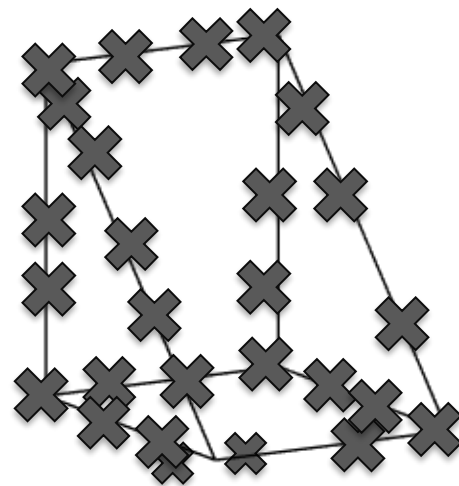
Larry Roberts, 1963



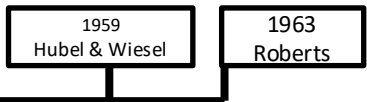
(a) Original picture



(b) Differentiated picture



(c) Feature points selected



MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Group
Vision Memo. No. 100.

July 7, 1966

THE SUMMER VISION PROJECT

Seymour Papert

The summer vision project is an attempt to use our summer workers effectively in the construction of a significant part of a visual system. The particular task was chosen partly because it can be segmented into sub-problems which will allow individuals to work independently and yet participate in the construction of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

1959

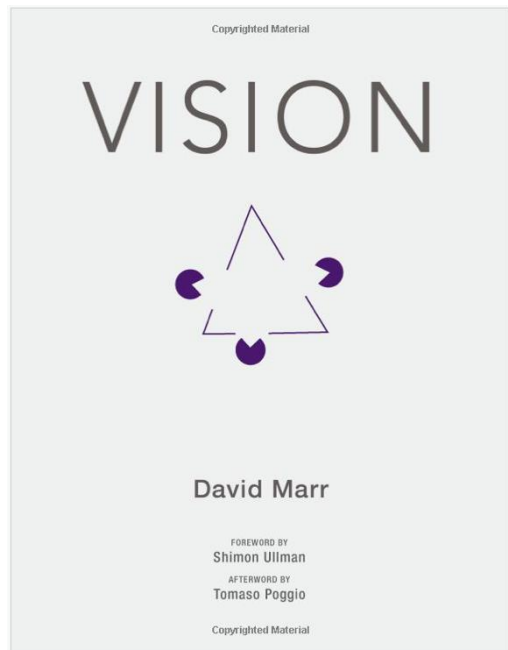
Hubel & Wiesel

1963

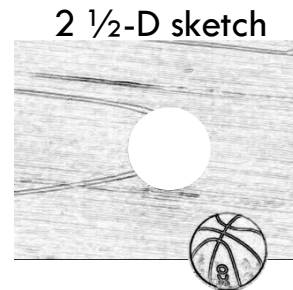
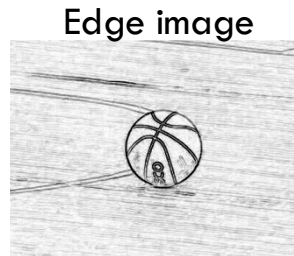
Roberts

<https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/6125>

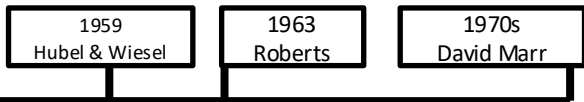
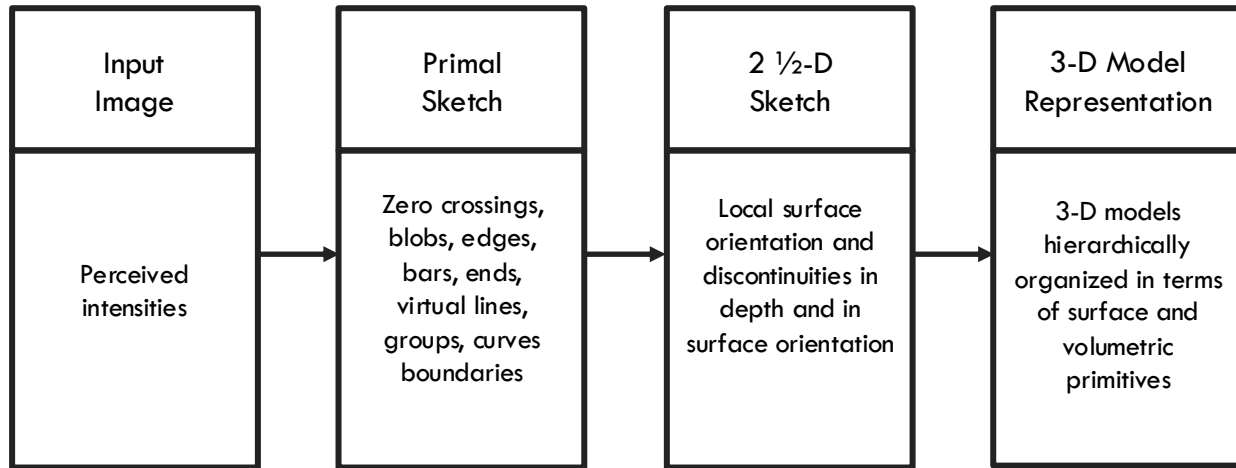
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



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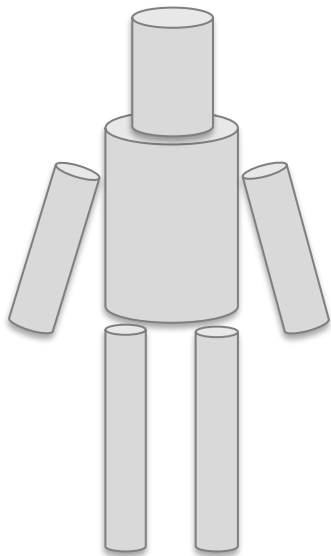
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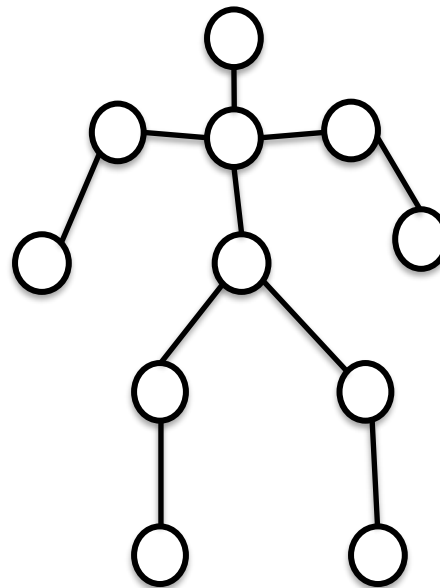
Stages of Visual Representation, David Marr, 1970s

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Recognition via Parts (1970s)



Generalized Cylinders,
Brooks and Binford,
1979

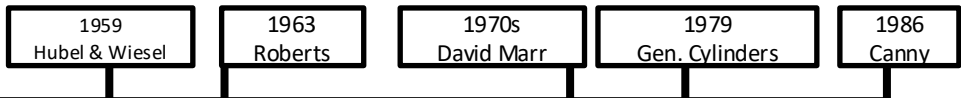


Pictorial Structures,
Fischler and Elshlager, 1973



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Recognition via Edge Detection (1980s)



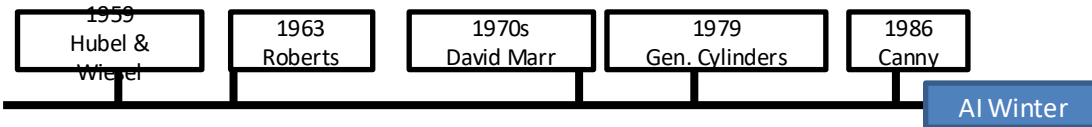
John Canny, 1986
David Lowe, 1987

[image.js](#) CC0 1.0, public domain

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Arriving at an “AI winter”

- Enthusiasm (and funding!) for AI research dwindled
- “Expert Systems” failed to deliver on their promises
- But subfields of AI continues to grow
 - Computer vision, NLP, robotics, compbio, etc.



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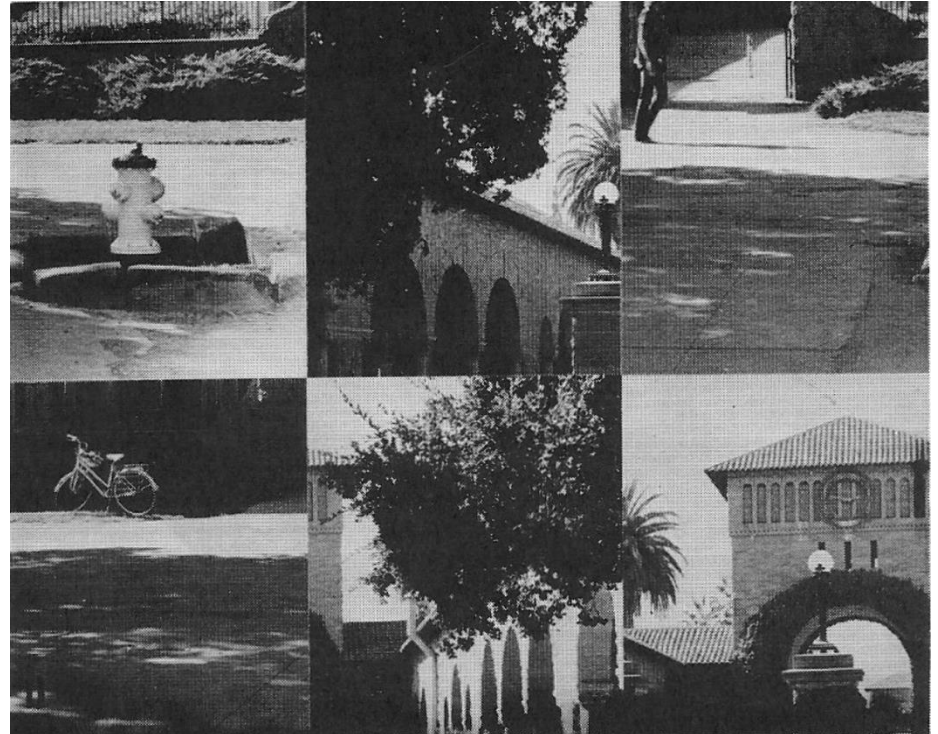
[Right Image is CC-BY 2.0; changes made](#)

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

In the meantime...seminal work in cognitive and neuroscience

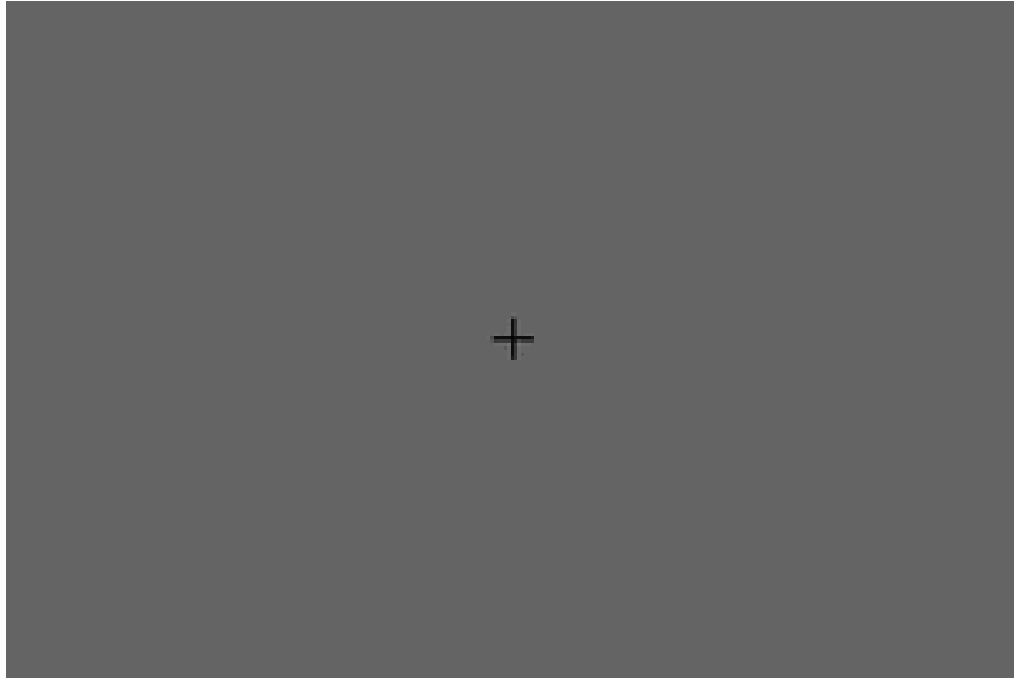
Perceiving Real-World Scenes

Irving Biederman



I. Biederman, *Science*, 1972

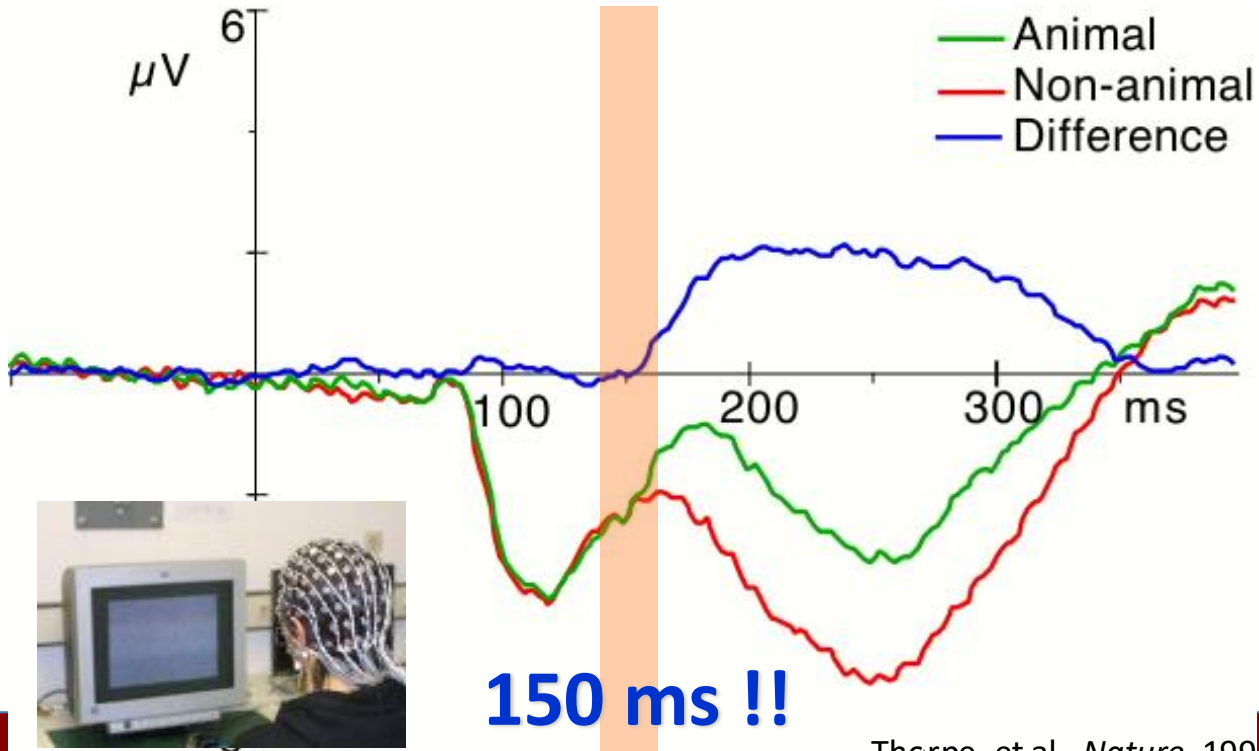
Rapid Serial Visual Perception (RSVP)



Potter, etc. 1970s

Speed of processing in the human visual system

Simon Thorpe, Denis Fize & Catherine Marlot



150 ms !!

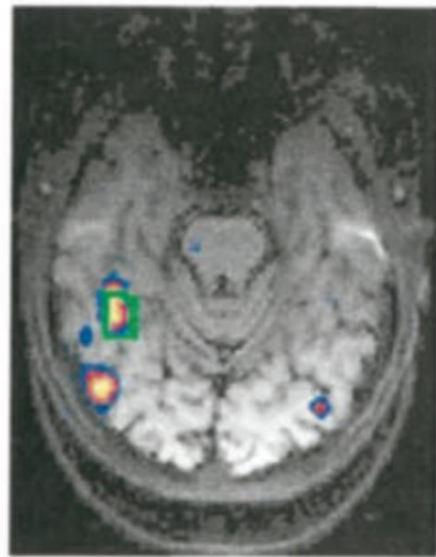
Thorpe, et al. *Nature*, 1996

March 31, 2026

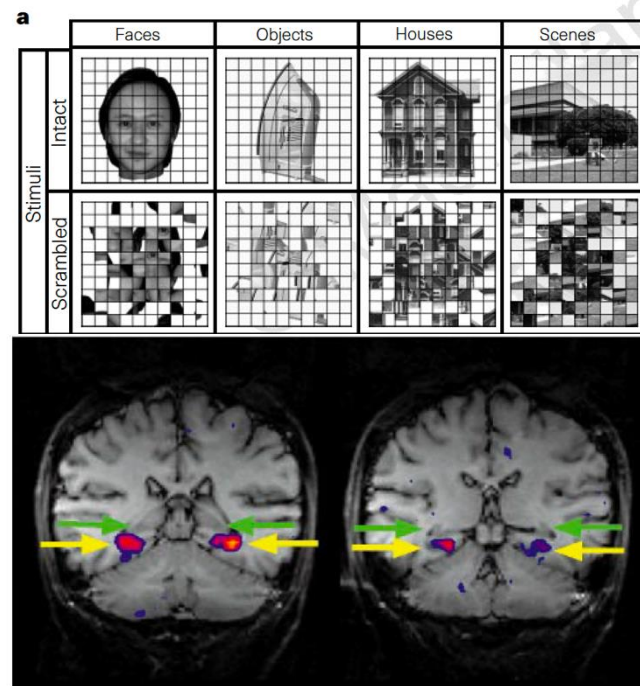


Neural correlates of object & scene recognition

Faces > Houses

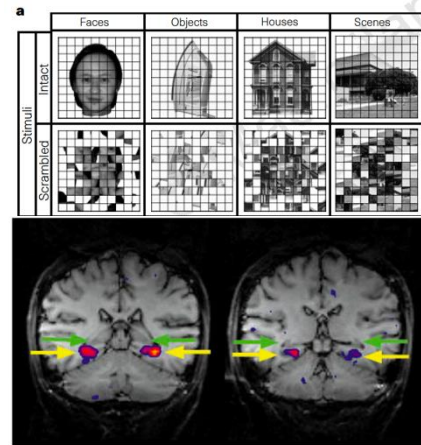


Kanwisher et al. J. Neuro. 1997

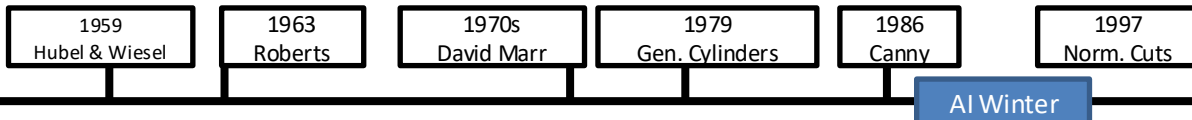


Epstein & Kanwisher, Nature, 1998

Visual recognition is a fundamental task for visual intelligence



Recognition via Grouping (1990s)



Normalized Cuts, Shi and Malik, 1997

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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

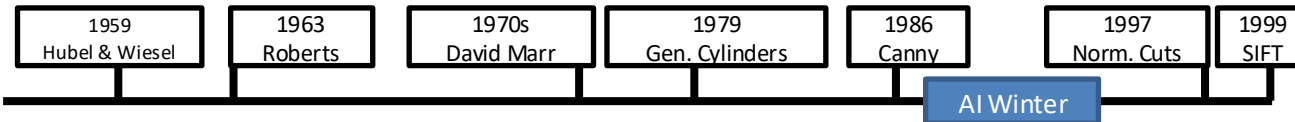
Recognition via Matching (2000s)



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[Image](#). is public domain



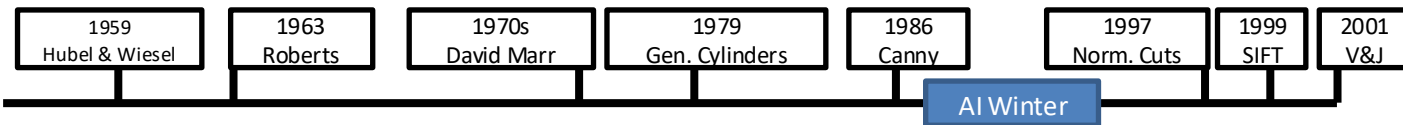
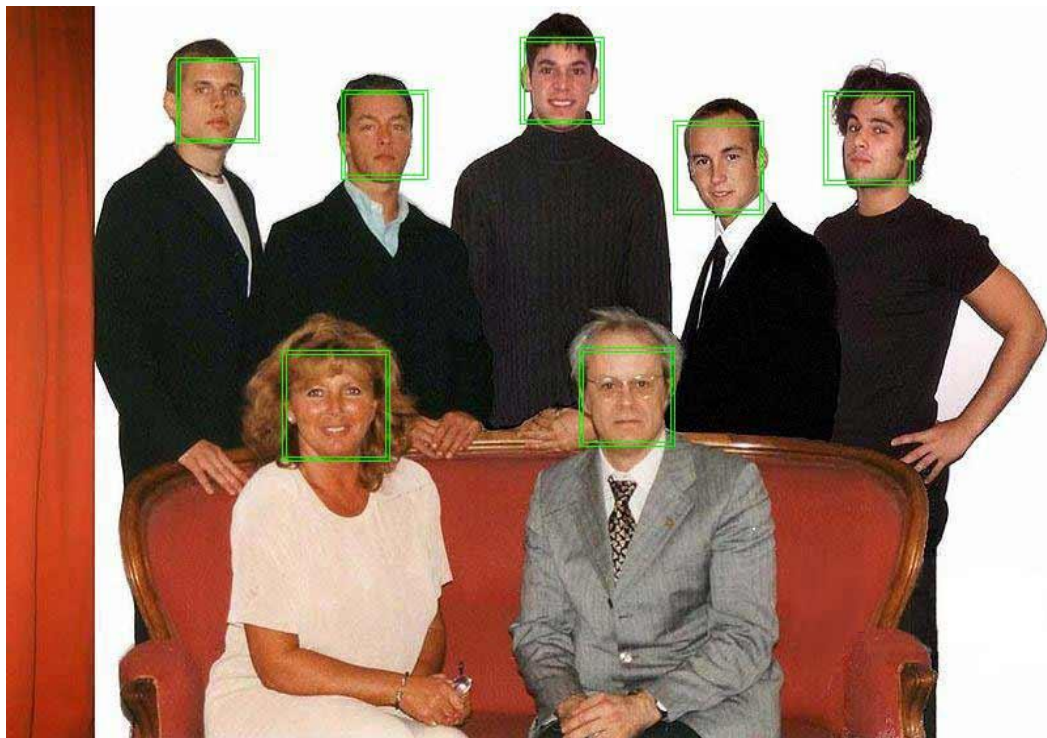
SIFT, David
Lowe, 1999

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Face Detection

Viola and Jones, 2001

One of the first successful applications of machine learning to vision



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Caltech 101 images



PASCAL Visual Object Challenge

Image is CC0 1.0 public domain

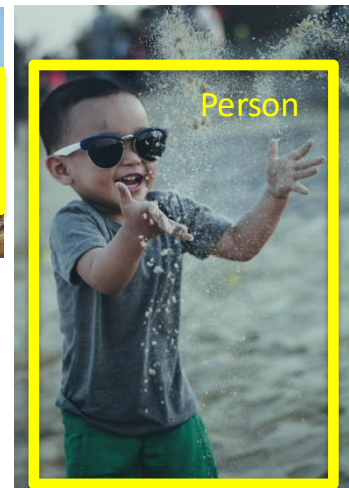
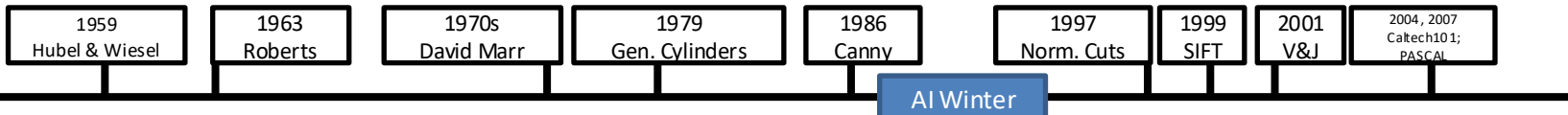


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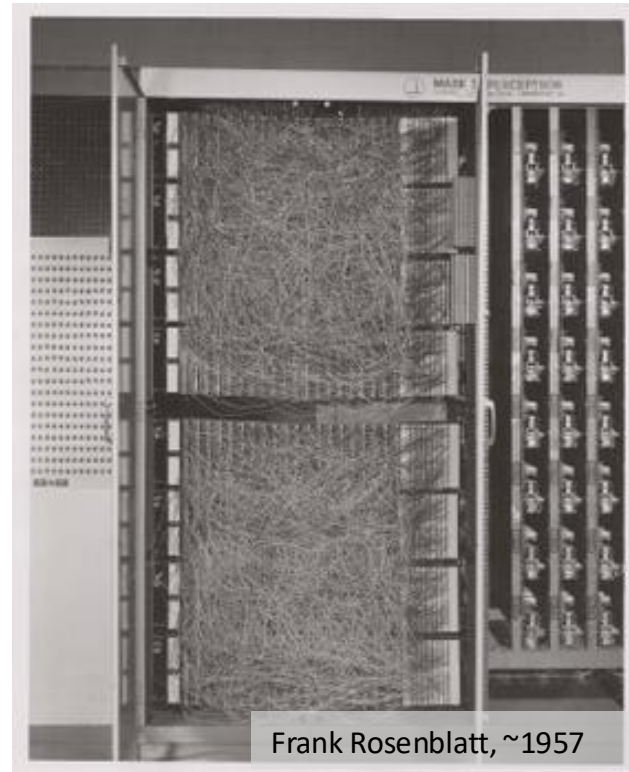
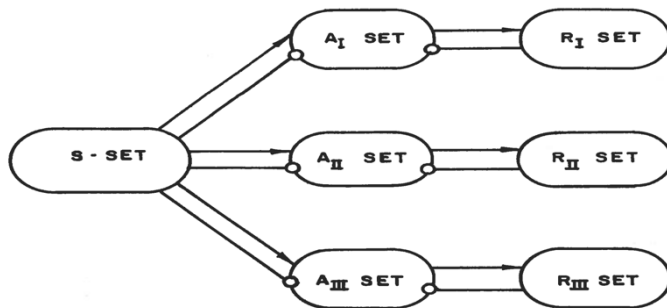
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Learning representations by back-propagating errors

David E. Rumelhart*, Geoffrey E. Hinton†
& Ronald J. Williams*

* Institute for Cognitive Science, C-015, University of California, San Diego, La Jolla, California 92093, USA

† Department of Computer Science, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Philadelphia 15213, USA



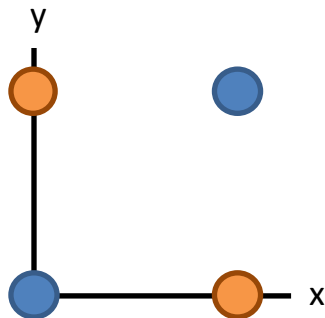
Frank Rosenblatt, ~1957



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

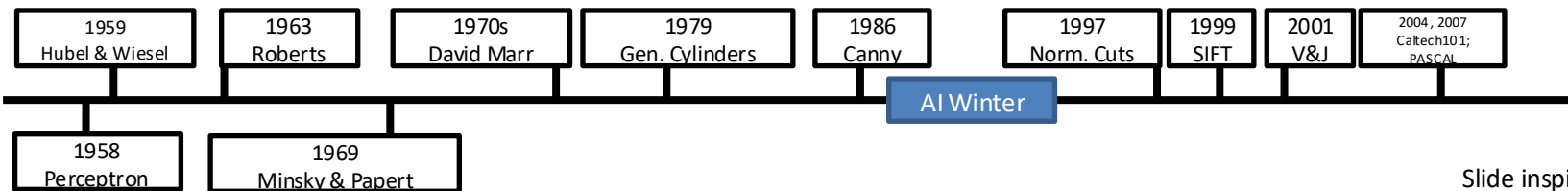
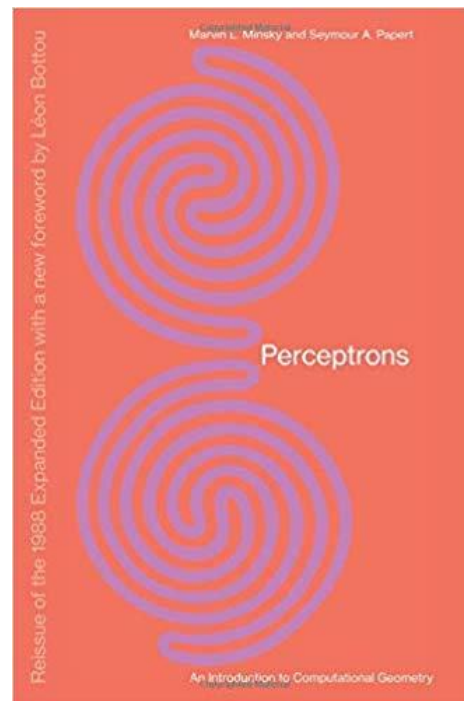
Minsky and Papert, 1969

X	Y	$F(x,y)$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



Showed that Perceptrons could not learn the XOR function

Caused a lot of disillusionment in the field



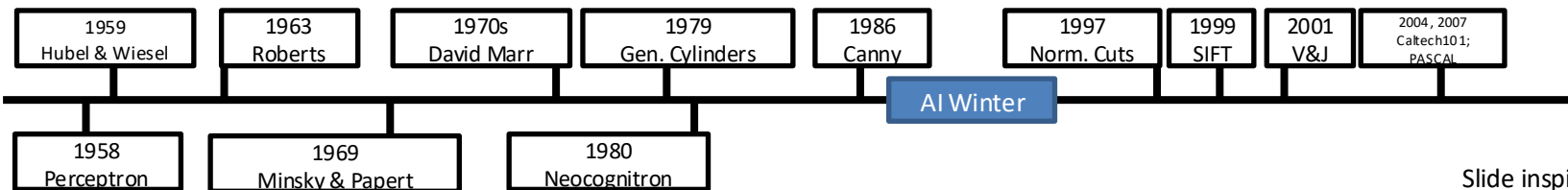
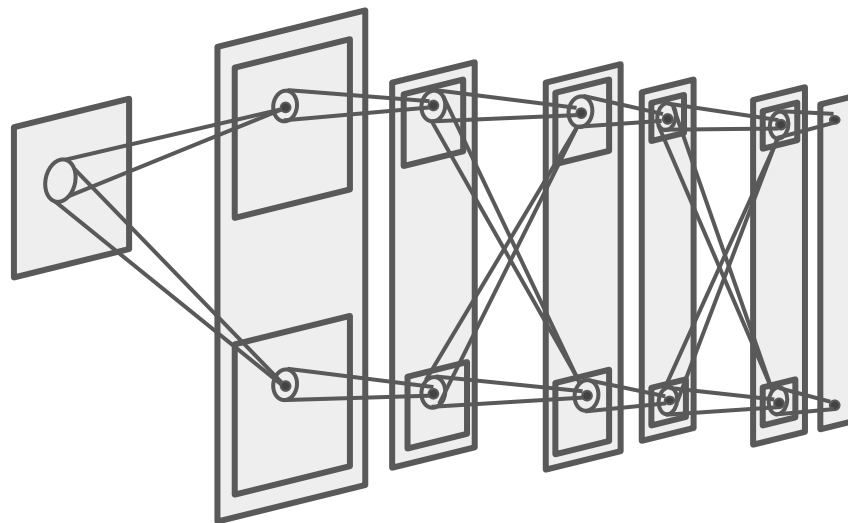
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Neocognitron: Fukushima, 1980

Computational model the visual system,
directly inspired by Hubel and Wiesel's
hierarchy of complex and simple cells

Interleaved simple cells (convolution)
and complex cells (pooling)

No practical training algorithm

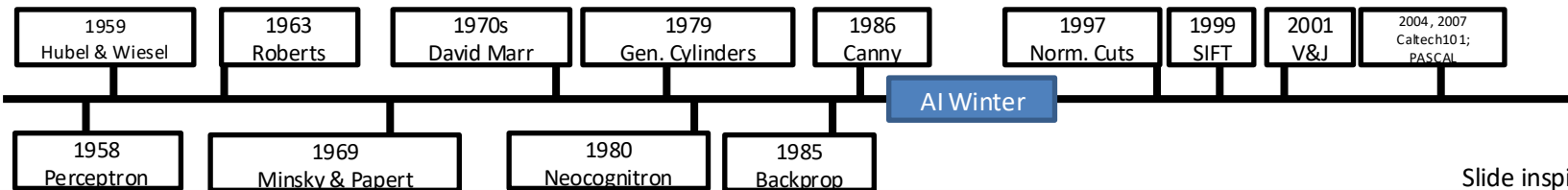
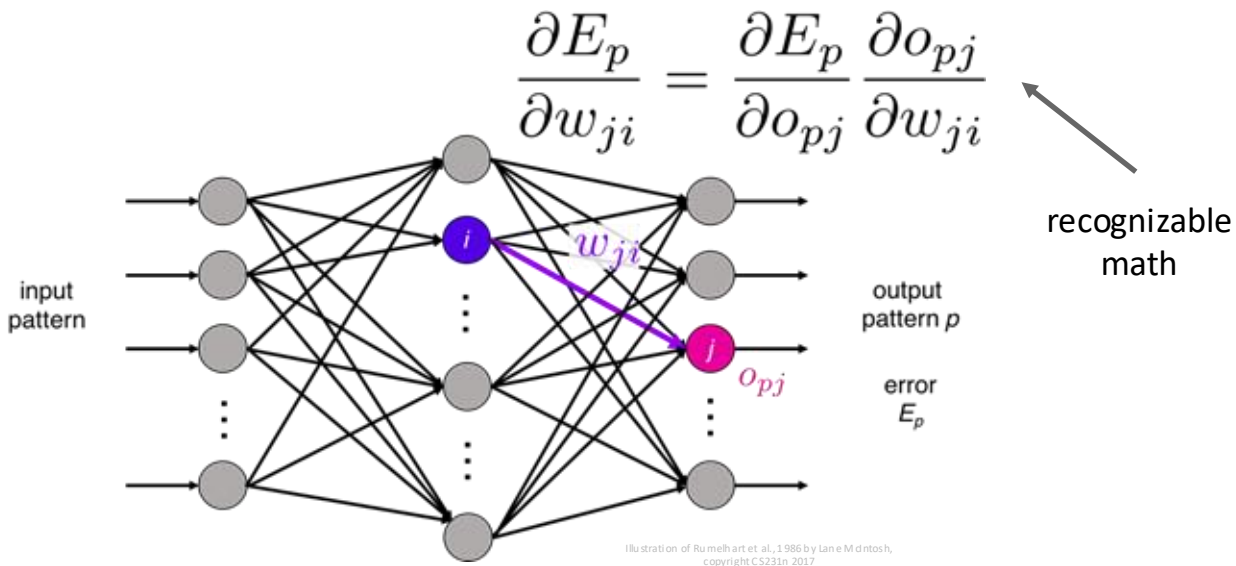


Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Backprop: Rumelhart, Hinton, and Williams, 1986

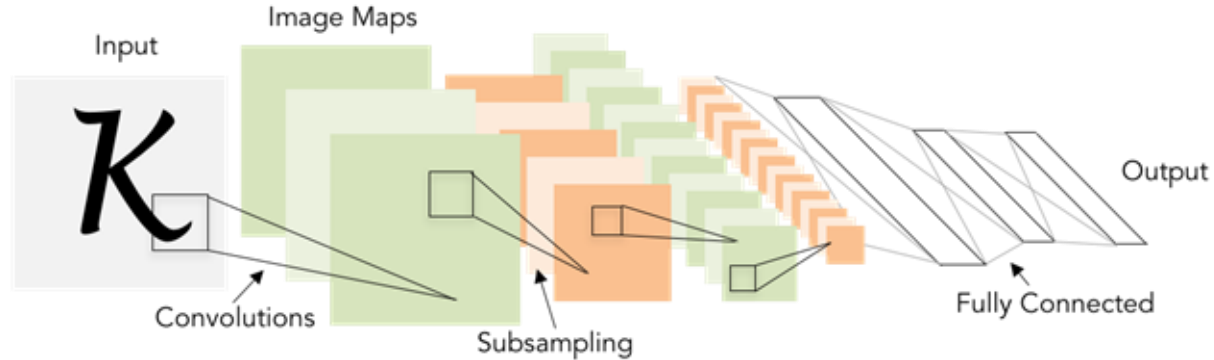
Introduced backpropagation for computing gradients in neural networks

Successfully trained perceptrons with multiple layers



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Convolutional Networks: LeCun et al, 1998

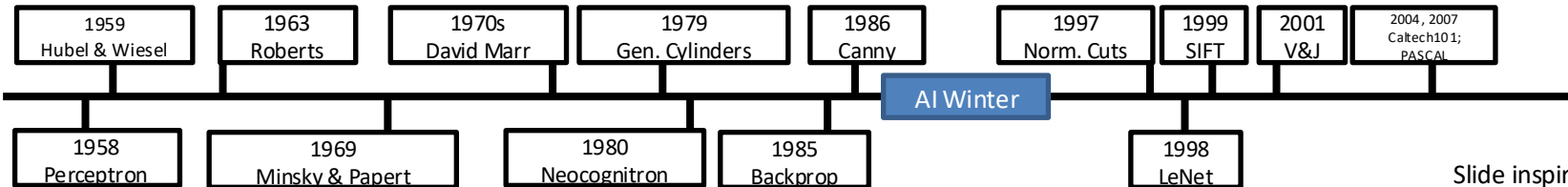


Applied backprop algorithm to a Neocognitron-like architecture

Learned to recognize handwritten digits

Was deployed in a commercial system by NEC, processed handwritten checks

Very similar to our modern convolutional networks!



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2000s: “Deep Learning”

People tried to train neural networks that were deeper and deeper

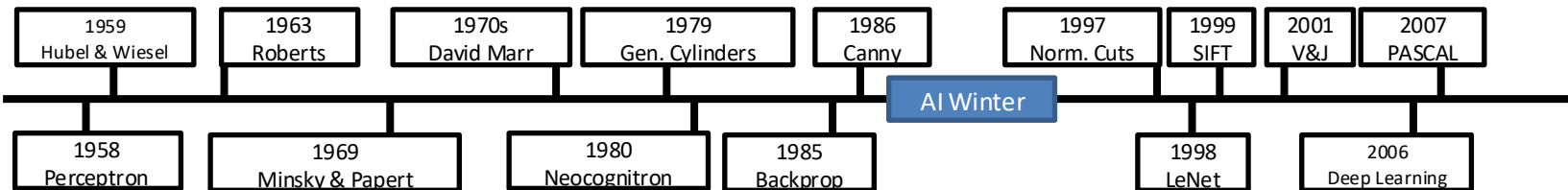
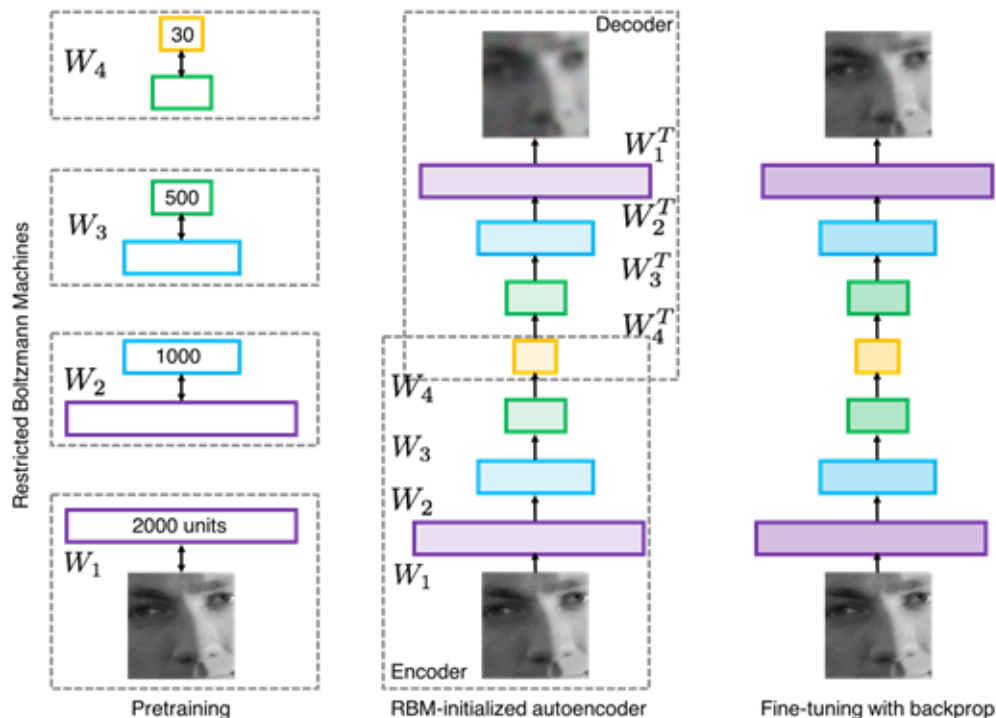
Not a mainstream research topic at this time

Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006

Bengio et al, 2007

Lee et al, 2009

Glorot and Bengio, 2010



2000s: “Deep Learning”

People tried to train neural networks that were deeper and deeper

Not a mainstream research topic at this time

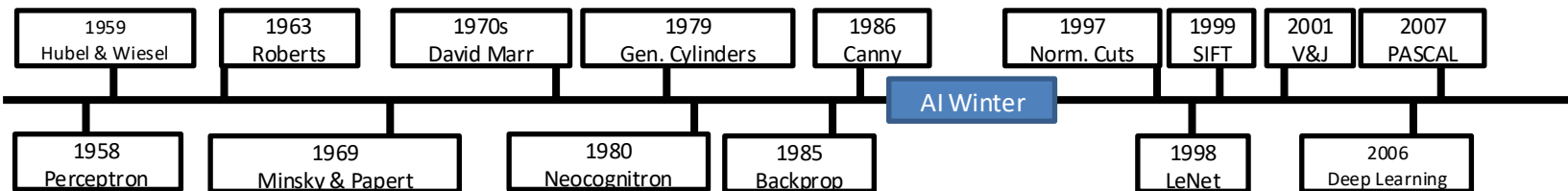
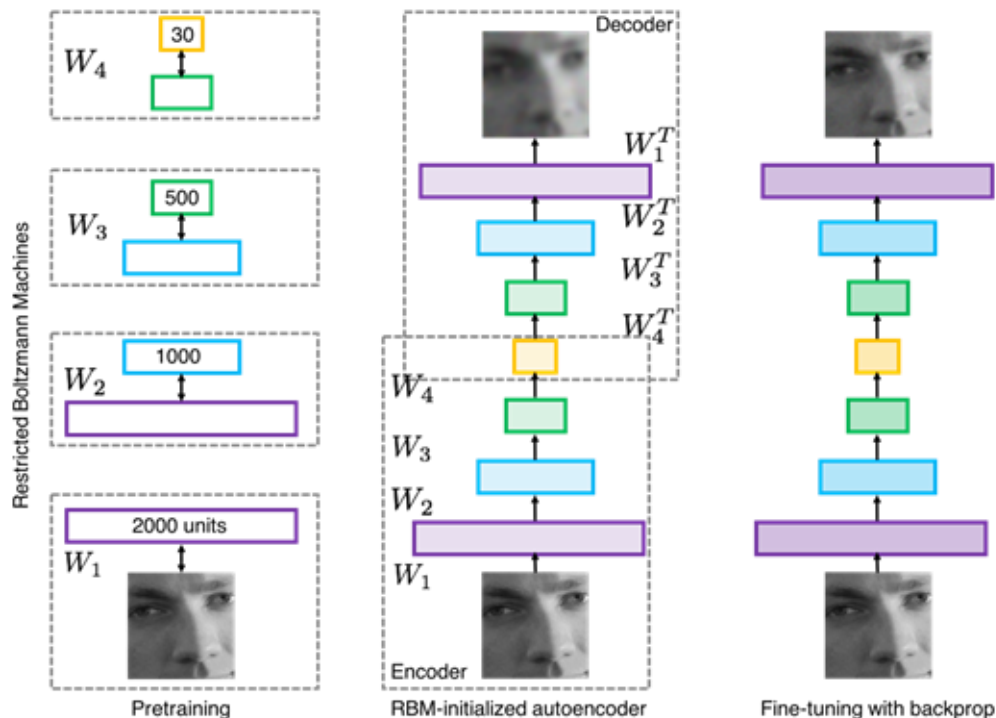
No good dataset to work on

Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006

Bengio et al, 2007

Lee et al, 2009

Glorot and Bengio, 2010



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

SUN, 131K images

[Xiao et al. **2010**]

LabelMe, 37K images

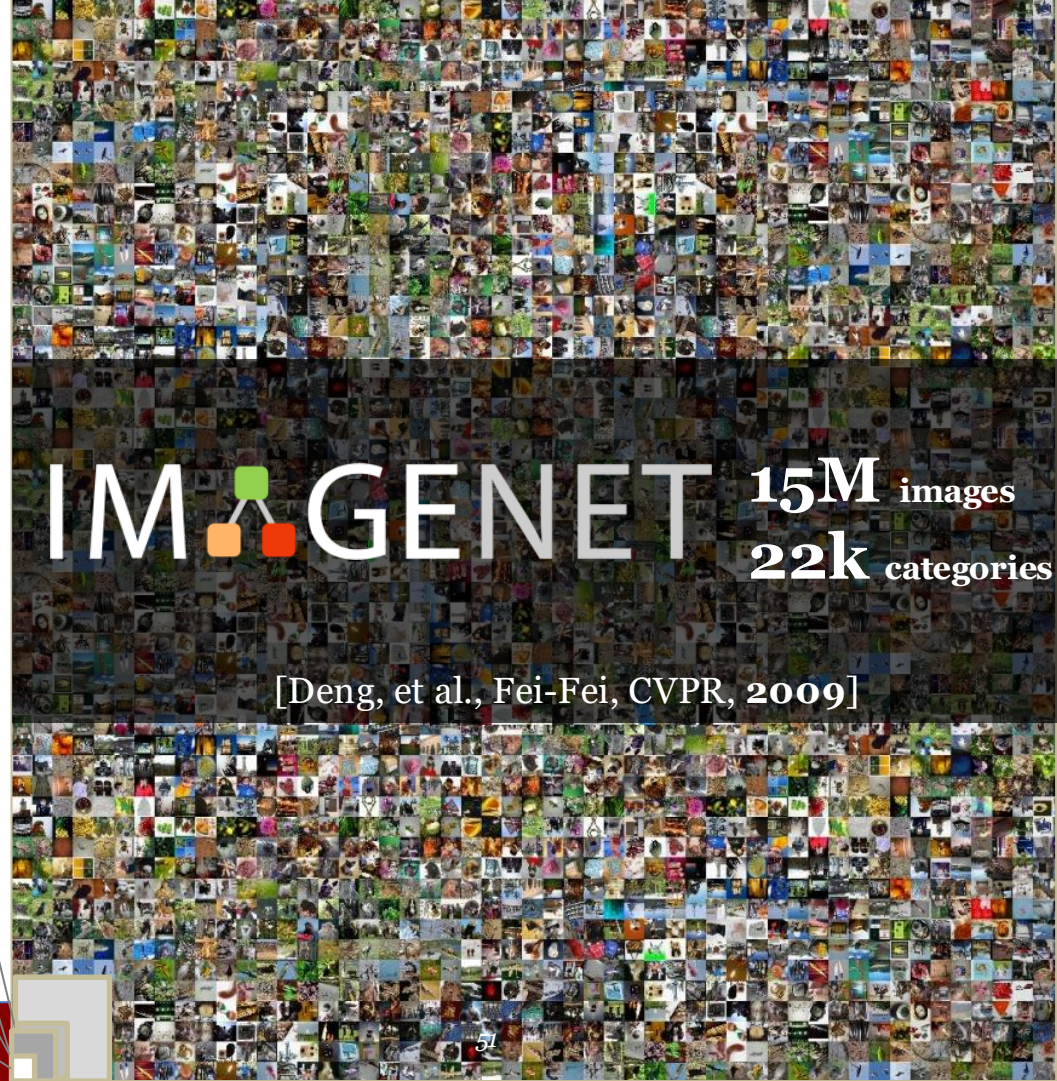
[Russell et al. **2007**]

PASCAL VOC, 30K
images

[Everingham et al. **2006-2012**]

Caltech101, 9K images

[Fei-Fei, Fergus, Perona, **2003**]



IMAGENET 15M images
22k categories

[Deng, et al., Fei-Fei, CVPR, **2009**]

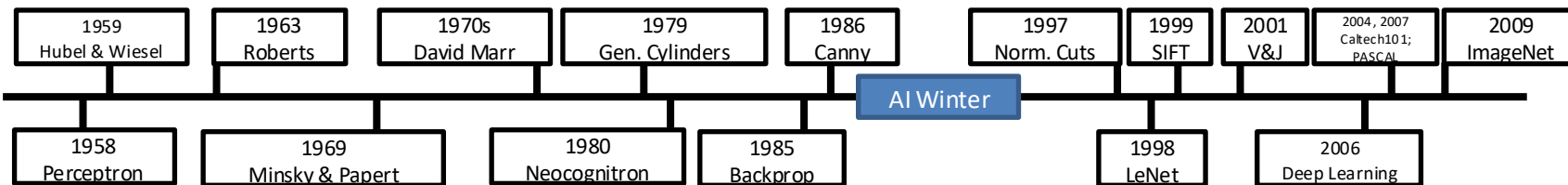
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge

The Image Classification Challenge:
1,000 object classes
1,431,167 images

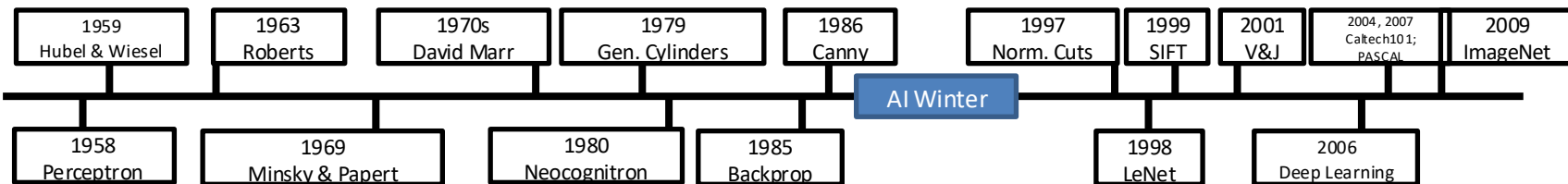
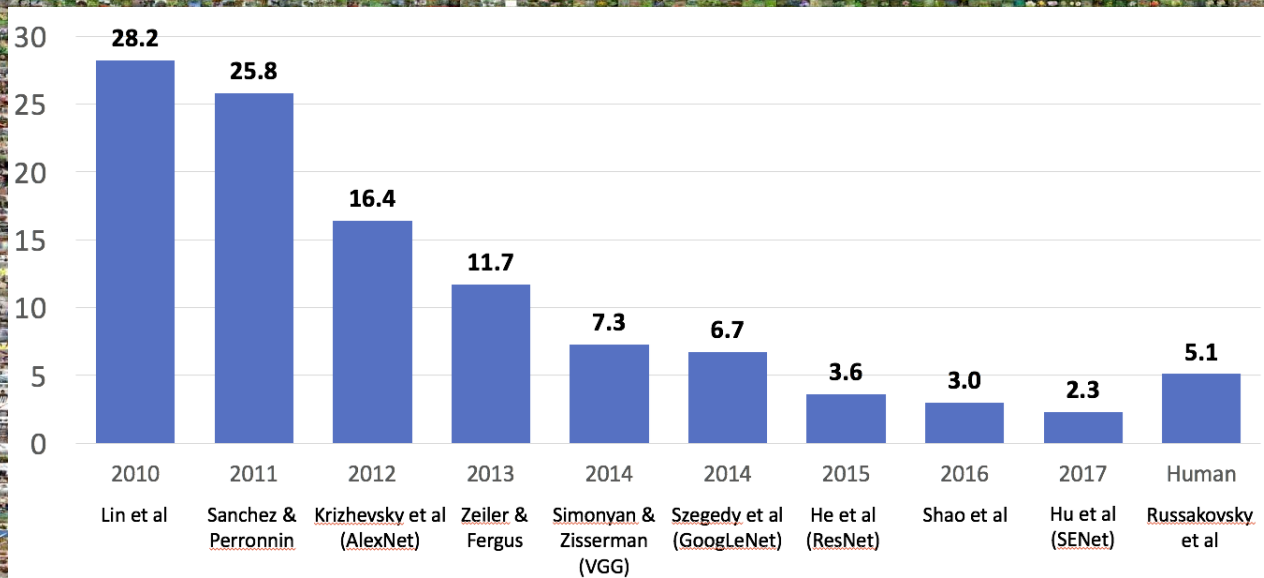


Output:
Scale
T-shirt
Steel drum
Drumstick
Mud turtle

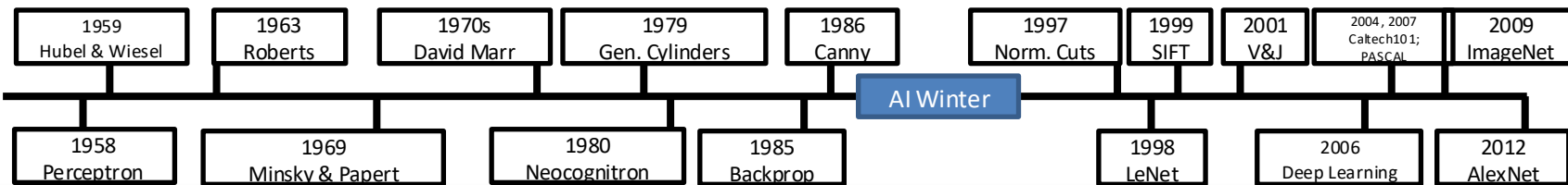
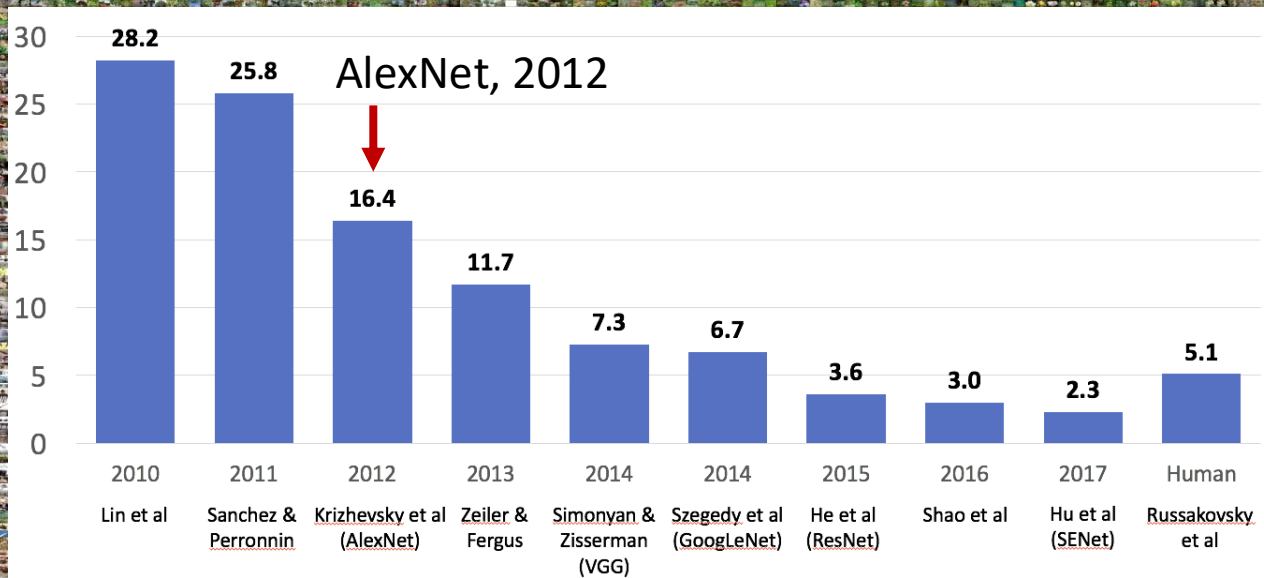
Deng et al, 2009
Russakovsky et al. IJCV 2015



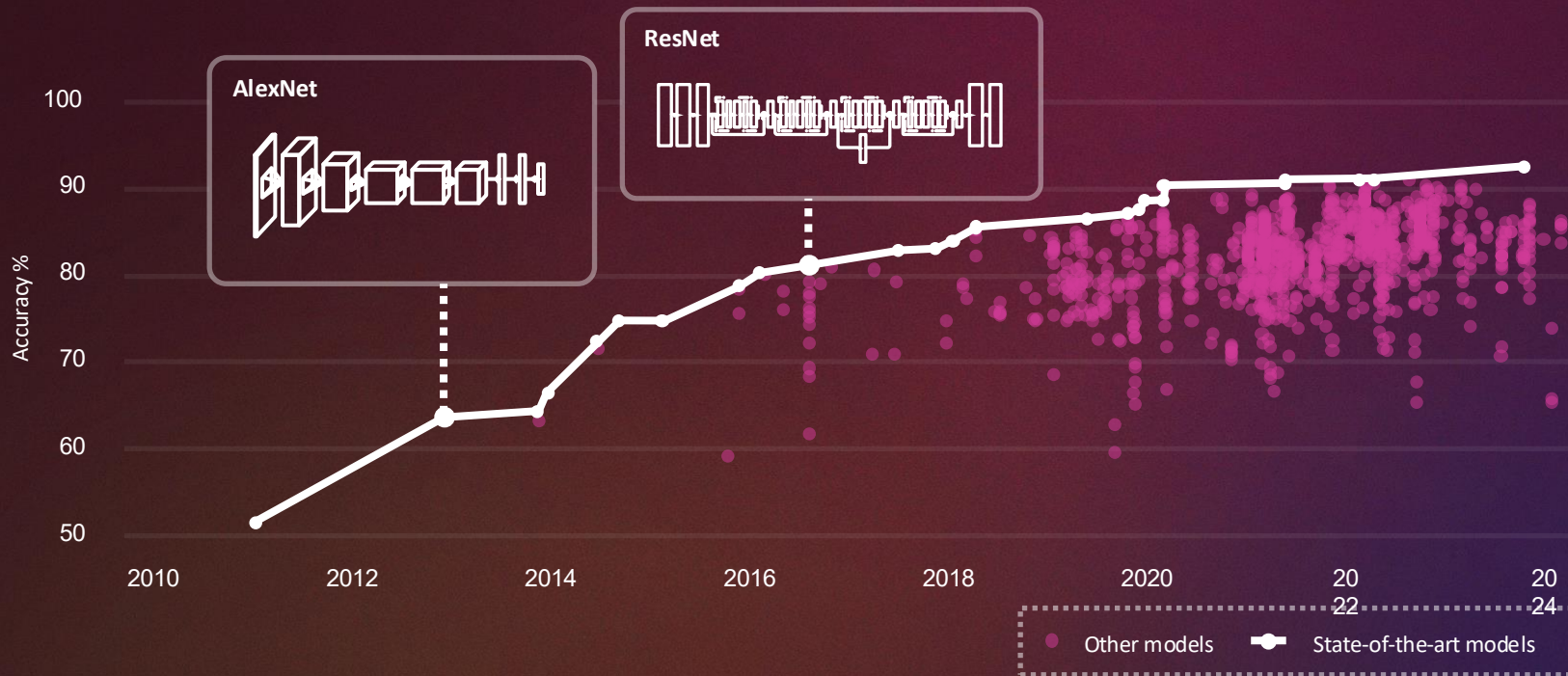
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



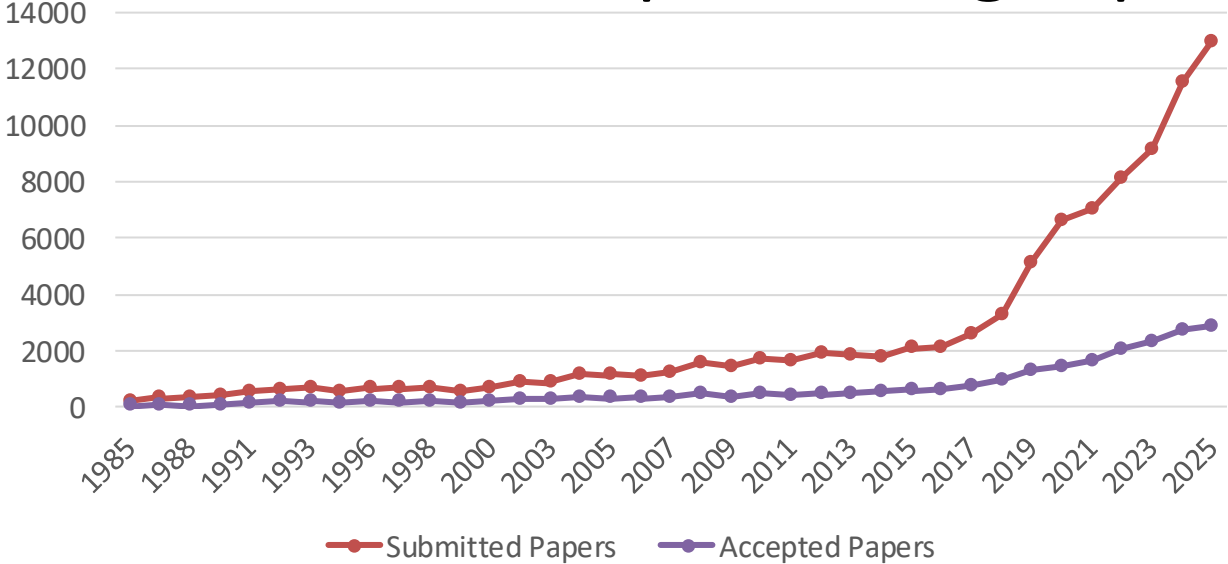
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



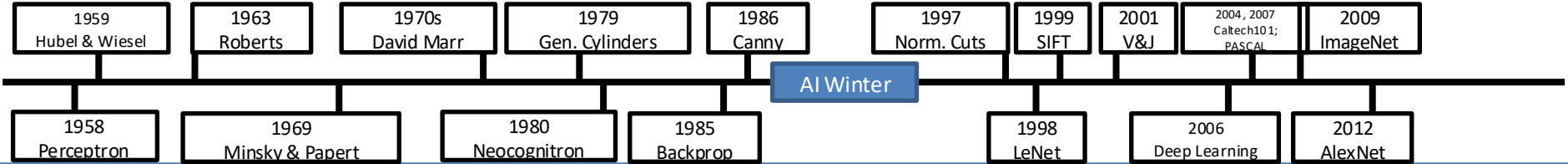
Top 1 Accuracy Model in Image Classification on IMAGENET Each Year



2012 to Present: Deep Learning Explosion



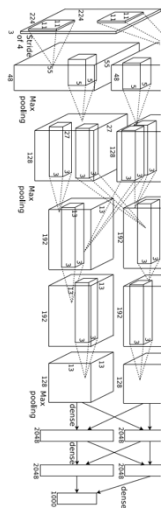
Publications at top Computer Vision conference



2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Year 2012

AlexNet

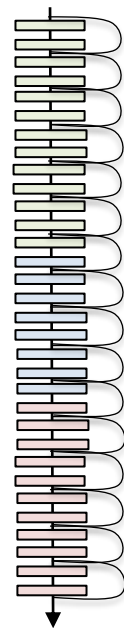


[Krizhevsky NIPS 2012]

Figure copyright Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, 2012. Reproduced with permission.

Year 2015

ResNet

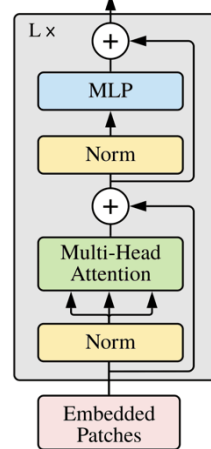


[He ICCV 2015]

Year 2021

Vision Transformer (ViT)

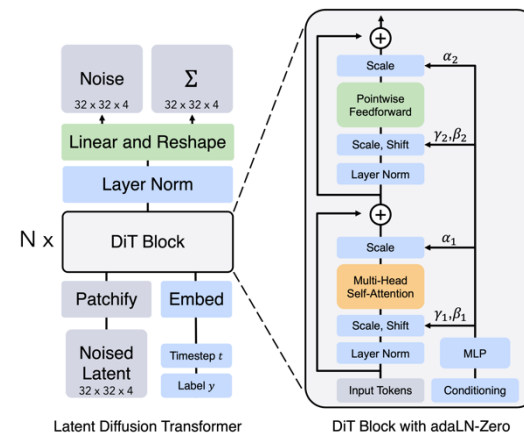
Transformer Encoder



[Dosovitskiy ICLR 2021]

Year 2023

Diffusion Transformer (DiT)



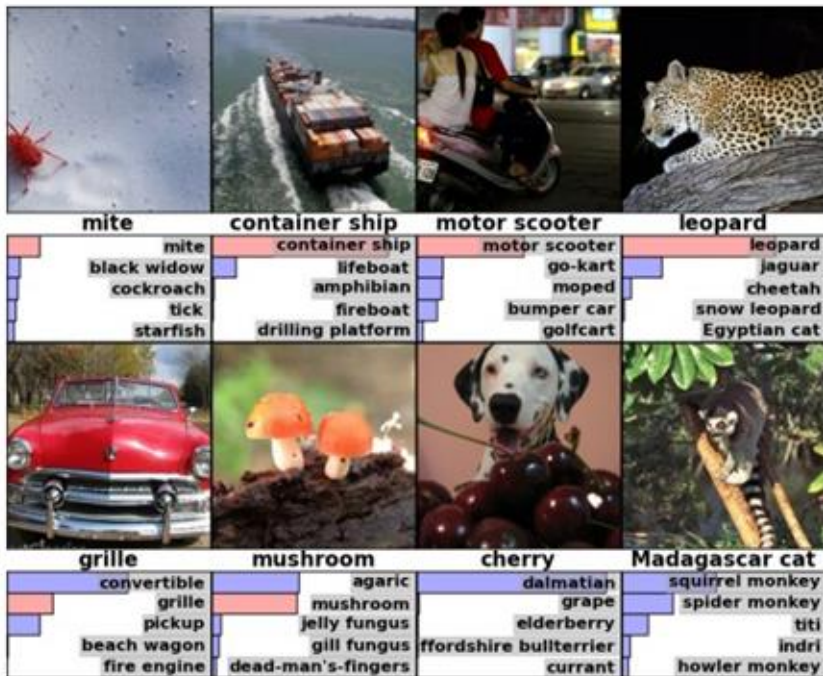
[Peebles ICCV 2023]

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

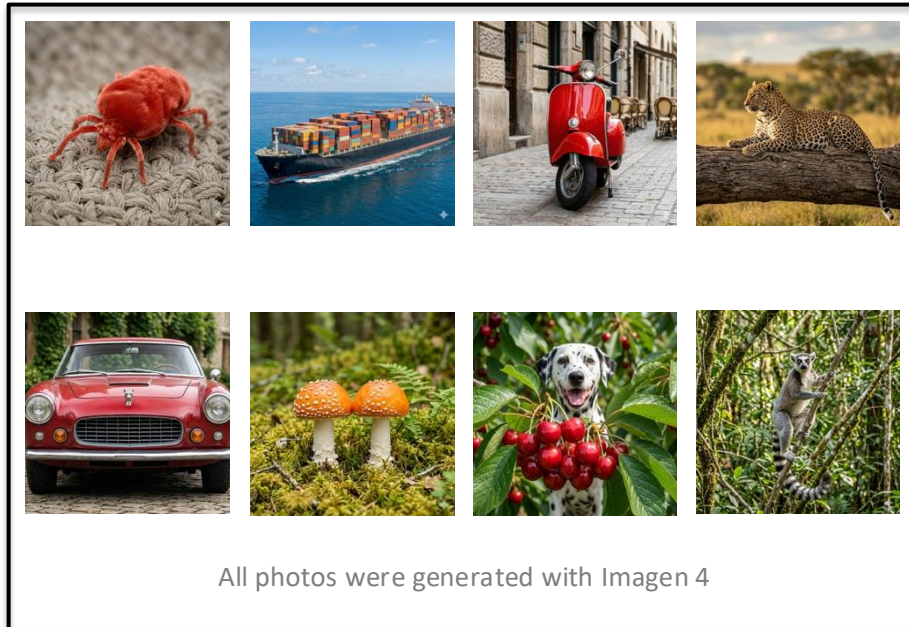
Image Classification (circa 2012)



Image Generation (2026)



Figures copyright Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, 2012. Reproduced with permission.



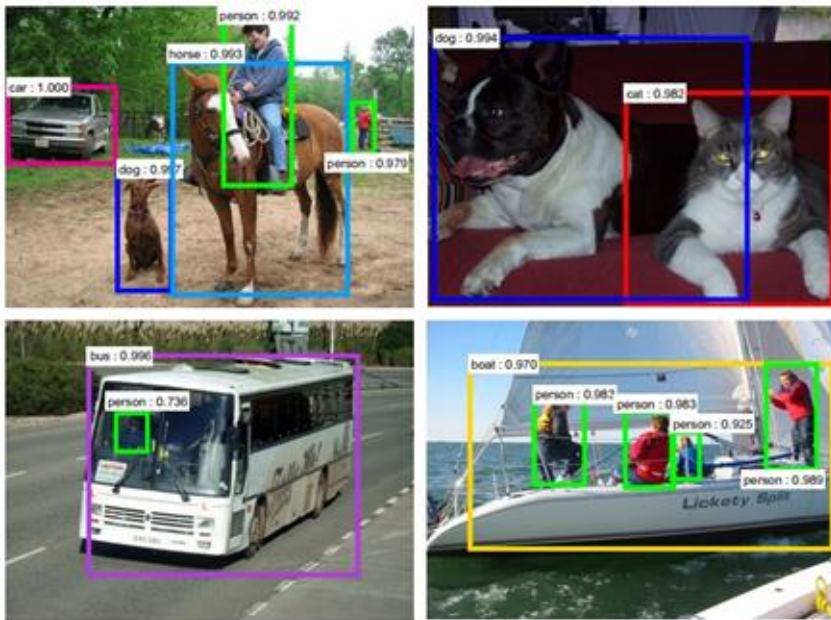
All photos were generated with Imagen 4

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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Object Detection



Faster R-CNN

Ren, He, Girshick, and Sun, NeurIPS 2016

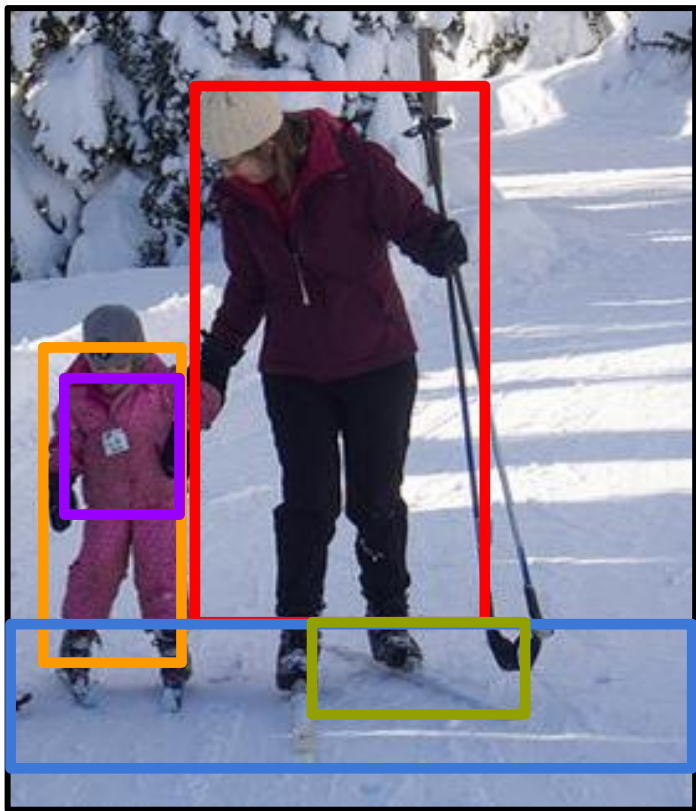
Image Segmentation



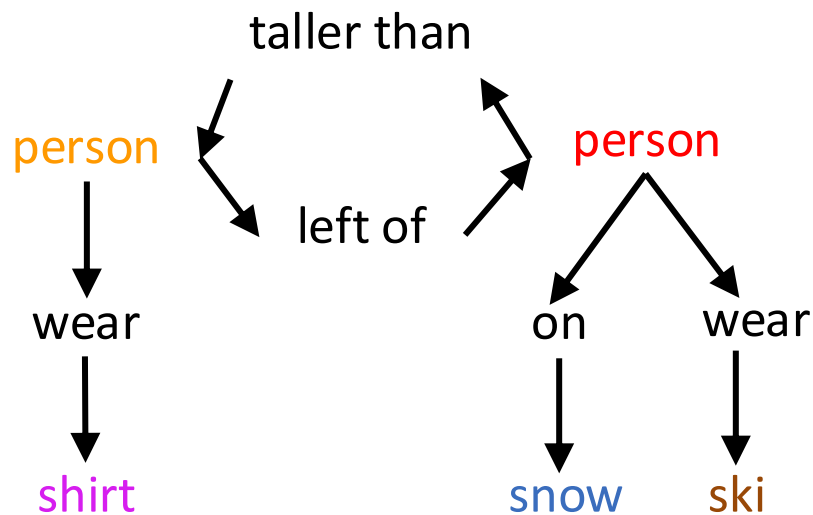
Segment Anything

Kirillov et al, ICCV 2023

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



Results:
spatial, comparative, asymmetrical, verb,
prepositional



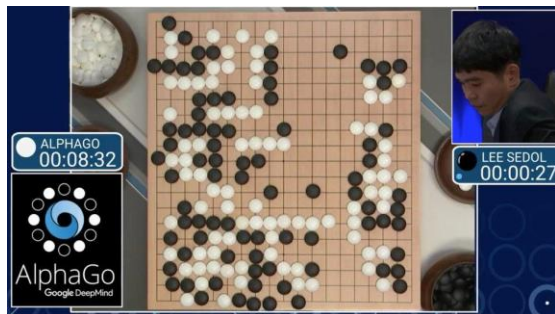
Krishna*, Lu*, Bernstein, Fei-Fei, *ECCV* 2016

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

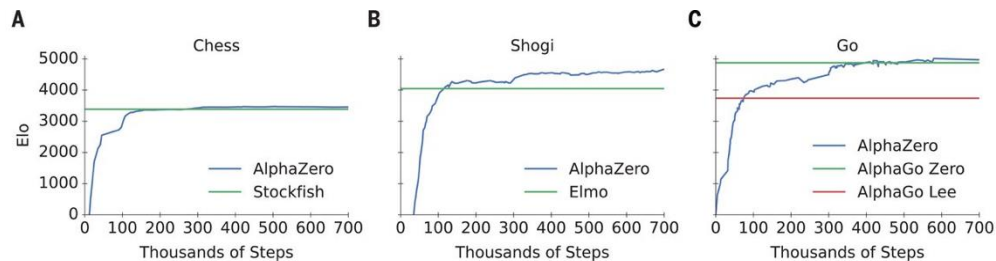
Human Mesh Reconstruction (Goel et al, 2023)



Game Playing (AlphaGo/AlphaZero, Silver et al, 2016 & 2017)



Source: <https://www.bbc.com/news/technology-35785875>



Source: <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1712.01815>

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Early Image Captioning

Vinyals et al, 2015
Karpathy and Fei-Fei, 2015



A white teddy bear sitting in the grass



A man in a baseball uniform throwing a ball



A woman is holding a cat in her hand



A man riding a wave on top of a surfboard



A cat sitting on a suitcase on the floor



A woman standing on a beach holding a surfboard

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<https://pixabay.com/en/11/crease-antique-cat-1693010/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/12/teddy-bear-cute-teddy-bear-1673496/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/13/wave-summer-sport-1668716/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/14/oman-female-model-at-oo-16113411-983967/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/15/abandon-lake-mediation-496008/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/16/suitcase-el-ave-r-sh-arts-top-in-field-1045263/>

Captions generated by Justin Johnson using [NewBalk2](#)

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



A white teddy bear sitting in the grass

Modern Image Captioning – can be much more detailed!

Gemini 3 (2026):

The image features a charming, **cream-colored teddy bear** sitting peacefully in a sunlit grassy field.

Key Details:

The Bear: It has soft, fluffy fur and is wearing a **hand-knitted white sweater** or dress. Its expression is neutral yet sweet, with dark eyes and a stitched brown nose.

The Setting: The bear is positioned in lush green grass dotted with small white **daisies**. One particular daisy appears to be "growing" or resting right on top of the bear's head, giving it a whimsical look.

Lighting: The scene is bright and warm, suggesting a clear, sunny day. The sunlight creates soft shadows and highlights the texture of both the bear's fur and the knitted yarn of its outfit.

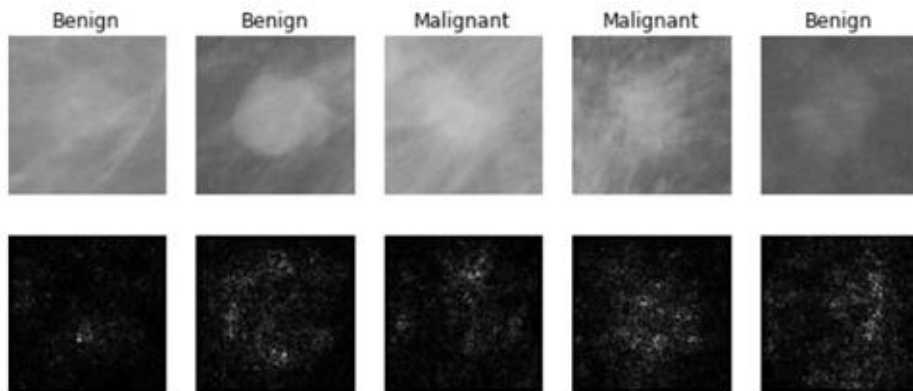
The overall mood is serene, nostalgic, and gentle.

All images are CC0 Public domain:
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<https://pixabay.com/en/teeddy-olish-bears-cute-teddy-bear-1673496/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/auit-wave-summer-seaert-litoral-1668716/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/oman-female-model-at-top-tail-kahik-983967/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/ham-istan-d-lake-meditatio-496098/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/basball-el-ave-r-sh-ortst-in-field-1045263/>

Caption generated by Justin Johnson using [NewBark2](#)

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Medical Imaging



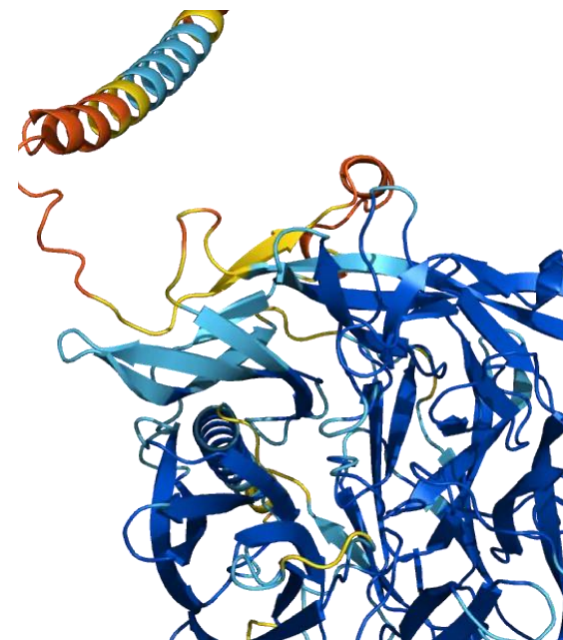
Levy et al, 2016 Figure reproduced with permission

Galaxy Classification



Dieleman et al, 2014

From left to right: [public domain by NASA](#), usage [not permitted](#) by ESA/Hubble, [public domain by NASA](#), and [public domain](#).

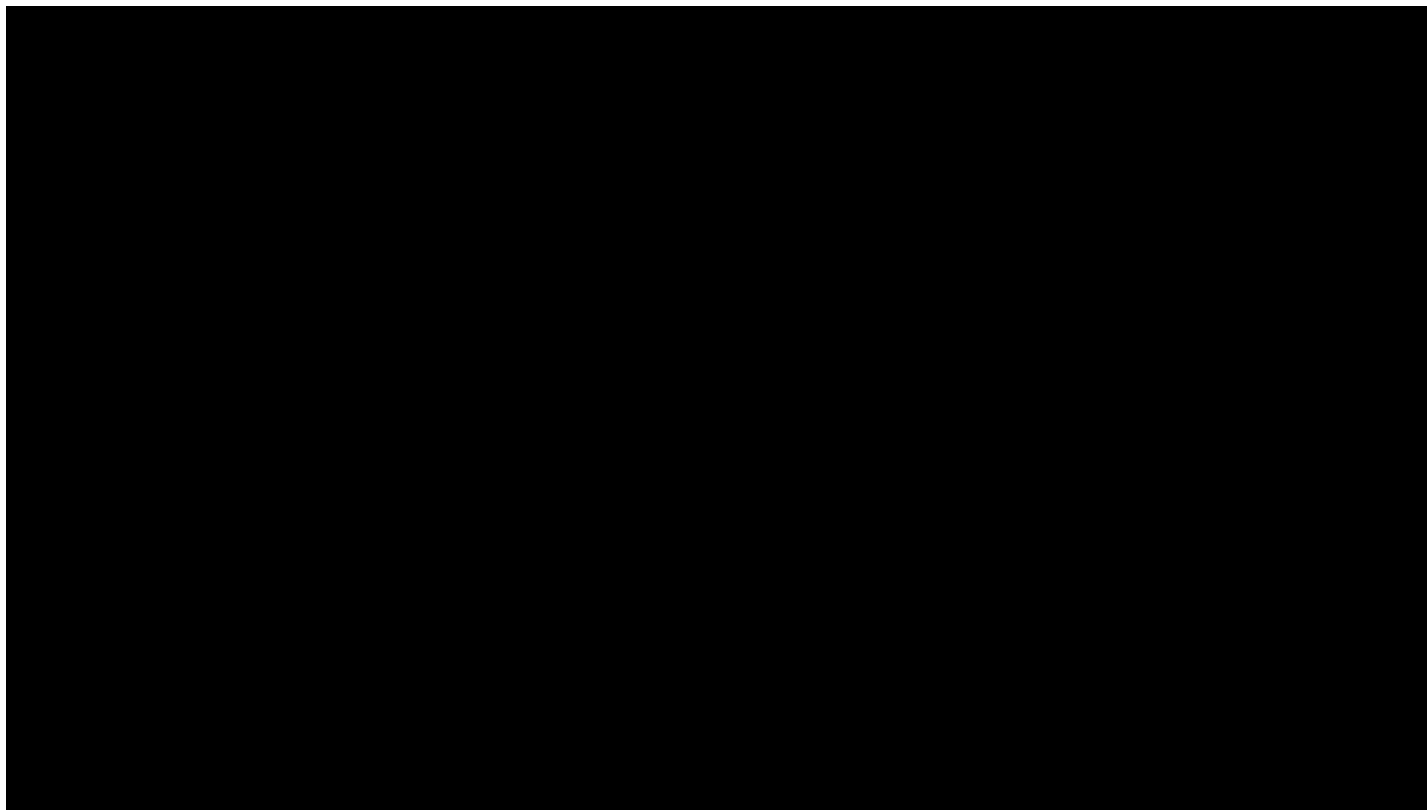


Protein Folding

(Jumper et al 2021)

This image is from the AlphaFold Protein Structure Database ([alphafold.abi.ac.uk](#)) by DeepMind Technologies Limited and EMBL-EBI. It is licensed under CC-BY 4.0.

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere



Karras et al, "Progressive Growing of GANs for Improved Quality, Stability, and Variation", ICLR 2018

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

TEXT PROMPT

an armchair in the shape of an avocado. an armchair imitating an avocado.

AI-GENERATED IMAGES

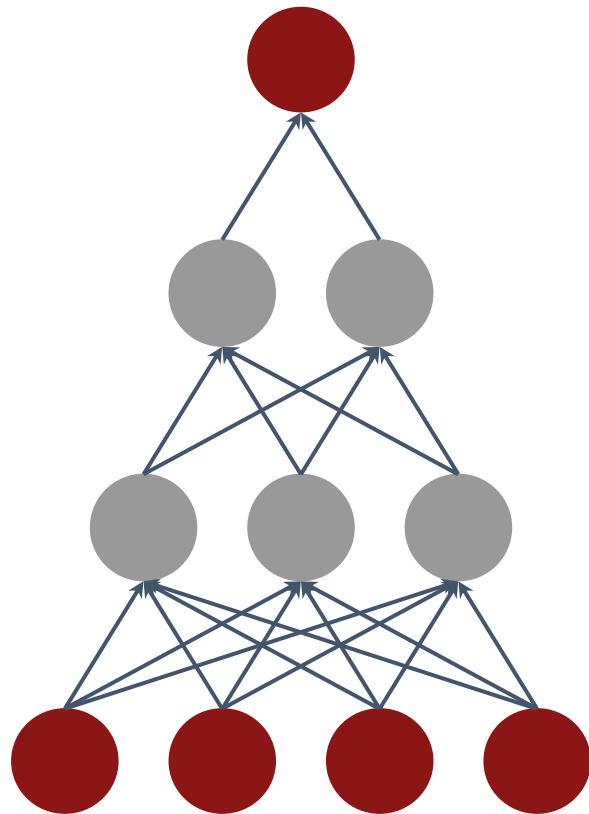


Ramesh et al, "DALL·E: Creating Images from Text", 2021. <https://openai.com/blog/dall-e/>
Remaining images generated by GPT-4o and Imagen 4

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Computation



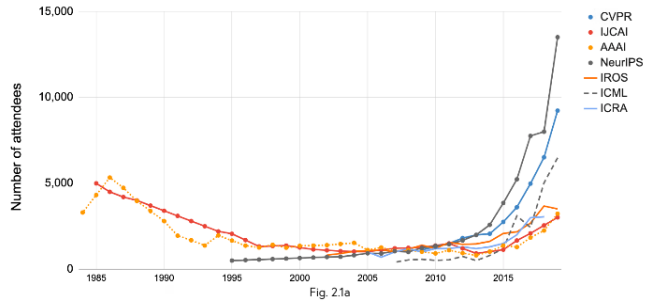
Algorithms



Data

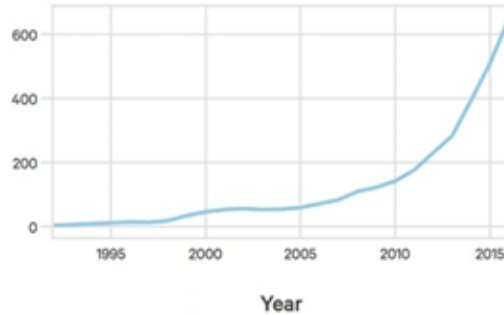
AI's Explosive Growth & Impact

Attendance at large conferences (1984-2019)
Source: Conference provided data.



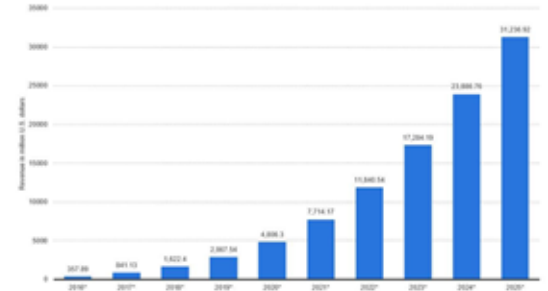
Number of attendance
At AI conferences

Source: The Gradient



Startups Developing AI
Systems

Source: Crunchbase, VentureSource, Sand
Hill Econometrics



Enterprise Application AI
Revenue

Source: Statista

Despite the successes, computer vision still has a long way to go

Visual Intelligence entails

Understanding



















Reasoning

Generation

**Data is critical for
Deep Learning algorithms**

Computer Vision Can Cause Harm

Harmful Stereotypes

Gender Classifier	Darker Male	Darker Female	Lighter Male	Lighter Female	Largest Gap
 Microsoft	94.0% 	79.2% 	100% 	98.3% 	20.8% 
 FACE++	99.3% 	65.5% 	99.2% 	94.0% 	33.8% 
 IBM	88.0% 	65.3% 	99.7% 	92.9% 	34.4% 

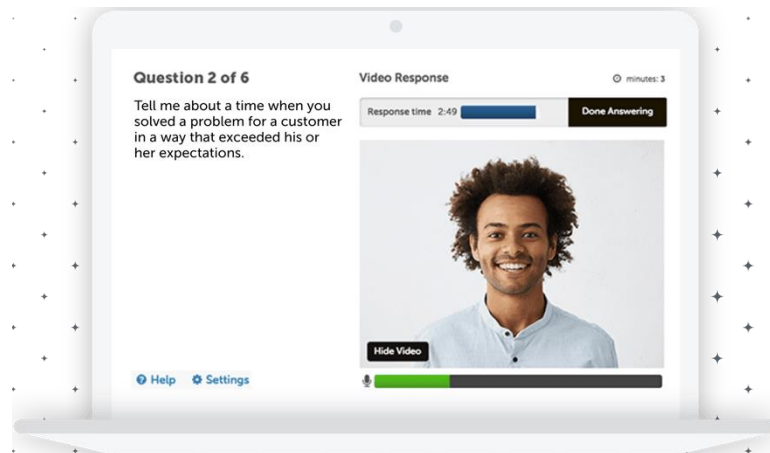


Affect people's lives

Technology

A face-scanning algorithm increasingly decides whether you deserve the job

HireVue claims it uses artificial intelligence to decide who's best for a job. Outside experts call it 'profoundly disturbing.'



Source: <https://www.washingtonpost.com/technology/2019/10/22/ai-hiring-face-scanning-algorithm-increasingly-decides-whether-you-deserve-job/>
<https://www.hirevue.com/platform/online-video-interviewing-software>

Example Credit: Timnit Gebru

Computer Vision Can Save Lives



Hospital

Daily Living Spaces

Intensive Care Unit

Operating Rooms

Patient Rooms

Administrative Space

Senior Care

Chronic Disease Management

Mental Health

Homes

Recognizing Activities from Contactless Sensors using Ambient Intelligence Computer Vision Technology

Computer Vision Can Save Lives

How to take care of seniors while keeping them safe?



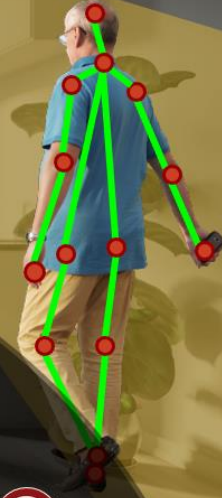
Early Symptom Detection of COVID-19



Monitor Patients with Mild Symptoms



Manage Chronic Conditions



Versatile



Mobility



Infection



Sleep



Diet



Scalable



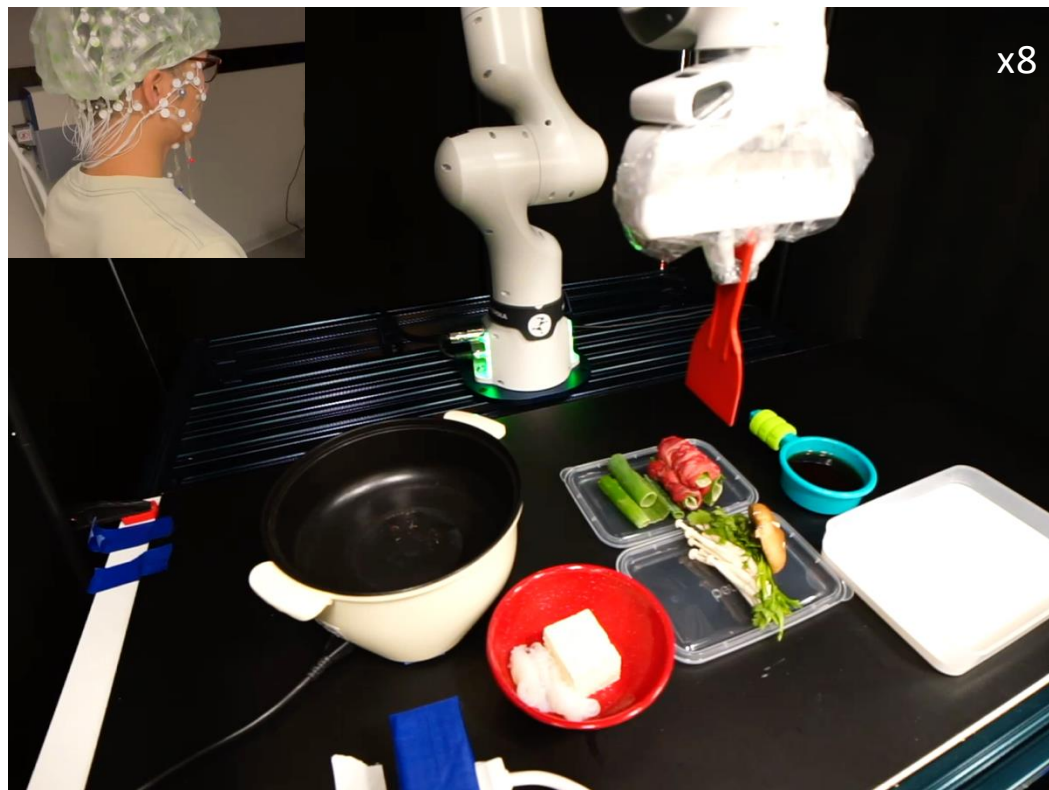
Low-cost



Burden-free







R. Zhang, S. Lee, M. Hwang, A. Hiranaka, C. Wang, W. Ai, J. J. Tan, S. Gupta, Y. Hao, G. Levine, R. Gao, A. Norcia, L. Fei-Fei, J. Wu, *CoRL*, 2023

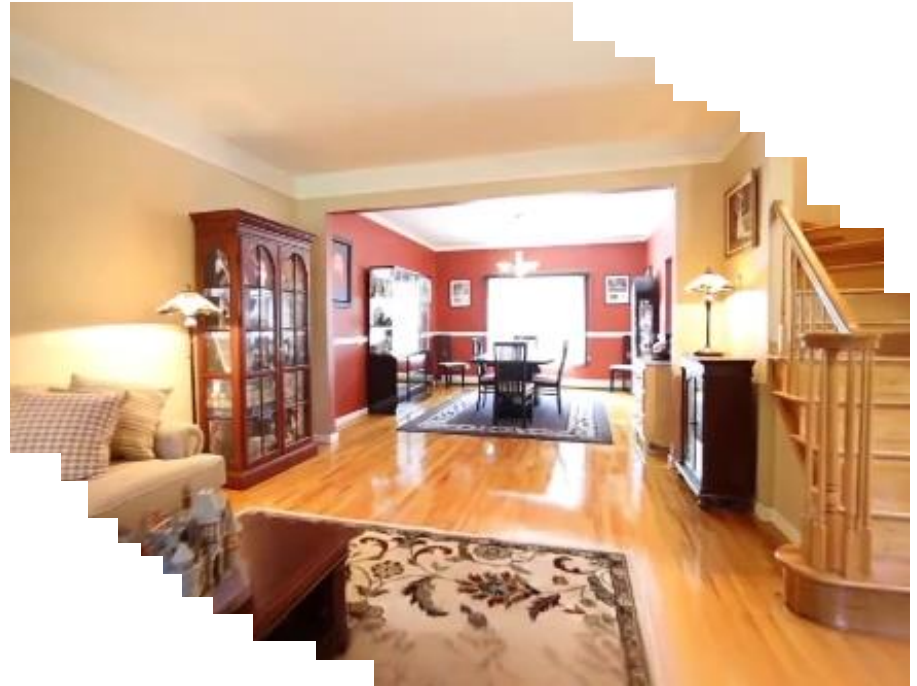
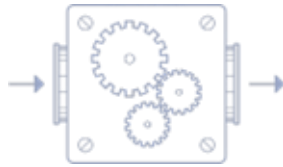
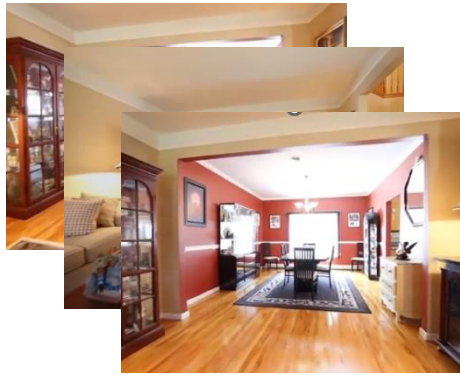




Spatial Intelligence

CATALYZING A VIRTUOUS
CYCLE OF SEEING,
LEARNING & DOING

World Modeling



R Wu, B. Mildenhall, P. Henzler, K. Park, R. Gao, D. Watson, P. Srinivasan, D. Verbin, J. T. Barron, B. Pool, A. Holynski. *arXiv*, 2023; *CVPR*, 2024

And there is a lot we don't know how to do



https://fedandfit.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/06/summer-activities-for-kids_optimized-scaled.jpeg



This image is copyright-free [United States government](#) work

Slide inspiration: Andrej Karpathy

Today's agenda

- A brief history of computer vision & deep learning
- CS231n overview